REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

**FOR** 

ROMANYS PROPERTIES LIMITED

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# ROMANYS PROPERTIES LIMITED

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

**DIRECTORS:** M L R Pindolia K M L Pindolia

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 51 Brewer Street

Soho London W1F 9UQ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 02540078 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Sterling

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 505 Pinner Road

Harrow Middlesex HA2 6EH

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of investment in properties.

#### **DIRECTOR**

B M Pindolia held office from 1 January 2018 until after 31 December 2018 but prior to the date of this report.

M L R Pindolia and K M L Pindolia were appointed as directors after 31 December 2018 but prior to the date of this report.

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M L R Pindolia - Director

14 August 2019

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ROMANYS PROPERTIES LIMITED

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Romanys Properties Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ROMANYS PROPERTIES LIMITED

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and
- take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

# Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Dilipkumar Doshi FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Sterling Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 505 Pinner Road Harrow Middlesex HA2 6EH

19 August 2019

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		31/12/18	31/12/17
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		298,907	285,466
Administrative expenses		185,839	200,634
		113,068	84,832
Other operating income		<u>-</u>	13,793
OPERATING PROFIT	3	113,068	98,625
Fair Value Gains and Losses	4	_(74,108)	134,425
		38,960	233,050
Interest payable and similar expenses		82,100	76,762
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATI	ON	(43,140)	156,288
Tax on (loss)/profit	5	20,051_	9,200
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCY YEAR	CIAL	(62.101)	147.000
TEAR		(63,191)	147,088
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCO		<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	ME	(63,191)	147,088
IDIN			

# **BALANCE SHEET** 31 DECEMBER 2018

			31/12/18		31/12/17
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	6		532,678		418,769
Investment property	7		6,170,000		6,170,000
			6,702,678		6,588,769
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8	102,265		153,515	
Cash at bank		31,856		52,391	
		134,121		205,906	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	9	180,446		177,553	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(46,325)		28,353
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			6,656,353		6,617,122
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	10		(4,451,758)		(4,363,502)
PROVISIONS FOR LARBINITIES	10		(051,007)		(007.740)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	12		(851,906)		(837,740)
NET ASSETS			1,352,689		1,415,880
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	13		20,000		20,000
Fairvalue reserves			4,584,301		4,584,301
Capital contribution	14		394,835		394,835
Retained earnings			(3,646,447)		(3,583,256)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,352,689		1,415,880
SHAREHOLDERS PUNDS			1,334,009		1,712,000

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 14 August 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

M L R Pindolia - Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Fairvalue reserves £	Capital contribution	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2017	20,000	(3,686,032)	4,369,065	565,759	1,268,792
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	_	102,776	215,236	(170,924)	147,088
Balance at 31 December 2017	20,000	(3,583,256)	4,584,301	394,835	1,415,880
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(63,191)	-	<u>-</u>	(63,191)
Balance at 31 December 2018	20,000	(3,646,447)	4,584,301	394,835	1,352,689

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents rental income receivable, excluding value added tax. The rent is recognised when the company has the right to consideration.

### **Investment property**

Investment property whose fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort shall be measured at fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Where the investment property can not be measured without undue cost or effort, it will be measured at cost.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

#### **Equity investments**

Equity investments are recognised initially at fair value which is normally the transaction price. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value through profit or loss account.

# Financial instruments

# Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

In accordance with FRS 102, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- they include no contractual obligations upon the company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the company; and
- where the instrument will or may be settled in the company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

## Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Interest-bearing borrowings classified as basic financial instruments

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose only of the cash flow statement.

# 2. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2017 - 2)

Directors remuneration during the year was £65,000 (2017 - £60,000)

## 3. **OPERATING PROFIT**

4.

The operating profit is stated after charging:

Auditors' remuneration	<u>5,325</u>	<u>4,000</u>
FAIR VALUE GAINS AND LOSSES		
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Shares in subsidiary	106,146	110,349
Investment properties	-	195,000
F.V. gain/ loss on amount owed to/ by Moolsons Holdings Limited	(188,017)	(170,924)

Fair value gain on shares in subsidiary is reversal of impairment due to change in net asset position of Romanys Limited.

Fair value gain on investment properties is on account of increase in the value of investment property valued at year end by the management.

Fair value loss on amount owed to Moolsons Holdings Limited is reversal of yearly discounting adopted to arrive at present value on transitions to FRS 102.

