

BOREHAM WOOD FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED

**Company Registration Number:
02533129 (England and Wales)**

Unaudited abridged accounts for the year ended 30 June 2019

Period of accounts

Start date: 01 July 2018

End date: 30 June 2019

BOREHAM WOOD FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED

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BOREHAM WOOD FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED

Balance sheet

As at 30 June 2019

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>2019</i>	<i>2018</i>
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets:	3	1,164,975	1,141,691
Investments:	4	90,000	90,000
Total fixed assets:		<u>1,254,975</u>	<u>1,231,691</u>
Current assets			
Stocks:		1,250	1,250
Debtors:		735,008	746,876
Cash at bank and in hand:		184,541	78,623
Total current assets:		<u>920,799</u>	<u>826,749</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:		(312,116)	(261,355)
Net current assets (liabilities):		<u>608,683</u>	<u>565,394</u>
Total assets less current liabilities:		1,863,658	1,797,085
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year:		(61,147)	(74,187)
Provision for liabilities:		(44,640)	(70,174)
Total net assets (liabilities):		<u>1,757,871</u>	<u>1,652,724</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital:		58,698	58,698
Share premium account:		5,000	5,000
Profit and loss account:		1,694,173	1,589,026
Shareholders funds:		<u>1,757,871</u>	<u>1,652,724</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

BOREHAM WOOD FOOTBALL CLUB LIMITED

Balance sheet statements

For the year ending 30 June 2019 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A).

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors have chosen to not file a copy of the company's profit & loss account.

**This report was approved by the board of directors on 31 March 2020
and signed on behalf of the board by:**

Name: D Hunter
Status: Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 30 June 2019

1. Accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A (Small Entities) of Financial Reporting Standard 102

Turnover policy

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation policy

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows: Plant & machinery - 15% reducing balance basis FF & equipment - 15% reducing balance basis If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Other accounting policies

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss. Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises. A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship. Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

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for the Period Ended 30 June 2019

2. Employees

	<i>2019</i>	<i>2018</i>
Average number of employees during the period	25	25

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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 30 June 2019

3. Tangible Assets

	Total
Cost	£
At 01 July 2018	2,876,603
Additions	287,680
Disposals	(104,695)
At 30 June 2019	<u>3,059,588</u>
Depreciation	
At 01 July 2018	1,734,912
Charge for year	159,701
At 30 June 2019	<u>1,894,613</u>
Net book value	
At 30 June 2019	<u><u>1,164,975</u></u>
At 30 June 2018	<u><u>1,141,691</u></u>

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for the Period Ended 30 June 2019

4. Fixed investments

Other Investments other than loans £90,000.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 30 June 2019

5. Loans to directors

Name of director receiving advance or credit:	D Hunter	
Description of the loan:	The Director had loans of £270 at the year end.	
		£
Balance at 01 July 2018		470
Advances or credits repaid:		200
Balance at 30 June 2019		<u>270</u>

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