Registered No. 2506007

UNITED BISCUITS (UK) LIMITED

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

FOR

THE 52 WEEKS ENDED

28 DECEMBER 1996



Directors' Report

Directors

A.G. Clark

A.D. Frew

E.L. Nicoli

J.A. Warren

The directors present their report and the accounts for the fifty-two weeks ended 28 December 1996.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activities of the Company are the manufacture and sale of a wide range of biscuits and snacks. No change in this activity is intended.

McVitie's

Biscuits & Snacks

McVitie's is Britain's market leader in biscuits. Performance in chocolate countlines, where we gained share in a strongly growing market, was transformed by the McVitie's Penguin product with sales up 24% and the launch of Ace which achieved £8m sales in its first year. Biscuit sales growth came from the launch of Go Ahead!, a range of low-fat products, together with an encouraging response to the relaunch of McVitie's Digestive which offset a decline in the Company's secondary brands. Our total value share of the biscuit market edged ahead to 34.3%.

KP

Savoury Snacks

Within the savoury snacks market, which grew by 5% overall, our share declined by 0.8% but significant progress was made on our top brands, Hula Hoops and Skips, where we initiated strong and innovative consumer promotions. Nut sales grew by 8%, reversing the decline of recent years, but crisps sales declined mainly in the price sensitive own-label sector.

Full details of the performance of the United Biscuits Group are set out in the report and accounts of United Biscuits (Holdings) plc, the ultimate holding company, copies of which may be obtained from the address shown in note 23.

Profit and appropriations

The profit and appropriations for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 7. On 18 December 1996, the Company paid an interim dividend of £26.8m. The directors do not recommend the payment of any further dividend.

Directors' Report (continued)

Fixed Assets

An analysis of the movements in tangible assets is given in note 8.

Research and development

Research and development expenditure plays an essential part in the Company's commitment to product innovation and the development of more effective production and packaging technology. In addition to new product success, significant research advances were achieved in the understanding of key raw materials and processes.

Charitable donations

During the year the company made charitable donations to the value of £500,000.

Employment policies

The Company has a comprehensive framework of employment policies. Employees at all levels shall not in the course of employment discriminate against any other person, or be discriminated against on the grounds of colour, race, religion, sex, marital status or ethnic or national origins. This policy applies in respect of all conditions of work, including salaries and ages, hours of work, holiday entitlement, overtime and shift work, sick pay, recruitment, training, promotion, redundancy and use of available amenities.

Equal opportunities are offered to disabled persons, whether registered or not, applying for vacancies having regard to their aptitude and abilities. Arrangements are made to continue the employment wherever possible to those employees who have become disabled. Consideration is also given to arranging appropriate training facilities or providing special aids where necessary. Disabled persons are also provided with the same opportunities for training, career development and promotion that are available to all employees within the limitations of their aptitude and abilities.

There are regular consultations at all levels with employees through union representatives, staff councils and consultative committees. Information on matters of concern to employees is given through a comprehensive programme incorporating meetings, conferences, printed and electronic news systems and publications.

The Company not only complies with the safety and health measures required by law, but acts positively to ensure that its premises are safe and healthy places in which to work. It recognises that the health, safety and welfare of all its employees, whether on Company premises or carrying out Company business elsewhere, is primarily the management's responsibility. In addition, the Company recognises that it has a responsibility for the health and safety of other persons whilst they are on its premises.

Suppliers

The Company negotiates appropriate terms and conditions of trade as competitively as it negotiates prices and other commercial matters.

Employees are bound by the terms of the Company's 'Ethics and Operating Principles' which sets out the Company's code of practice on the treatment of its suppliers. This policy states that 'all suppliers will be paid on time in accordance with agreed terms of trade'.

Directors' Report (continued)

Directors

The names of the present directors, all of whom served throughout the year, are as stated above. In accordance with the articles of association, they remain in office.

Directors of the Company are eligible to participate in the group's employee share schemes. Except in relation to the scrip dividend alternative, no other arrangements to which the Company was a party subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year which would enable directors or their families to acquire benefits by the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any body corporate.

No director had, during the year or at the end of the year, any material interest in any contract of significance to the Company's business.

The interests of the directors and their families in the share capital of the ultimate parent company, United Biscuits (Holdings) plc at the beginning and end of the year are set out in note 20 to the accounts.

During the year the Company maintained liability insurance for its directors and officers.

