DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

Eni House
10 Ebury Bridge Road
LONDON SW1W 8PZ

Registered Number: 02556415

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DIRECTORS AND REGISTERED OFFICE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

F Castiglioni M Talamonti N Keenan

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICE

F Dal Bello Eni House 10 Ebury Bridge Road LONDON SW1W 8PZ

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS AND STATUTORY AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 32 Albyn Place ABERDEEN AB10 1YL

REGISTERED IN ENGLAND NO: 02556415

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2009

Principal activity

The company has interests in a number of onshore US production leases

The operational performance of the company during the year was satisfactory and management anticipates that this will continue to be the status in the coming year

Results for the year

The results for the year are set out on page 7 of the financial statements. A loss after tax for the year ended 31 December 2009 of £21,000 was transferred to reserves (2008 profit after tax - £301,000 was transferred to reserves)

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2008 - £nil)

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks

The directors manage these risks at a group level in conjunction with the ultimate UK parent company, Eni UK Limited For this reason, the directors believe that a discussion of the company's risks would not be appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of its business. The principal risks and uncertainties of the ultimate parent company and its subsidiaries, including those of the company, are discussed in the directors' report of Eni S p A

Key performance indicators

Key performance indicators are established each year in a business plan which covers a number of strategic, operational, HSE and finance objectives for the operations of the Eni Group in the United Kingdom. The business plan is approved at Eni Group level, and key performance indicators of the Eni Group are disclosed in the Eni S p A. Group annual report, which is publicly available.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no events after the balance sheet date

Directors

The present directors of the company are listed on page 1 and have held office throughout the year with the following exceptions

- L Lusuriello resigned as director on 15 June 2009
- J Michell resigned as director on 22 January 2010
- F Castiglioni was appointed as director on 15 June 2009
- N Keenan was appointed as director on 22 January 2010

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors Interests

The directors are aware of their duties under sections 171 to 177 of the Companies Act 2006. In performing their duties during the year, the directors acted having regard to those matters considered under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006. Furthermore, the directors do not have any related-party transactions and actual or potential interest in proposed transactions to declare other than by virtue of their directorships in other affiliated group companies.

Financial instruments

Details on the use of financial instruments and financial risk management are included in the relevant notes in the financial statements

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. In preparing these financial statements, the directors have also elected to comply with IFRSs, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable IFRSs as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Provision of information to auditors

Each director, as at the date of this report, has confirmed that insofar as they are aware there is no relevant audit information (that is, information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Elective Regime

Elective resolutions pursuant to the Companies Act 1985 (as amended), to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors on an annual basis, with the requirement to hold Annual General Meetings and to lay accounts before the company at general meetings, were passed prior to 1 October 2007. These provisions became the default position under the Companies Act 2006.

Auditors

Due to the Eni Group policy of rotating auditors every nine years, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will not be re-appointed Following a formal tender process by the Eni Group, Ernst & Young LLP were selected as their replacement Ernst & Young indicated their willingness to act and their appointment will be proposed at the next directors' Meeting/General Meeting

By order of the Board

F Dal Bello Secretary

18 March 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Independent auditors' report to the members of Eni BBI Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Eni BBI Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the Income Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Statement of Change in Shareholder's Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss and cash flows for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Mark Higginson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Aberdeen

18 March 2010

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Notes	2008 £'000	2009 £'000
Other income	3	156	94
Total revenue		156	94
Foreign exchange (losses) / gains	4	230	(86)
Other expenses	5	(85)	(29)
Operating (loss) / profit		301	(21)
Taxation	6		
(Loss) / profit for the year	_	301	(21)

The current and prior year results have been derived solely from continuing operations

The company has not disclosed a statement of comprehensive income as there were no changes in equity during the period, other than changes resulting from transactions with owners in their capacity as owners

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Share Capital £'000	Retained Deficit £'000	Shareholders' Total Equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2008	1,200	(657)	543
Profit for the year		301	301
Balance at 31 December 2008	1,200	(356)	844
Loss for the year		(21)	(21)
Balance at 31 December 2009	1,200	(377)	823

ENI BBI LIMITED (Registered Number: 02556415)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	911	879
Total assets	_	911	879
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8 _	67	56_
Total liabilities	_	67	56
Shareholders' equity			
Ordinary shares	9	1,200	1,200
Retained deficit	10 _	(356)	(377)
Total shareholders' equity funds		844	823
Total shareholders' equity and liability	_	911	879

The financial statements from page 7 to 15 were approved by the Board on 18 March 2010

