Registered number: 02511992

WAVENEY INSURANCE BROKERS (COMMERCIAL) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

WEDNESDAY

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20/05/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors G P Cook

D A Dove M Cox P Westgate

Secretary D A Dove

Company number 02511992

Registered office 128 Bevan Street East

Lowestoft Suffolk **NR32 2AQ**

Auditors PKF (UK) LLP

East Coast House Galahad Road Beacon Park Gorleston Great Yarmouth NR31 7RU

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2008.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity was the provision of insurance brokering services.

Business review

The directors measure the company's performance based on its overall profitability which includes maximising its commission levels and managing staff levels as this cost is the company's main overhead. The turnover for the year marginally reduced from £2,833,838 to £2,742,947 a fall of 3.2%. The staff levels for 2008 were 55 compared to 54 in 2007.

The directors consider the results for the year to be satisfactory and anticipate developing the company further in the coming year.

The principal risk which the company monitors and actively controls, which is a common risk to all companies in this industry, is compliance with the FSA regulations and managing professional standards.

The company does not actively use financial instruments as part of its financial risk management. It is exposed to the usual credit risk and cash flow risk associated with selling on credit and manages this through credit control procedures. The nature of its financial instruments means that they are not subject to price risk or liquidity risk. The company only has a small level of transactions in foreign currency, resulting in minimal exposure to foreign exchange risk.

Results

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £108,357 (2007 - £192,726).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

G P Cook

D A Dove

M Cox

P Westgate

Political and charitable contributions

During the year the company made charitable donations of £604.

Provision of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
 are unaware, and
- each director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to
 establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 11 may 2009

and signed on its behalf.

D A Dove Director

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required to give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WAVENEY INSURANCE BROKERS (COMMERCIAL) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Waveney Insurance Brokers (Commercial) Limited for the year ended 31 October 2008 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom accounting standards ('United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice') are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WAVENEY INSURANCE BROKERS (COMMERCIAL) LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally
 Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 October 2008 and of its
 profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

• the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

PKF (UK) LLP

Registered auditors

Great Yarmouth, UK

Date: 11 May 2009

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
TURNOVER	1,2	2,742,947	2,833,838
Selling and distribution costs		(5,411)	(62,819)
Administrative expenses		(2,876,580)	(2,719,971)
Other operating income	3	262,548	219,103
OPERATING PROFIT	4	123,504	270,151
Interest receivable		73,144	54,427
Interest payable	7	(35,949)	(34,541)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		160,699	290,037
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(52,342)	(97,311)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		108,357	192,726

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2008 or 2007 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 8 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2008

	Note	£	2008 £	£	2007 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible fixed assets	9		441,330		568,532
Tangible fixed assets	10		348,882		311,728
Fixed asset investments	11		3,299		3,299
			793,511	·	883,559
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		4,000		4,000	
Debtors	12	1,778,054		2,182,251	
Cash at bank	24	1,631,121		1,276,370	
		3,413,175		3,462,621	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	13	(3,185,267)		(3,328,906)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			227,908		133,715
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	ΓIES		1,021,419		1,017,274
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(88,229)		(185,380)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax	15		(15,410)		(22,471)
NET ASSETS			917,780		809,423 —————
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		8,533		8,533
Share premium account	17		129,729		129,729
Profit and loss account	17		779,518		671,161
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18		917,780		809,423

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

G P Cook Director

The notes on pages 8 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Net cash flow from operating activities	26	530,778	361,845
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	27	37,195	19,886
Taxation		(104,050)	(34,240)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	27	(30,198)	(18,190)
CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING		433,725	329,301
Financing	27	(78,974)	(52,933)
INCREASE IN CASH IN THE YEAR		354,751	276,368

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS/DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

	2008 £	2007 £
Increase in cash in the year Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing	354,751 78,974	276,368 66,329
CHANGE IN NET DEBT RESULTING FROM CASH FLOWS New finance lease	433,725 (111,260)	342,697 (83,220)
MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT IN THE YEAR Net funds at 1 November 2007	322,465 1,125,535	259,476 866,058
NET FUNDS AT 31 OCTOBER 2008	1,448,000	1,125,535

The notes on pages 8 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 248 of the Companies Act 1985. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

1.2 Turnover

Brokerage commission and fees are recognised when the premiums on which that commission is earned are due and as the company fulfils its obligations. Under the company's current business terms, there are contractual obligations to provide certain services in relation to that commission and where these services are incomplete, a proportion of that income is deferred until its obligations are fulfilled.