The

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young as auditors will be put to the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the board

A.D. Frew Secretary

3 July 1997

Registered Office:

Church Road West Drayton Middlesex UB7 7PR

Statement of directors' responsibility in relation to the accounts

The following statement which should be read in conjunction with the report of the auditors set out on page 6, describes the responsibilities of the directors in relation to these accounts.

The directors are required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the year and of the profit and loss for the year.

The directors are of the opinion that, in preparing the accounts on pages 7 to 21 inclusive, appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied, supported by reasonable and prudent estimates and judgements, and all applicable accounting standards have been followed.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company keeps accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985.

The directors also have responsibility for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for taking reasonable steps to ensure the prevention of fraud and other irregularities.

They are satisfied that the Company has adequate resources to meet its operational needs for the foreseeable future and accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Report of the auditors to the members of United Biscuits (UK) Limited

We have audited the accounts on pages 7 to 21 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 9 and 10.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 5 the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion on those accounts based on our audit, and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 28 December 1996 and of the profit of the Company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

London

3 July 1997

Profit & Loss Account

es		1996	1995
		£m	£n
	Turnover	070.4	0.40.4
	Continuing operations	870.4	840.6
	Total turnover	870.4	840.
	Cost of sales	579.9	562.
	Gross profit	290.5	277.
3	Distribution, selling and marketing costs	157.9	162.
	Administrative expenses	75.6	67.
	Operational reorganisation costs	0.9	6
	Other income	(3.0)	(2.0
	Total operating profit from continuing operations	59.1	44.
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	(0.
	Loss on disposal of investments	(2.6)	··
3	Profit before interest	56.5	44
1	Interest	11.4	10
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	45.1	33
6	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	18.8	3
	Profit attributable to shareholders	63.9	30
7	Dividends	26.8	21
	Balance to reserves	37.1	8

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year disclosed above.

Balance Sheet

as at 28 December 1996

	1996 £m	199 £r
	æm	4 √1
Fixed assets	343.9	346.
Tangible assets	3.0	340
nvestments	346.9	349
	340.7	
Current assets	57.8	53
Stocks	175.0	136
Debtors 16.11 and different destablings	502.0	336
Amount owed by parent company and fellow subsidiary undertakings	22.5	28
Short term deposits and loans	15.2	39
Cash at bank and in hand	·	
	772.5	593
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	150 E	140
Trade and other creditors	179.5	13:
Loans, overdrafts and finance lease obligations	2.2	24
Amount owed to parent company and fellow subsidiary undertakings	511.1 0.7	24
Taxation	0.7	4
	693.5	54
Net current assets	79.0	4
Total assets less current liabilities	425.9	39
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		
Loans and finance lease obligations	18.6	2
Other creditors	2.4	
Provisions for liabilities and charges	5.6	1
	26.6	3
	399.3	36
Capital and reserves		
Called up equity share capital	10.0	1
Share premium account	321.6	32
Profit and loss account	67.7	
	399.3	36

Signed on behalf of the board 3 July 1997.

A.G. Clark

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Turnover

Turnover consists of sales to third parties before discounts and excludes value added tax.

Exceptional items

Items which are of an exceptional nature by virtue of their size or incidence are included within operating profit unless they represent profits or losses on the sale or termination of an operation, costs of a fundamental reorganisation or restructuring having a material effect on the nature and focus of the group, or profits or losses on the disposal of fixed assets. In these cases, separate disclosure is provided in the profit and loss account after operating profit.

Tangible assets

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of the assets over their expected useful lives by equal annual instalments, principally at the following rates:

Land and buildings	-	1 % unless short leasehold
Short leasehold	-	over the life of the lease
Plant and machinery	-	3-15%
Vehicles	-	20-30%
Fixtures and fittings	-	10-33%

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the primary lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost in the case of raw materials and goods for resale is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Cost, in the case of products manufactured by the company, comprises direct material and labour cost together with appropriate factory overheads.

Commodity purchases

Certain commodities are purchased on the futures market in order to reduce the exposure to changes in the cost of ingredients. When contracts are closed, the realised surplus and deficits are applied against the cost of the related ingredients in the year of delivery.

Pensions

The expected cost of the Company's pension schemes is charged to the profit and loss account over the service lives of employees. Variations from regular cost are spread over the expected remaining service lives of the relevant employees.

Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on all timing differences of material amount except where no liability is likely to arise in the foreseeable future. Advance corporation tax is carried forward provided that it is expected to be offset against corporation tax liabilities on the profits of the next accounting period.