On behalf of the Board

M Talamonti Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

Cash flow from operating activities	Notes	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000
Net (loss) / profit		301	(21)
Adjustments for. Increase/(decrease) in payables	8	30	(11)
Cash generated (used in)/from continuing operations		331	(32)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		331	(32)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		580	911
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	7	911	879

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below

General Information

The company is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in the UK

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as adopted by the European Union, IFRIC Interpretations and the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

- Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2009 but not relevant
- IFRS 2, 'Amendment to vesting conditions and cancellations',
- o IFRS 8, 'Operating segments', and
- o IAS 32, 'Amendment puttable financial instruments'
- The company has adopted the following new and amended IFRSs as of 1 January 2009
- o IFRS 7, 'Financial instruments Disclosures' (amendment) effective 1 January 2009,
- o IAS 1 (revised), 'Presentation of financial statements' effective 1 January 2009, and
- IAS 23 (Amendment), 'Borrowing costs' This amendment had no impact on the financial statements
- Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the company
- IAS 38 (amendment), 'Intangible Assets',
- o IFRS 5 (amendment), 'Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations', and
- IAS 1 (amendment), 'Presentation of financial statements'
- Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and not relevant for the company's operations
- IFRS 2 (amendments), 'Group cash-settled share-based payment transaction' (effective from 1 January 2010),
- IFRS 3 (revised), 'Business combinations' (effective from 1 July 2009),
- o IAS 27 (revised), 'Consolidated and separate financial statements' (effective from 1 July 2009), and
- o IFRIC 17, 'Distribution of non-cash assets to owners' (effective on or after 1 July 2009)

Financial instruments

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Foreign currencies

The company's functional currency is US Dollars and presentation currency is sterling

Transactions denominated in a foreign currency are converted to sterling at rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting exchange gains or losses are recognised in the income statement. The year-end exchange rate of GBP Sterling to US Dollar is 0 6165 (2008 – 0 6844).

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when the amount can be reliably measured, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company

Other income

Other income comprises revenue from the provision of services, and other miscellaneous income. This income is recognised when the services are provided

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include the company's current bank accounts and short-term deposits. Deposits held with the Eni Coordination Center S A are included in this classification.

Related party transactions

The company has complied with the requirements of International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 24 - Related party transactions in these financial statements. Transactions with related parties are disclosed in each relevant note.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Parent undertakings

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Eni UK Limited

The company's ultimate parent undertaking, Eni S p A a company incorporated in Italy, will produce consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 which will be available from Eni S p A - Exploration & Production Division, Direzioni e Uffici, Via Emilia 1, 20097, San Donato Milanese, PO Box 12069, (20100) Milano

The parent company of the largest and smallest group into which the company is consolidated is Eni S p A

2 Directors and employee information

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year (2008 - £nil) and the company had no employees (2008 - nil)

3 Other income

	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000
Third parties	156	94
4 Foreign exchange (losses) / gains		
	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000
Foreign exchange losses Third parties	(20)	(90)
Foreign exchange gains Third parties	250	4_
	230	(86)
5 Other expenses		
	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000
Third parties	85	29

This year and last year's auditors' remuneration was borne by Eni UK Limited For the purpose of disclosure, a fair allocation of the audit fee to the company would be £500 (2008 - £ 462)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6 Taxation

The tax effect of the profit at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 - 28 5%) is explained below

	2008 £'000	2009 £'000
Profit before taxation	301	(21)
Taxation on (loss) / profit @ 28% (2008 – 28 5%) Group relief surrendered / (claimed) for no consideration	86 (86)	(6) 6
Total tax charge for the period		

The company has agreed to surrender, for no consideration, taxable losses under Section 402 Taxes Act 1988, to other group companies to cover UK taxable profits of the group for the year

7 Cash and cash equivalents

	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000
Third parties	911	879
Trade and other payables		
	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000
Trade payables third parties Affiliate Companies	- 67	3 53
Eni Australia Limited	67	56

9 Share capital

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	Authorised			Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	2008 Number	2009 Number	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000,000	5,000,000	1,200	1,200	

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for the shareholder and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to its shareholder.

The company regularly reviews its capital structure on the basis of its expected capital requirements in order to achieve the defined strategic objectives and manages its capital accordingly

The company's capital structure fully satisfies its capital requirements and has no necessity or intention of altering the current position

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

0 Retained deficit		
	2008 £ '000	2009 £ '000
At 1 January (Loss) / profit for the year	(657) 301	(356) (21)
At 31 December 2009	(356)	(377)