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31/12/18

31/12/17

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

# 5. TAXATION

# Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the loss for the year was as follows:

The tax charge on the loss for the year was as follows:	31/12/18 £	31/12/17 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	5,884	1,553
Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit	$\frac{14,167}{20,051}$	$\frac{7,647}{9,200}$

Deferred tax is composed of £-6,044 on change in fair value of investment property and £20,167 on change in fair value of investment in shares of subsidiary.

# 6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in
	group
	undertakings
	£
COST	
At 1 January 2018	418,769
Reversal of impairments	113,909
At 31 December 2018	532,678
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2018	532,678
At 31 December 2017	418,769

The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

# **Romanys Limited**

Registered office: 51 Brewer Street, Soho, London, W1F 9UQ Nature of business: Suppliers of bathrooms and allied products.

holding	
100.00	
31/12/18	31/12/17
£	£
532,678	327,638
205,040	50,606
	31/12/18 £ 532,678

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%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

7.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		Total
	EMBANANE		£
	FAIR VALUE		
	At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018		6 170 000
	NET BOOK VALUE	_	6,170,000
	At 31 December 2018		6,170,000
	At 31 December 2017	_	6,170,000
	At 31 December 2017	_	0,170,000
	Fair value at 31 December 2018 is represented by:		
			£
	Valuation in 2014		500,000
	Valuation in 2015		255,000
	Valuation in 2016		220,000
	Valuation in 2017		195,000
	Cost		5,000,000
		_	6,170,000
	Investment property was valued by the management at £6,170,000 which was confirmed by provided by Gerald Eve LLP (Chartered Surveyors, RICS) on 19 April 2018.	y desktop valuation	
8.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31/12/18	31/12/17
		£	£
	Trade debtors	18,585	8,730
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	82,848	142,848
	Other debtors	832	1,937
		<u>102,265</u>	<u>153,515</u>
	CREDITIONS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN OND VEAD		
9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	21/12/19	21/12/15
		31/12/18	31/12/17
	D1.1	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors	108,000 1,237	108,000 1,298
	Tax	5,884	1,298
	VAT	9,705	9,703
	Other creditors	935	9,103
	Accruals and deferred income	54,685	56,999
	The second secon	180,446	177,553

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE
10.	YEAR

	31/12/18	31/12/17
	£	£
Bank loans - 1-2 years	108,000	108,000
Bank loans - 2-5 years	2,275,576	2,375,337
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,068,182	1,880,165
	4,451,758	4,363,502

The existing bank loan facility was renewed on 24th March 2016 for a period until 11th May 2021.

## 11. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	31/12/18	31/12/17
	£	£
Bank loans	2,491,576	2,591,337

The above are secured by way of a legal charge over the property 52 to 56 Camden High Street, London and a cash account in which rents are received. Interest on the above loan is payable at a rate of 2.55% plus 3 month Libor rate.

## 12. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

Deferred tax	£ 851,906	£ 837,740
		Deferred tax
Balance at 1 January 2018		837,740
Timing differences		14,166
Balance at 31 December 2018		851,906

The above deferred tax pertains to £942k of deferred tax liability on fair value gain on investment property and deferred tax asset of £90k on impairment of investment in subsidiary.

# 13. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal 31/12/18	31/12/17
		value: £	£
20,000	Ordinary	£1 <u>20,000</u>	20,000

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31/12/18

31/12/17

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 14. RESERVES

Capital contribution £

At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018

394,835

## 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A group set-off is held on current account balances of the company by HSBC bank.

## 16. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The director has given a personal guarantee of £50,000 to secure the bank loan.

## 17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year an amount of £90k (2017: £150K) was received from, and £30k (2017: £Nil) paid to, Romanys Limited, a 100% subsidiary. Balance receivable at year end from the company was £82,848 (2017: £142,848).

At the year end an amount of £2,068,182 (2017: £1,880,165) was payable to Moolsons Holdings Limited, the parent company.

Apart from salaries paid to directors as mentioned in Note 2, a salary of £95,000 was paid to Mrs. J.Pindolia, a relative of the Director.

## 18. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Moolsons Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Moolsons Holdings Limited is controlled by Sovereign Trust (Isle of Man) Limited.

Mr B M Pindolia, Mr M Pindolia and Mr K Pindolia are the ultimate controlling party.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.