Company registered no: 02554441 (England and Wales)

# Alpha-Omega (Travel) Limited Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2019



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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr J Pherous

Mr S Fleming (Resigned 27 March 2020)

Ms D Carling

Secretary Mr S Fleming (Resigned 6 November 2018)

Company number 02554441

Registered office Shire House

Humboldt Street Bradford BD1 5HQ

Independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

The Portland Building

25 High Street Crawley West Sussex RH10 1BG

# STRATEGIC REPORT For the year ended 30 June 2019

The directors present the strategic report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019.

#### Fair review of the business

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end are considered satisfactory by the directors.

# Principal risks and uncertainties

As the company is an intermediate holding company, the main risk and uncertainty is the future performance of the trading subsidiary, as any downturn in performance may affect the carrying value of the investment.

#### Key performance indicators

Given that the company does not trade the directors are of the opinion that further analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the company.

# Financial risk management

As the company does not trade it does not use financial instruments as part of its financial risk management.

On behalf of the board

D. Carling

Director

Date 19 June 2020

# DIRECTORS REPORT For the year ended 30 June 2019

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019.

# Principal activities and future developments

The company is intermediate holding company and is not expected to trade in the foreseeable future.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

- Mr J Pherous
- Mr S Fleming (Resigned 27 March 2020)
- Ms D Carling

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 8.

An interim ordinary dividend was paid amounting to £8,200,000 (2018: £nil). The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

### **Independent Auditors**

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

# Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

D. Carling
Director

Date 19 June 2020

# Directors' responsibilities statement for the year ended 30 June 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements:
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Alpha-Omega (Travel) Limited

# Report on the audit of the financial statements

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, Alpha-Omega (Travel) Limited's financial statements:

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended:

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and

have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual report and financial statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 30 June 2019; the income statement and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

# Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

# Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2019 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

# Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

#### Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

### Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

# Other required reporting

# Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Ian Dudley (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Gatwick

19 June 2020

# INCOME STATEMENT For the year ended 30 June 2019

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2019 £	Year ended 30 June 2018 £
Income from shares in group undertakings	4	8,200,000	
Profit result before taxation		8,200,000	-
Tax on profit result	5		
Profit result for the financial year		8,200,000	
Total comprehensive income for the year		8,200,000	-

The income statement has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

# BALANCE SHEET As at 30 June 2019

	Notes	2019	2018
Fixed assets		£	£
Investments	7	338,979	338,979
Current assets			
Debtors	9	4,000,000	-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(4,000,000)	-
Net current assets		•	
Total assets less current liabilities		338,979	338,979
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	50,000	50,000
Capital redemption reserve		2,500	2,500
Profit and loss account		286,479	286,479
Total equity		338,979	338,979

The financial statements on pages 8 to 14 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 June 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

D. Carling
Director

Company Registration No: 02554441

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 30 June 2019

	Note	Called up Share Capital	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
		£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 July 2017		50,000	2,500	286,479	338,979
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2018		50,000	2,500	286,479	338,979
Balance at 1 July 2018		50,000	2,500	286,479	338,979
Profit and total comprehensive					
income for the financial year		-	-	8,200,000	8,200,000
Dividends	6	-	-	(8,200,000)	(8,200,000)
Balance at 30 June 2019		50,000	2,500	286,479	338,979

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 30 June 2019

# 1. Accounting policies

#### Company information

Alpha-Omega (Travel) Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Shire House, Humboldt Street, Bradford BD1 5HQ.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS102) and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below and consistently applied.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated financial statements. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of A.I.T Travel Limited and of its ultimate parent. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Corporate Travel Management Limited which are publically available. Consequently the company is a qualifying entity as per FRS 102 and has taken the advantage of the disclosure exemptions of FRS 102, Section 1, paragraph 1.12(a) reconciliation of the number of share outstanding at the beginning and end of the period, 1.12(b) statement of cash flows, 1.12(c) financial instruments, 1.12(d) certain share based payment disclosures and 1.12(e) key management compensation in total.

### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### 1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

# Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

# Accounting polices (continued)

# 1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# 2. Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual estimates. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

# (a) Impairment of investments

The Company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of investments. When assessing impairment of investments, management considers factors such as the underlying value of net assets and historical experience.

# 3. Employees

The company has no employees other than the directors (2018: none). There were no emoluments paid by the Company to, or in respect of, directors for their services during the year (2018: £nil).

# 4. Income from shares in group undertakings

meonie from shares in group undertakings	Year ended 30 June · 2019	Year ended 30 June 2018
	£	£
Income from shares in group undertakings	8,200,000	

# Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

# 5. Tax on profit result on ordinary activities

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit result per the profit and loss account as follows;

	Year ended 30 June 2019	Year ended 30 June 2018
	£	£
Profit result before taxation	8,200,000	
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018:19%)	1,558,000	-
Dividend income	(1,558,000)	
Tax expense for the year	-	

As the company did not trade, no tax liability has arisen.

The tax rate for the current year remains the same as the prior year, the UK corporation tax rate, decreased from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017.

# 6. Dividends

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June	30 June
	2019	2018
	£	£
Interim paid	8,200,000	-

# Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

7.	Investments			
			2019	2018
			£	£
	Investments in subsidiaries		338,979	338,979
				Shares in
				group
				undertakings
				£
	Cost or valuation at 1 July 2018 and 20 June 2	2019		338,979
				330,979
	Carrying amount			
	As at 30 June 2019			338,979
	As at 30 June 2018			338,979
	The directors believe that the carrying value of the assets and results of the group.	investment is supp	ported by the und	derylying net
8.	Subsidiaries			
V.	These financial statements are separate co (Travel) Limited.	ompany financial	statements fo	r Alpha-Omega
	Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2	019 are as follows	:	
	Name of undertaking and country of	Nature of	Class of	
	incorporation or residency	business	shareholding	% Held direct
	Corporate Travel Management (North) Limited	Travel agent	Ordinary	100
9.	Debtors			
			2019	2018
			2019 £	2016 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		4,000,000	-
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			

# Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

### 10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,000,000	-

Amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured, carry interest between 0% and 2.98% (2018: between 0% and 2.98%), have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

#### Called up share capital

### C

Ordinary share capital		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Issued and fully paid		
50,000 (2018: 50,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000

#### 12. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking of the company is A.I.T. Travel Limited, incorporated in England and Wales, whose registered office One Carter Lane, London, United Kingdom, EC4V 5ER. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party of this company is Corporate Travel Management Limited, incorporated in Australia, whose registered office is Level 24 307 Queen-Street, Brisbane, Queensland, 4000, Australia. Corporate Travel Management Limited is the largest and smallest group of undertakings for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up.

# Events occurring after the reporting period

In March 2020, the World Health Organisation declared the outbreak of a new coronavirus, COVID-19, as a global pandemic. As a result of global travel restrictions and government lockdowns, the outbreak has had a material impact on trading within the Corporate Travel Management Limited Group "the Group". Whilst the ultimate impact of the outbreak remains unknown, and with no clear indications of when international travel will return to normal, the Directors' continue to closely monitor the situation. The Group has provided confirmation to the Directors' that they will provide the necessary support for a period of at least one year from the date of these financial statements. The Directors' have taken appropriate steps to understand the action taken by the Group to ensure they have the ability to provide the support during the period that has been promised. As a result of these steps, the Directors' believe both the Group and therefore the Company have sufficient resources and ability to withstand the impact.