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

Accounting policies (continued) 1

Foreign currency translations

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction, all differences being taken to the profit and loss account.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off as incurred.

Cash flow statement

The Company has not produced a cash flow statement as the ultimate holding company, United Biscuits (Holdings) plc has prepared a consolidated cash flow statement complying with FRS 1.

Government grants

Capital grants received in respect of any fixed assets are credited to deferred income and amortised to the profit and loss account over the economic useful lives of the assets to which they relate.

Adjustments to comparative figures

Certain comparative figures in the notes to the accounts have been adjusted to conform with the current year presentation.

Segmental analysis 2

No further analysis of results, assets and employee numbers is presented as the business operates in one class.

Turnover derives from the UK with the exception of exports which amounted to £87.4m in 1996 (1995: £72.1m) from continuing activities.

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

3 Profit before interest

	1996	1995
	£m	£m
Profit before interest is after charging (crediting):		
Operational exceptional items: - Management reorganisation	0.9	6.7
Non-operating exceptional items: - Loss on closure of Grimsby factory		0.8
- Loss on disposal of fellow Group companies	<u>2.6</u>	_=
Total exceptional items	<u>3.5</u>	 7.5
Depreciation	33.0	31.2
Government grants released to profit	0.3	0.6
Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery	7.4	6.3
- land and buildings	8.3	8.3
Research and development	9.8	10.4
Directors' emoluments (see note 19)	<u>1.5</u>	<u>1.2</u>
Fees paid to auditors:		
- In their capacity as auditors	0.6	0.5
- Other services	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

4 Interest

	1996 £m	1995 £m
Interest payable		
Bank loans and overdrafts	7.1	11.1
Fellow subsidiary undertakings	6.4	-
Other	<u>1.2</u>	2.3
	14.7	<u>13.4</u>
Interest receivable		
Bank deposits	3.3 3.3	2.7
•	<u>3.3</u>	<u>2.7</u>
Net interest expense	<u>11.4</u>	<u>10.7</u>
14ct interest expense		

5 Profit sharing

Employees with five years service are eligible to participate in the Profit Sharing Scheme which is approved under the Finance Act 1978 (as amended). The board determines the amount of profits (if any) to be made available to the Trustees of the Scheme up to a maximum of five per cent of those profits.

Given a satisfactory level of profit, participating employees are awarded ordinary shares at nil consideration which are held in trust for a minimum of two years. 490,196 shares were purchased from the Group's ESOP Trust in June 1997 for allocation to all eligible UK employees.

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

6	Tax on pr	ofit on ordin	ary activities
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	1996	1995
•	£m	£m
On the profit for the year:		
UK corporation tax at 33%	2.3	1.4
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(22.4)	(1.7)
Deferred tax	1.3 (19.9)	<u>3.6</u> <u>3.3</u>
	<u>(18.8)</u>	<u>3.3</u>

The tax credit on the operating exceptional charge of £0.9m (1995: £6.7m) was £0.1m (1995: £2.1m). The tax credit on the non-operating exceptional charge of £2.6m (1995: £0.8m) was £0.9m (1995: £nil).

7 Dividends

	1996	1995
	£m	£m
Dividends - paid	<u> 26.8</u>	<u>21.8</u>

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

Tangible Assets

8

	Land ar	nd buildings				Total
Cost	Freehold	Leasehold	Plant, Machinery and vehicles	Fixtures and fittings	Projects and progress	
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 31 December 1995	112.7	6.3	355.8	17.0	68.4	560.2
Additions	0.8	-	5.5	0.4	26.7	33.4
Disposals	(2.4)	-	(5.2)	(1.1)	-	(8.7)
Reclassification	1.5	0.6	49.5	0.9	(52.5)	-
At 28 December 1996	112.6	6.9	405.6	17.2	42.6	584.9
Depreciation						
At 31 December 1995	18.9	1.5	181.1	12.4	-	213.9
Charge for year	2.5	0.3	27.3	2.9	-	33.0
Disposals	(1.0)	-	(4.1)	(0.8)	-	(5.9)
Reclassification	(0.5)		0.5		-	
At 28 December 1996	19.9	1.8	204.8	14.5	-	241.0
Net book value at 28 December 1996	92.7	5.1	200.8	2.7	42.6	343.9
Net book value at 31 December 1995	93.8	4.8	174.7	4.6	68.4	346.3

The net book value of leasehold properties includes £4.4m (1995: £8.7m) in respect of leases with under fifty years to run at 28 December 1996.

