Registered number 02607259 England and Wales

# JOHN VINCENT SURVEYS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 1995

Scrutton Bland Chartered Accountants Colchester



**Directors** 

S Booth

K D Gooday S P Owen C Roberts J Tuer

Secretary

K D Gooday

**Registered Office** 

Unit 2E

D'Arcy Business Centre

Llandarcy Neath

West Glamorgan

SA10 6EJ

Registered Number

02607259 England and Wales

**Auditors** 

Scrutton Bland 18 Sir Isaac's Walk

Colchester CO1 1JL

		Pa	ıge	s
Contents	Directors' report		1	
	Preparation of financial statements		2	
	Auditors' report		3	
	Profit and loss account		4	
	Balance sheet		5	
	Notes to the financial statements	6	-	10

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1995.

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of land surveying.

#### **Directors**

The directors, who served the company throughout the year unless otherwise stated, and their beneficial interests in the company's issued ordinary share capital, were as follows:

1994

		<b>メンソエ</b>
		-
K D Gooday	-	-
J Tuer	-	-
C Roberts	2,500	2,500
S Booth	2,500	2,500
S P Owen	2,500	2,500

#### **Auditors**

The auditors, Scrutton Bland, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

# **Accounting exemptions**

Advantage is taken in the preparation of the directors' report of the exemptions applicable to small companies conferred by Part II of Schedule 8 to the Companies Act 1985.

Signed by order of the board of directors

K D Gooday

Secretary

Approved by the board on 18 April 1996

#### PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- ★ select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- \* make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- \* prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JOHN VINCENT SURVEYS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10, which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1995 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies.

SCRUTTON BLAND Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Colchester

18 April 1996

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

	Notes		1994
,		£	Ê
TURNOVER		208,872	189,106
Changes in stocks of finished goods and work in progress		(6,730)	5,637
		202,142	194,743
Staff costs Depreciation (net) Other operating charges		119,126 20,761 46,357	106,987 17,742 54,133
		186,244	178,862
OPERATING PROFIT	2	15,898	15,881
Interest payable		621	884
PROFIT on ordinary activities before taxation		15,277	14,997
TAXATION	3	4,398	4,622
PROFIT for the financial year after taxation		10,879	10,375
DIVIDENDS paid or proposed		5,400	4,800
RETAINED PROFIT for the financial year		5,479	5,575
RETAINED PROFIT at 31 December 1994		7,324	1,749
RETAINED PROFIT at 31 December 1995		£ 12,803	£ 7,324
			Charles Charles

### **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

# TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit or loss for the above two financial years.

### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 1995

	Notes		1994
		£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	4	32,595	28,427
CURRENT ASSETS			14.440
Stocks and work in progress	5 6	7,710 39,387	14,440 47,707
Debtors  Cash at bank and in hand	б	13,348	<i>1,,,</i> ,,,,
Cash at Dank and in hand			
		60,445	62,147
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	7	50,237	52,258
NET CURRENT ASSETS		10,208	9,889
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		42,803	38,316
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	-	718
·		42,803	37,598
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES Deferred taxation	9		274
		£ 42,803	£37,324
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	10	30,000	30,000
Profit and loss account		12,803	7,324
Shareholders' funds-equity interest	12	£ 42,803	£37,324

Advantage is taken in the preparation of the financial statements of the exemptions applicable to small companies conferred by Part I of Schedule 8 to the Companies Act 1985. In the directors' opinion the company is entitled to those exemptions as a small company.

The financial statements were approved by the directors on 18 April 1996

S Booth

K D Gooday

Directors

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### Cash flow

The financial statements do not include a cash flow statement because the company, as a small reporting entity, is exempt from the requirement to prepare such a statement under Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash flow statements".

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of sales and services, net of Value Added Tax.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on plant and machinery etc at reducing balance or straight line methods, at rates varying from 20% to 40%, so as to write off the assets over their anticipated useful lives.

#### Grants

Government grants received are amortised over a period of five years.

#### Stocks and work in progress

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value in the course of normal trading. Work in progress is valued at cost plus profit estimated to have been earned at the balance sheet date, less foreseeable losses up to completion of the contracts and applicable payments on account. Cost includes appropriate overheads.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year. The charge takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounting and taxation purposes. Provision is made for deferred taxation to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is reasonable probability that the liability will arise in the foreseeable future.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

The operating profit is stated after charging:

# 2 OPERATING PROFIT

	1994
	£ £ 3.248 4
I are an disposal of tangible fixed assets	3 248 4

Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	3,248 <b>42</b>
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	17,513 17,700
Amortisation of grant	(1,720) (1,720)
Auditors' remuneration	650 <i>900</i>
Directors' emoluments	63,933 61,581

### 3 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	1994
Based on the profit for the year	£
Corporation tax at 25% (1994 : 25%) Deferred tax	4,672 4,622 (274) -
	£ 4,398 £ 4,622

#### 4 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	07 500
At 1 January 1995	87,509 26,599
Additions Disposals	(18,498)
At 31 December 1995	95,610
Depreciation	59,082
At 1 January 1995	(13,580)
On disposals Charge for year	17,513
At 31 December 1995	63,015
Net book values	
At 31 December 1995	£ 32,595
At 31 December 1994	£ 28,427

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

### 5 STOCKS

		1994
	£	£
Stocks	800	800
Work-in-progress	6,910	13,640
	£7,710	£ 14,440

There is no material difference between the book value of stocks and replacement cost.

#### 6 DEBTORS

	1994
Amounts falling due within one year:	£
Trade debtors	36,435 <b>44</b> ,883
Prepayments and accrued income	2,682 <i>2,824</i>
Amounts owed by holding company	
	£ 39,387 £ 47,707

# 7 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

		1994
	£	£
Bank overdraft	_	7,254
Trade creditors	4,242	4,242
Current corporation tax	4,372	4,372
Advance corporation tax		250
Other taxation and social security payable	24,273	21,055
Other creditors	528	689
Accruals	11,422	9,596
Proposed dividend	5,400	4,800
	£ 50,237	£ 52,258

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

# 8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	199 <del>4</del>
Other creditors	£ - £718

#### 9 DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements and the potential amounts including the amounts for which provision has been made, are as follows:

	Provision	Potential
	1994	1994
Plant and other timing differences	£ - £274	£ - £274

# 10 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

		1994
Authorised: 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 50,000	£ 50,000
Allotted, issued and fully paid: 30,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 30,000	£30,000

#### 11 HOLDING COMPANY

The ultimate holding company is Premier Lime and Stone Company Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1995

# 12 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS ON SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

•	1994
	£
Profit for the financial year after taxation	10,879 10,375
Dividends	(5,400) (4,800)
	5,479 <i>5,57</i> 5
Opening shareholders' funds at 1 January 1995	37,324 31,749
Closing shareholders' funds at 31 December 1995	£ 42,803 £ 37,324

### 13 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 1995, capital expenditure commitments were as follows:

	1994
£	<u>-</u>
£	_ £ -
	£