	Company Registration No. 02607777 (England and Wales)
ASH	HINGDON GARDENS (BLOCK B) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED
	A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
	UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
	FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
	PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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ASHINGDON GARDENS (BLOCK B) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	
Total assets less current liabilities			<u> </u>		_
Members' funds					_
In accordance with section 444 of the Compa preparation of abridged financial statements Groups (Accounts and Directors' Report) Re	pursuant to parag	graph 1A of Schee			ne
The director of the company has elected not statements.	to include a copy	of the income an	d expenditure ac	count within the fina	ancia
For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant com		entitled to exemp	ption from audit u	nder section 480 of	the
The director acknowledges his responsibilitie respect to accounting records and the prepa		•	ents of the Compa	anies Act 2006 with	
The members have not required the companaccordance with section 476.	ny to obtain an aud	dit of its financial :	statements for the	e year in question ir	1
These financial statements have been prepa subject to the small companies regime.	ired and delivered	in accordance w	ith the provisions	applicable to comp	anie
The financial statements were approved and	signed by the dire	ector and authoris	sed for issue on 1	13 December 2021	
S Thomas					
Director					
Company Registration No. 02607777					

ASHINGDON GARDENS (BLOCK B) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Ashingdon Gardens (Block B) Management Company Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 457 Southchurch Road, Southend on Sea, Essex, SS1 2PH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

ASHINGDON GARDENS (BLOCK B) MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised at transaction price.

1.5 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in surplus or deficit immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in surplus or deficit depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

1.6 Taxation

The company is exempt from corporation tax, it being a company not carrying on a business for the purposes of making a profit.

2 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.