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Green Frog Mechanical Services Limited (formerly J&S Industrial and Domestic Services Limited)

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 May 2019

Company Number 02581744

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	Company Information	·
Directors	M W Jones J W K Taylor A Pokorski	
Registered number	02581744	
Registered office	Unit 6 Ace Business Park Mackadown Lane Birmingham B33 0LD	
Independent auditor	BDO LLP Two Snowhill Birmingham B4 6GA	

Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 May 2019.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of plumbing, heat and air conditioning installation.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £160,561 (2018 - £122,341).

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 May 2019 was £30,000 (2018 - £120,000).

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year and to the date of this report were as follows:

M W Jones A Pokorski (appointed 31 July 2018) J W K Taylor N G Beaumont (resigned 26 September 2018) D T Hall (resigned 31 July 2018)

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor are aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditor, BDO LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 28 FERRUARY 2020

and signed on its behalf.

A Pokorski Director

Directors' Responsibilities Statement For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements of the company in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements of the company for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements of the company in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements of the company unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements of the company, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Green Frog Mechanical Services Limited (formerly J&S Industrial and Domestic Services Limited)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Green Frog Mechanical Services Limited (formerly J&S Industrial and Domestic Services Limited) ("the Company") for the year ended 31 May 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Changes in Equity, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 May 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report and financial statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Green Frog Mechanical Services Limited (formerly J&S Industrial and Domestic Services Limited) (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and
 from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Green Frog Mechanical Services Limited (formerly J&S Industrial and Domestic Services Limited) (continued)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Gareth Singleton (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor

Birmingham United Kingdom

BOO LL

28 FEBRUARY 2020

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

	The state of the s		
	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	4	2,272,237	1,994,705
Cost of sales		(1,665,024)	(1,552,382)
Gross profit		607,213	442,323
Administrative expenses		(408,417)	(290,302)
Operating profit	· 5	198,796	152,021
Tax on profit	7	(38,235)	(29,680)
Profit for the financial year		160,561	122,341

There was no other comprehensive income for 2019 (2018: £NIL).

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number:02581744

Statement of Financial Position As at 31 May 2019

	Note	2019 £	2019 £	2018 £	2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		7,746		10,475
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	476,117		463,882	
Cash at bank and in hand		119,302		126,250	
. *		595,419	-	590,132	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(412,505)		(539,190)	
Net current assets	•		182,914		50,942
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities		_	190,660	. -	61,417
Deferred tax	12		-		(1,318)
Net assets		_ _	190,660	_	60,099
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		100		100
Retained earnings			190,560		59,999
Shareholders' funds		_	190,660	_	60,099

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 February 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

A Pokorski

Director

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

At 1 June 2018	Called up share capital £ 100	Retained earnings £ 59,999	Total equity £ 60,099
Changes in equity		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total comprehensive income	-	160,561	160,561
Dividends	-	(30,000)	(30,000)
At 31 May 2019	100	190,560	190,660

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 May 2018

Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
100	57,658	57,758
•	122,341	122,341
•	(120,000)	(120,000)
100	59,999	60,099
	share capital £ 100 - -	share capital earnings £ £ 100 57,658 - 122,341 - (120,000)

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

1. General information

Green Frog Mechinal Services Limited (formerly J&S Industrial and Domestic Services Limited) is a private limited company incorporated in England under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is shown on the company information page. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities is shown in the Directors' report.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (note 3).

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the company's functional currency, pounds sterling (£).

2.2 Going concern

Based on future cash flow projections for 2020/21 and beyond, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate financial resources to continue to adopt the going concern in preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes or duty.

2.4 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the Income Statement in the period to which they relate.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Motor vehicles - 25% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 20% on cost

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.7 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is provided so as to write down the assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as set out in the company's accounting policy. The selection of these estimated lives requires the exercise of management judgement. Useful lives are regularly reviewed and should management's assessment of useful lives shorten then depreciation charges in the financial statements would increase and carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment would reduce accordingly.