1.3 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the Profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

Purchased goodwill is amortised over 7 and 20 years.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Property improvements
Plant & equipment etc

15% reducing balance 20-25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

1.6 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.7 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.8 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.9 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

1.10 Insurance brokering debtors and creditors

- i. Insurance brokers usually act as agents in placing the insurable risks of their clients with insurers and, as such, generally are not liable as principals for amounts arising from such transactions. Not withstanding these legal relationships, debtors and creditors arising from insurance brokering transactions are shown as assets and liabilities. This recognises that the insurance broker is entitled to retain the investment income on any cash flows arising from these transactions.
- ii. Debtors and creditors arising from a transaction between client and insurers (eg a premium or a claim) are recorded simultaneously. Consequently, there is a high level of correlation between the totals reported of insurance brokering debtors and insurance brokering creditors.
- iii. The position of the insurance broker as agent means that generally the credit risk is borne by the principals. There can be circumstances where the insurance broker acquires credit risk through statute, or through the act or omission of the insurance broker or of one of the principals. There is much legal uncertainty surrounding the circumstances and the extent of such exposures, and consequently cannot be evaluated. However, the total of insurance brokering debtors appearing in the balance sheet is not an indication of credit risk.
- iv. It is normal practice for insurance brokers to settle accounts with other intermediaries, clients, insurers and market settlement bureau on a net basis. Thus, large changes in both insurance brokering debtors and creditors can result form comparatively small cash settlements. For this reason, the totals of insurance brokering debtors and creditors give no indication of future cash flows.
- v. The legal status of this practice of net settlement is uncertain and in the event of an insolvency it is generally abandoned. Financial Reporting Standard No 5 "Reporting the substance of transactions" requires that offset of assets and liabilities should be recognised in financial statements where, and only where, the offset would survive the insolvency of the other party. Accordingly, only such offsets have been recognised in calculating brokering debtors and creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.11 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and loss account.

2. TURNOVER

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

3. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	Management fee income	2008 £ 262,548	2007 £ 219,103
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2008 £	2007 £
	Amortisation - intangible fixed assets Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:	127,202	127,199
	- owned by the company	28,636	36,790
	- held under finance leases	49,739	38,563
	Auditors' remuneration	8,250	7,500
	Operating lease charges - other	50,891	62,028
	Loss on sale of tangible assets	25,929	14,829
	Pension costs	41,907	36,379

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

5. STAFF COSTS

6.

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	2008 £	2007 £
Wages and salaries	1,450,896 150,943	1,314,270 176,177
Social security costs Other pension costs	41,907	36,379
	1,643,746	1,526,826
The average monthly number of employees, including the directors	, during the year was a	s follows:
	2008	2007
	No.	No.
Insurance advisors	42	40
Administration	13	14
	55	54
DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
	2008	2007
	£	£

The highest paid director received remuneration of £92,435 (2007 - £126,704).

Company pension contributions to money purchase pension

The value of the company's contributions paid to a money purchase pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £2,760 (2007 - £2,250).

253,942

5,360

237,944

4,610

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 2 directors (2007 - 2) in respect of money purchase pension schemes.

7. INTEREST PAYABLE

Emoluments

schemes

	2008 £	2007 £
On bank loans and overdrafts	8	2,963
On finance leases and hire purchase contracts	13,441	9,078
On loans from group undertakings	22,500	22,500
	35,949	34,541

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

8. TAXATION

	2008 £	2007 £
Analysis of tax charge in the year	_	-
Current tax (see note below)		
UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	59,403 -	104,051 (4,813)
Total current tax	59,403	99,238
Deferred tax (see note 15)		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(7,061)	(1,927)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	52,342	97,311

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2007 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28.83%). The differences are explained below:

	2008 £	2007 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	160,699	290,037
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.83% (2007 - 30%)	46,330	87,011
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	13,097	15,113
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(4,406)	(3,793)
Group relief	(3,944)	-
Tax adjustments and other timing differences	10,134	5,720
Marginal relief	(1,808)	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	-	(4,813)
Current tax charge for the year (see note above)	59,403	99,238

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

9. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

10.

