Company Registration No. 02515435 (England and Wales)	
WEST END COURT LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 ACCOUNTS FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors L Canevari

M Flax M Palmer

Secretary Laura Canevari

Company number 02515435

Registered office Omni House

252 Belsize Road

Kilburn London NW6 4BT

Accountants Myers Clark

Egale 1

80 St Albans Road Watford Hertfordshire WD17 1DL

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		25,878		25,878
Current assets					
Debtors	3	11,860		11,465	
Cash at bank and in hand		46,303		57,189	
		58,163		68,654	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	4	(971)		(11,468)	
Net current assets			57,192		57,186
Total assets less current liabilities			83,070		83,064
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	5		19		19
Share premium account			16,306		16,306
Profit and loss reserves			66,745		66,739
Total equity			83,070		83,064

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 September 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

L Canevari

Director

Company Registration No. 02515435

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

Company information

West End Court Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Omni House, 252 Belsize Road, Kilburn, London, NW6 4BT.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of West End Court Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 6.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable from ground rents.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold

No depreciation is provided on freehold buildings as it is the Company's policy to maintain these so as to extend their useful lives.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial habilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic [inancial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, and other loans that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deserred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2	Tangible fixed assets	L and w	nd buildings
		Lanu a	na bunangs £
	Cost		
	At I January 2016 and 31 December 2016		25,878
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016		
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2016		25,878
	At 31 December 2015		25,878
,	Deletere		
3	Debtors	2016	2015
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	11,860	11,465
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	Creations amounts taking due within due year	2016	2015
		£	£
	Corporation tax	2	11,156
	Other creditors	969	312
		971	11,468
5	Called up share capital	***	***
		2016 £	2015 £
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	19 Ordinary shares of £1 each	19	19
		19	19

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

6 Reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102

Reconciliation of equity

31 December	1 January
2015	2015
£	£
83,064	38,295

Reconciliation of profit for the financial period

2015 £

Profit as reported under previous UK GAAP and under FRS 102

Equity as reported under previous UK GAAP and under FRS 102

44,769

Notes to reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102

There were no adjustments to prior year accounts as a result of the adoption of FRS 102.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.