Analysis of leased tangible assets.

The net book value of plant, machinery and vehicles acquired under finance lease arrangements is set out below.

	£m
At 28 December 1996:	
Cost	1.6
Depreciation	1.6
Net book value at 28 December 1996	
Net book value at 31 December 1995	

10

11

Stocks

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

9	Investments		
		1996 £m	1995 £m
	Investments in subsidiary undertakings	<u>3.0</u>	3.0

At the 28 December 1996 the Company wholly owned the following subsidiary undertakings: UB York Limited and Meredith and Drew Limited which were both dormant. In the opinion of the directors the value at which the investments are stated in the accounts is not less than the aggregate value of the investments. Related party transactions have not been disclosed, and Group accounts have not been prepared, as the Company is wholly owned by another company incorporated in Great Britain.

	1996 £m	1995 £m
	36.6	30.5
Raw materials and consumables	0.4	0.7
Work in progress	20.8	<u>22.3</u>
Finished goods	57.8	<u>53.5</u>
There is no material difference between the replacement cost and	inistorical cost of stocks.	
	inistorical cost of slocks.	
	inistorical cost of stocks.	
	1996	
	1996	£m
Debtors	1996 £m	1995 £m 105.3 4.2
	1996 £m 135.9	£m 105.3

Debtors include £16.9m (1995: £17.0m) which is due after more than one year.

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

	4007	1995
	1996 £m	£m
Trade creditors	63.0	55.9 11.8
Other creditors	5.9 14.2	14.4
Other taxes and social security costs	0.3	0.4
Government grants	96.1	64.3
Accruals and deferred income	7012	
	179.5	146.8
Loans, overdrafts and finance lease obligations	1996 £m	
Loans, overdrafts and finance lease obligations Other loans		£
Other loans	£m 20.2 0.5	£
	£m 20.2	£i 155
Other loans Overdrafts	£m 20.2 0.5	£1 155
Other loans Overdrafts	£m 20.2 0.5 0.1	£1 155
Other loans Overdrafts Finance lease obligations	£m 20.2 0.5 0.1	155 155
Other loans Overdrafts Finance lease obligations Repayable as follows:	£m 20.2 0.5 0.1	155 155
Other loans Overdrafts Finance lease obligations Repayable as follows: Over five years	£m 20.2 0.5 0.1 20.8	£1 155 155 2
Other loans Overdrafts Finance lease obligations Repayable as follows: Over five years Over 2 years and under 5 years Over 1 year and under 2 years	£m 20.2 0.5 0.1 20.8	199 £1 155 155 2 16 1 135
Other loans Overdrafts Finance lease obligations Repayable as follows: Over five years Over 2 years and under 5 years	£m 20.2 0.5 0.1 20.8	£1 155 155 2 16

Finance lease obligations are generally secured on the tangible assets to which the obligations relate (see note 8).

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

		1996	1995
		£m	£m
Deferred income - Government grants		2,4	2.7
		2.4	2.7
Provisions for liabilities and charges			
		Rationalisation	
	Deferred Tax	provisions	Tota
	£m	£m	£n
At 31 December 1995	1.8	8.6	10.
Profit and loss charge	1.3	-	1.3
Payments in the year	-	(6.1)	(6.
At 28 December 1996	3.1	2.5	5.6
Deferred Tax The deferred tax liability consists of the following:			
	Accelerated	Other timing	
	capital allowances	differences	Total
	£m	£m	£m
At 31 December 1995			
Profit and loss charge (credit)	-	1.8	1.8
- in respect of current year	-	1.3	1.3
At 28 December 1996	-	3.1	3.1
None of the tax liability is payable within one year af which has not been provided for is as follows:	ter the balance sheet of	late. The potential liabili	ty for deferre
		1996	1995
		£m	£n
Accelerated capital allowances		71.7	70. 1
Other timing differences		0.4	(1.2

68.9

72.1

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

				1996	1995
				1990 £m	£m
Authorised - 10 million ordinary share	s of £1 each			<u>10.0</u>	<u>10.0</u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid share	s of £1 each			<u>10.0</u>	<u>10.0</u>
Reconciliation of movements in shar	eholder's funds				
	Called up equity	Share	Profit and	1996	1995
	share capital	premium	loss account	Total	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 31 December 1995	10.0	321.6	30.6	362.2 63.9	354.0 30.0
Profit attributable to shareholders Dividends	-	-	63.9 (26.8)	(26.8)	(21.8)
Dividonds			, ,		
At 28 December 1996	10.0	321.6	67.7	399.3	362.2
Guarantees and contingent liabilitie	es		<u>.</u>		·
				1996 £m	19
				£m	£
Joint and several guarantees in respec	t of borrowings by othe	er group		2111	ω,

