Registered number: 02600067

SUREINCOME LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

SUREINCOME LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:02600067

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Investment property	4		370,000		350,449
		_	370,000	_	350,449
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	321,743		208,682	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	15,989		-	
	_	337,732		208,682	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(405,443)		(126,567)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets	_		(67,711)		82,115
Total assets less current liabilities		_	302,289		432,564
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-		(197,472)
		-		_	
Net assets		_	302,289	_	235,092
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
nvestment property reserve	10		48,303		28,752
Profit and loss account	10		253,984		206,338
		_	302,289	_	235,092

SUREINCOME LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:02600067

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

T I Wood

T J Wood Director

Date: 19 December 2018

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Called up share capital £	Investment property revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 April 2016	2	28,752	188,962	217,716
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	17,376	17,376
At 1 April 2017	2	28,752	206,338	235,092
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	67,197	67,197
Investment property revaluation	-	19,551	(19,551)	-
At 31 March 2018	2	48,303	253,984	302,289

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

Sureincome Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office is 51 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London WC2A 3NA.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of investment property.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

There are net current liabilities of £67,711 at the year end date. Included in creditors is a bank loan of £197,525 which is currently being renewed on a longer term basis. The director is confident that the company continues to be a going concern, and will provide support as required.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Turnover consists of rental income which is recognised in the period in which it is due provided that:

The amount of rent can be measured reliably; and

It is probable that the company will receive the rent due.

2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

2.7 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by the director and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.11 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2017 - 1).

4. Investment property

		Freehold investment property £
Valuation		
At 1 April 2017		350,449
Surplus on revaluation		19,551
At 31 March 2018		370,000
The 2018 valuations were made by the director, T J Wood, on an open market value for existing use	basis.	
	2018 £	2017 £
Revaluation reserves		
At 1 April 2017	28,752	28,752
Net deficit in movement properties	19,551	-
At 31 March 2018	48,303	28,752
If the Investment properties had been accounted for under the historic cost accounting rules, the p as follows:	roperties would have	e been measured
	2018	2017
	£	£
Historic cost	321,697	321,697
	321,697	321,697

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

5. Debtors		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	10,580	9,361
Other debtors	306,636	194,794
Prepayments and accrued income	4,527	4,527
	321,743	208,682
6. Cash and cash equivalents		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	15,989	-
Bank overdrafts	-	(3,504)
		
	15,989	(3,504)
7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	_	3,504
Bank loans	197,525	3,333
Trade creditors	5,620	3,316
Other taxation and social security	31,662	25,434
Other creditors	42,669	33,393
Accruals and deferred income	127,967	57,587
	405,443	126,567

The bank loan of £197,525 (2017: £200,805) from Shawbrook Bank Limited is secured by fixed and floating charges over the freehold investment property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Bank loans	-	197,472
			197,472
9.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans	197,525	3,333
		197,525	3,333
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	-	197,472
			197,472
		197,525	200,805

10. Reserves

Investment property revaluation reserve

This reserve forms part of the profit and loss reserve representing the non-distributable element arising from the revaluation of investment property, net of deferred tax.

Profit & loss account

This reserve represents the distributable element of the profit and loss reserve.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.