4. Turnover

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

5. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	2,729	11,600
Auditors' remuneration for the audit of the financial statements	7,500	5,390

6. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 8 (2018 - 10).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

Corporation tax Current tax on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of previous periods	2019 £	2018 £
Current tax on profits for the year	-	_
•	-	
·		28,584
	664	· -
Group taxation relief	38,980	-
	39,644	28,584
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(1,409)	1,096
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	38,235	29,680
Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2018 - higher than) the standard the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%). The differences are explained below:	rate of corpo	ration tax ir
	2019 £	2018 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	198,796	152,021
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%)	37,771	28,884
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(279)	81
Tax rate changes	156	99
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	664	616
Deferred tax not recognised	(77)	-
Total tax charge for the year	38,235	29,680

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

7. Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The summer budget on 15 July 2016 announced a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax to 19% with effect from 1 April 2017 and to 18% with effect from 1 April 2020. The Finance Act 2017, enacted on 15 September 2017 further reduces the company's main rate of corporation tax to 17% for years commencing 1 April 2020. This will reduce the company's future current tax accordingly. Deferred tax has been calculated at 17%.

8. Dividends

		2019 £	2018 £
Dividends paid on equity share capital	·	30,000	120,000
9. Tangible fixed assets			
	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost			•
At 1 June 2018 and 31 May 2019	23,878	17,676	41,554
Depreciation			
At 1 June 2018	23,878	7,201	31,079
Charge for the year	-	2,729	2,729
At 31 May 2019	23,878	9,930	33,808
Net book value			
At 31 May 2019	-	7,746	7,746
At 31 May 2018	-	10,475	10,475

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

10.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade debtors	793	186,757
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	124,676	-
	Other debtors	64,006	34,928
	Prepayments and accrued income	11,920	10,651
	Amounts recoverable on contracts	274,631	231,546
	Deferred taxation	91	-
		476,117	463,882
11.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2019 £	2018 £
	Trade creditors	157,105	181,281
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	38,025	112,974
	Corporation tax	68,228	28,584
	Other taxation and social security	35,441	99,093
	Other creditors	8,288	1,120
	Accruals and deferred income	105,418	116,138
		412,505	539,190

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

12.	Deferred taxation		
			2019 £
	At beginning of year		1,318
	Charged to profit or loss		(1,409)
	At end of year		(91)
	The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Fixed asset timing differences	873	1,318
	Short term timing differences	(964)	-
		(91)	1,318
13.	Share capital		
		2019	2018
	Allotted collection and fully maid	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
			

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

14. Related party transactions

The following balance with related parties owed by the company is included within trade creditors:

	2019 £	2018 £
Green Frog Power Limited	979	13,072

The following balances with group undertakings owed by the company are included within creditors:

	2019 £	2018 £
Green Frog Gas Utilities Limited		22,061
GFPII Limited	38,025	62,328
	38,025	84,389

The following balances with group undertakings owed to the company are included within debtors:

•	2019	2018
	£	£
Green Frog Gas Utilities Limited	124,676	-

15. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Green Frog Gas Utilities Limited, a limited company incorporated in England and Wales. At the year end, the company was included in the consolidated GFPII Limited financial statements which can be obtained from the Company Secretary, Green Frog Gas Utilities, Unit 14 Capitol Park, Pearce Way, Tuffley, Gloucester, GL2 5YD.

The directors considered the ultimate controlling party to be InfraRed Capital Partners (Management) LLP which is the parent undertaking of the group in which the general partner of each of the several partnerships constituting InfraRed Environmental Infrastructure fund exists.

On 6 February 2020 the company's immediate parent undertaking, Green Frog Gas Utilities Limited, entered into a Share Buyback Agreement to re-purchase 650 £1 Ordinary shares from GFPII Limited. At the date of signing this report there is no ultimate controlling party.