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

Directors' emoluments

19

	·	
	1996	1995
·	£000	£000
Emoluments as executives:		
- Salaries	1,271,592	940,548
- Benefits in kind	63,518	62,464
- Pension contributions	205,988	218,555
	1,541,098	1,221,567

Emoluments, excluding pension fund contributions, of the directors were within the following bands:

£	No.	No
145,001 - 150,000	-	1
155,001 - 160,000	-	1
200,001 - 205,000	1	-
210,001 - 215,000	1	-
255,001 - 260,000	-	1
340,001 - 345,000	1	-
430,001 - 435,000	-	1
575,001 - 580,000	1	-

The emoluments, excluding pension contributions, of the highest paid director were £578,722 (1995: £434,752).

The directors of the Company are also directors of fellow subsidiaries. The directors received total remuneration for the year of £1,541,098 (1995: £1,221,567), which was paid by fellow subsidiaries. The directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as directors of the Company and their services as directors of fellow subsidiaries.

20 Directors' interests in the share capital of the ultimate holding company

	Ordinary Shares		Options			
	1996 No.	1995 No.	1996 No.	Granted	Lapsed	1995 No.
A.G. Clark A.D. Frew E.L. Nicoli J.A. Warren	44,095 3,559 74,398 20,804	42,502 - 71,941 19,867	126,272 200,354 487,983 260,725	4,181 52,826 80,274 22,153	2,839 7,098 68,980 18,518	124,930 154,626 476,689 257,090

Since the year end, the beneficial shareholdings of A.G. Clark, A.D. Frew, E.L. Nicoli and J.A. Warren have increased by 348, 18, 15, and 356 shares respectively. Since the year end options over 1,284 shares have lapsed under the savings related share option scheme.

The options are exercisable at prices varying from 165p to 400p up to 10 July 2006.

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

Pay and benefits to employees 21

	1996 £m	1995 £m
Gross wages and salaries. holidays and sick pay	178.4	190.3
Social security costs	14.1	12.2
Pension and other costs	11.5	11.5
	204.0	214.0

During the year the average number of employees was 12,647 (1995: 13,115).

Certain employees in the frozen and chilled businesses have service contracts with United Biscuits (UK) Limited. These costs have been recharged to UB Frozen & Chilled Foods Limited and the appropriate accounting disclosures have been made in those accounts.

Pension Schemes

The Company's principal pension scheme is of the defined benefit type funded by payments to a separate trustee administered fund. The latest actuarial valuation of the scheme was carried out by an independent qualified actuary during 1994.

The main actuarial assumptions were as follows:

Investment return per annum	9%
Wages and salaries increases per annum	7%
Pension increases per annum	5%

The stability of the age profile of scheme membership dictates the most appropriate method in valuing a scheme. The independent actuaries have advised that the projected unit method is the most appropriate method for valuing the main pension plan. The total market value of the scheme's assets, at the date of the last valuation, and its funding level as a percentage of accrued benefit liabilities, were £441m and 101% respectively. The scheme covers certain employees of UB Frozen & Chilled Foods Limited but it is not practicable to separate the market value of the assets.

At 28 December 1996 prepayments included an amount of £16.5m (1995: £16.7m) resulting from the difference between pension cost and the amounts funded.

Notes to the accounts at 28 December 1996 (continued)

22 Financial commitments

The Company's financial commitments at the year-end in respect of finance lease obligations and in respect of its pension arrangements are set out in notes 13 and 21 respectively. The Company's financial commitments in respect of capital expenditure and rentals are summarised below:

	1996 £m	1995 £m
Capital expenditure: - contracted for	<u>4.2</u>	10.7

Rental commitments:

As at 28 December 1996 the Company had annual rental commitments in respect of operating leases as follows:

	1996		1995	
	Land and Buildings £m	Other £m	Land and Buildings £m	Other £m
Expiring - within one year Within two to five years Over five years	1.2 0.9 2.1	2.8 3.2	0.4 4.9	1.3 3.7
·	4.2	6.0	5.3	5.0

23 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is United Biscuits (Holdings) plc which is incorporated in Scotland. Copies of the Group accounts can be obtained from Church Road, West Drayton, Middlesex UB7 7PR.