				Goodwill £
Cost				
At 1 November 2007 and 31 October 2008				1,152,799
Amortisation				
At 1 November 2007 Charge for the year				584,267 127,202
At 31 October 2008				711,469
Net book value				
At 31 October 2008				441,330
At 31 October 2007				568,532
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
	Property improve- ments £	Plant and equipment etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost	~	<u>-</u>	~	_
At 1 November 2007	26,844	303,775	258,757 143,346	589,376 171,183
Additions Disposals	8,705 -	19,132 -	(113,436)	(113,436)
At 31 October 2008	35,549	322,907	288,667	647,123
Depreciation			-	
At 1 November 2007	11,841	173,580	92,227	277,648 78,37 <i>5</i>
Charge for the year On disposals	2,468 -	34,393 -	41,514 (57,782)	78,375 (57,782)
At 31 October 2008	14,309	207,973	75,959	298,241
Net book value				
At 31 October 2008	21,240	114,934	212,708	348,882
At 31 October 2007	15,003	130,195	166,530	311,728
The net book value of assets held under fin as follows:	ance leases or	r hire purchase	contracts, include	ed above, are
			2008 £	2007 £
Plant and equipment Motor vehicles			36,340 207,614	48,427 103,699
			243,954	152,126

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Unlisted investments £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 November 2007 and 31 October 2008	302,558
Impairment	
At 1 November 2007 and 31 October 2008	299,259
Net book value At 31 October 2008	3,299
At 31 October 2007	3,299

Investments include a participating interest in Risk Management Analysis Services Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain, comprising a holding of 50% of its issued ordinary capital.

The latest accounts are unavailable for Risk Management Analysis Services Limited. In the year ended 31 December 2007, Risk Management Analysis Services Limited made a loss after tax of £11,506 (2006 £4,673 loss) and at the end of that year the aggregate of its capital and reserves was a deficit of £28,641 (2006 £17,135 deficit).

Investments also include an investment in TBB Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain, comprising a holding of 100% of its issued ordinary capital.

During its latest financial year TBB Limited made a profit of £Nil (2007 - £Nil) and at the end of that year the aggregate of its capital and reserves was £99 (2007 - £99).

Within investments is also 76% (2007 - 76%) of the issued share capital of Waveney Group Schemes Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain.

In its latest financial year, Waveney Group Schemes Limited made a profit after tax of £469,666 (2007 - £338,449) and at the end of that year the aggregate of its capital and reserves was £877,820 (2007 - £408,154).

12. DEBTORS

	2008 £	2007 £
Due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	- -	50,000 17,577
Due within one year		
Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	1,539,561 114,126 26,905 97,462	1,966,123 40,840 221 107,490
	1,778,054	2,182,251

Trade debtors represent amounts due in respect of insurance broking transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

13.	CRED	ITORS:
-----	------	--------

Amounts falling due within one year

	2008 £	2007 £
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	94,892	65,455
Trade creditors	2,031,867	2,337,414
Amounts owed to group undertakings	613,400	435,213
Corporation tax	59,403	104,051
Social security and other taxes	38,830	36,495
Other creditors	8,283	7,892
Accruals and deferred income	338,592	342,386
	3,185,267	3,328,906

Finance lease and hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets concerned.

Trade creditors represent amounts relating to insurance broking transactions.

14. CREDITORS:

Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2008 £	2007 £
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	88,229	85,380
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	100,000
	88,229	185,380

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, included above, are payable as follows:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Between one and five years	88,229	85,380

Finance lease and hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets concerned.

15. DEFERRED TAXATION

	2008 £	2007 £
At 1 November 2007 Released during the year	22,471 (7,061)	24,398 (1,927)
At 31 October 2008	15,410	22,471

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

15. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	16,430	23,467
Short term timing differences	(1,020)	(996)
	15,410	22,471

There is a potential liability of £26,000 (2007 - £19,000) relating to goodwill purchased from a fellow group company which has a nil cost for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not provided in this respect as the company has no intention of selling the goodwill in the foreseeable future.

16. SHARE CAPITAL

	2008 £	2007 £
Authorised		
20,000 Ordinary "A" shares of £1 each 10,000 Ordinary "B" shares of 1p each	20,000 100	20,000 100
3,400 Ordinary "C" shares of 65p each	2,210	2,210
	22,310	22,310
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
6,316 Ordinary "A" shares of £1 each	6,316	6,316
727 (2007 - 700) Ordinary "B" shares of 1p each 3,400 Ordinary "C" shares of 65p each	2,210	2,210
	8,533	8,533

The 'A', and 'B' shares rank pari passu in all respects except that 'B' shares can only be held by employees.

'B' shareholders have no right to participate in further issues of 'A' shares.

The 'C' shares have no voting rights and are not entitled to a dividend, and have no right to participate in further issues of 'A' or 'B' shares.

17. RESERVES

		Profit and loss account
At 1 November 2007 Profit for the year	£ 129,729	£ 671,161 108,357
At 31 October 2008	129,729	779,518

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

18. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2008 £	2007 £
Opening shareholders' funds	809,423	601,101
Profit for the year	108,357	192,726
Shares issued during the year	•	2,211
Share premium on shares issued (net of expenses)	-	13,385
Closing shareholders' funds	917,780	809,423

19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has guaranteed the bank loans of its parent company, Waveney Insurance Brokers Limited. At the balance sheet date, the maximum amount payable on these loans was £8,248 (2007 - £38,756).

