Company Registration No. 02558517 (England and Wales)
AL MANDINE (LECTURE)
ALMANDINE (U.K.) LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

## **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016	2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		29,468		31,573	
Current assets						
Debtors	4	471,822		440,965		
Cash at bank and in hand		14,519		17,995		
		486,341		458,960		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	5	(27,167)		(29,295)		
year	3	(27,107)				
Net current assets			459,174		429,665	
Total assets less current liabilities			488,642		461,238	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(13,618)		(16,238)	
Net assets			475,024 ======		445,000	
O a Walt and a second						
Capital and reserves	_		4.000		4.000	
Called up share capital	7		1,000		1,000	
Profit and loss reserves			474,024 ———		444,000	
Total equity			475,024		445,000	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

## AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 September 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

S Tomas

Director

Company Registration No. 02558517

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Almandine (U.K.) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is .

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 20% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, assets are allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

#### 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### 1.8 Employee benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

## 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 5 (2015 - 5).

## 3 Tangible fixed assets

J	rangible lixed assets	Plant and ma	Plant and machinery etc	
	Cost		£	
	At 1 January 2016		143,555	
	Additions		6,387	
	At 31 December 2016		149,942	
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 January 2016		111,982	
	Depreciation charged in the year		8,492	
	At 31 December 2016		120,474	
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 December 2016		29,468	
	At 31 December 2015		31,573	
4	Debtors			
		2016	2015	
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£	
	Amounts due from group undertakings	4,590	4,590	
	Other debtors	467,232	436,375	
		471,822	440,965	
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2016	2015	
		£	£	
	Trade creditors	<u>-</u>	623	
	Corporation tax	7,954	8,600	
	Other taxation and social security	12,883	11,689	
	Other creditors	6,330	8,383	
		27,167	29,295	
			====	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	·	2016	2015
		£	£
	Other creditors	13,618	16,238
7	Called up share capital		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000

### 8 Parent company

Almandine (UK) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Almandine Corporation SA, a company incorporated in Switzerland.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.