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following transactions with group companies and companies in which the company holds a significant interest are included in the financial statements:-

Creditors:

TBB Limited, subsidiary £99 (2007 - £99).

Waveney Insurance Brokers Limited, parent company, £579,110 (2007 - £521,318) of which £Nil (2007 - £100,000) is due in more than one year.

Waveney Financial Services Limited, fellow subsidiary, £34,191 (2007 - £13,796).

Debtors

Risk Management Analysis Services Limited, a company in which this company holds an interest, £36,728 (2007 - £36,728), less a bad debt provision of £9,823 (2007 - £19,151). Of the net debtor, £Nil (2007 - £17,577) is due in more than one year.

Waveney Group Schemes Limited, subsidiary, £110,578 (2007 - £87,957) of which £Nil (2007 - £50,000) is due in more than one year.

Waveney McKenna Limited, fellow subsidiary, £3,548 (2007 - £2,883).

Management charges:

The company paid management charges of £318,303 (2007 - £319,270) to Waveney Insurance Brokers Limited, the parent company.

The company paid management charges of £24,000 (2007 - £15,000) to Waveney Financial Services Limited, a fellow subsidiary.

The company received management charges (net of recharges) of £251,039 (2007 - £219,103) from Waveney Group Schemes Limited, a subsidiary.

The company received management charges of £11,509 (2007 - £2,883) from Waveney McKenna Limited, a subsidiary.

Other fees:

The company paid fees of £22,500 (2007 - £2,174) to Risk Management Analysis Services Limited, a company in which this company holds an interest.

The company paid £22,500 (2007 - £22,500) to Waveney Insurance Brokers Limited, the parent company, as interest on the loan account balance.

In addition, during the year the company issued further 'B' shares to P Westgate, a director, for £Nil (2007 - £13,386).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

21. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 October 2008 the Company had capital commitments as follows:

2008 £	2007 £
-	19,249
	£

Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements

22. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution group personal pension plan, the assets of which are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £41,907 (2007 - £36,379). At the year end there were contributions amounting to £6,044 (2007 - £5,650) outstanding.

23. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 October 2008 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings	
	2008	2007
Expiry date:		
Within 1 year	24,292	17,692
Between 2 and 5 years	29,748	44,501

24. INSURANCE BUSINESS MONIES

The company uses separately designated insurance brokering accounts for the receipt and payment of all insurance business monies. Included in cash at bank and in hand was £920,055 (2007 - £812,923) relating to these transactions.

25. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled by Waveney Insurance Brokers Limited.

In the opinion of the directors this is the company's ultimate parent company.

Waveney Insurance Brokers Limited is ultimately controlled by no single individual shareholder.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

26. NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		2008	2007		
		£	£		
	Operating profit	123,504	247,709		
	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	127,202	127,199		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	78,375	75,354		
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	25,929	14,829		
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	427,483	(339,338)		
	Increase in amounts owed by group undertakings	(23,286)	(40,840)		
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(306,616)	150,786		
	Increase in amounts owed to group undertakings	78,187	126,146		
		530,778	361,845		
	Net cash inflow from operations	330,776	301,043		
27.	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
		2008	2007		
		£	£		
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
	Interest received	73,144	54,427		
	Interest paid	(22,508)	(25,463)		
	Hire purchase interest	(13,441)	(9,078)		
	The purchase interest				
	Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of				
	finance	37,195	19,886		
		2008	2007		
		£	£		
	Capital expenditure and financial investment				
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(59,923)	(30,690)		
	Sale of tangible fixed assets	29,725	12,500		
	Not onch autilian from anniah avana ditura	(30,198)	(18,190)		
	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure		(10,100)		
		2008	2007		
		£	£		
	Financing				
	Issue of ordinary shares	-	13,396		
	Repayment of finance leases	(78,974)	(66,329)		
	Not each outflow from financing	(78,974)	(52,933)		
	Net cash outflow from financing		(32,333)		
					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

28. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

			Other non-cash	
	1 November 2007	Cash flow	changes	31 October 2008
	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand:	1,276,370	354,751	-	1,631,121
Debt:				
Debts due within one year Debts falling due after more than one	(65,455)	78,974	(108,411)	(94,892)
year	(85,380)	<u>-</u>	(2,849)	(88,229)
Net funds	1,125,535	433,725	(111,260)	1,448,000

29. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

The company entered into new hire purchase agreements of £111,260 (2007 - £86,001) during the year.