Company Registration No. 2484952 (England and Wales)

SHILDON THERMOPLASTICS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2002

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COMPANIES HOUSE 07/01/03

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors J Coupe

I Carlin

Secretary M Mcgregor

Company number 2484952

Registered office Station Lane

Birtley Co Durham DH2 1AW

Auditors BKR Haines Watts

3 Osborne Terrace

Jesmond

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE2 1NE

Bankers Lloyds TSB Bank Plc

102 Grey Street

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE99 1SL

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2002

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2002.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of the manufacture of thermoplastic materials.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 May 2001:

J Coupe

I Carlin

Directors' interests

The directors' interests in the shares of the company were as stated below:

	Ordinary	shares of £ 1 each
	30 April 2002	1 May 2001
J Coupe	4	4
I Carlin	20	20

J Coupe's interest in the share capital of the parent company is disclosed in that company's accounts.

Auditors

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that BKR Haines Watts be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SHILDON THERMOPLASTICS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Shildon Thermoplastics Limited on pages 3 to 11 for the year ended 30 April 2002. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BKR Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

7 November 2002

BUR Horne Watt

3 Osborne Terrace Jesmond Newcastle upon Tyne NE2 1NE

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2002

Notes	2002 £	2001 £
	988,561	965,506
	(701,015)	(685,421)
	287,546	280,085
	(17,924) (232,631)	(17,800) (224,938)
2	36,991	37,347
3	(1,848)	(956)
	35,143	36,391
4	(10,000)	(6,332)
	25,143	30,059
	-	(25,000)
11	25,143	5,059
	2 3	988,561 (701,015) 287,546 (17,924) (232,631) 2 36,991 3 (1,848) 35,143 4 (10,000) 25,143

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2002

		20	02	200)01	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	5		50,651		40,624	
Current assets						
Stocks		76,376		41,203		
Debtors	6	702,619		483,780		
		778,995		524,983		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(601,814)		(362,538)		
Net current assets			177,181		162,445	
Total assets less current liabilities			227,832		203,069	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(780)		(5,160)	
Provisions for liabilities and charges	9		(4,000)		-	
			223,052		197,909	
Conital and receives						
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	10		100		100	
Profit and loss account	11		222,952		197,809	
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	12		223,052		197,909	

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on $\frac{1}{100}$

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2002

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

16% reducing balance basis

1.4 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.5 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.6 Deferred taxation

The accounting policy in respect of deferred tax has been changed to reflect the requirements of FRS19 - Deferred tax. Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

The above amounts to a change in accounting policy. The previous policy was to provide deferred tax only to the extent that it was probable that liabilities would crystallise in the foreseeable future.

The adoption of the standard has not required a prior period adjustment.

2	Operating profit	2002	2001 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging: Depreciation of tangible assets	7,929	6,110
	Directors' emoluments	35,714	35,714

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase pension schemes amounted to 1 (2001 - 1).

}	Interest payable	2002 £	2001 £
	Included in interest payable is the following amount: Hire purchase interest	650	956
	'		
,	Taxation	2002	2001
	Domestic current year tax	£	£
	U.K. corporation tax	6,000	5,796
	Payment in respect of group relief	-	536
	Current tax charge	6,000	6,332
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax charge current year	1,000	-
	Deferred tax adjust re previous year	3,000	-
		4,000	-
		10,000	6,332
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	35,143	36,391
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 19.92% (2001 : 20.00%)	7,000	7,278
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	294	
	Depreciation	1,579	1,223
	Capital allowances	(2,873)	(2,169)
		(1,000)	(946)
	Current tax charge	6,000	6,332

5	Tangible fixed assets	
		Plant and
		machinery
		etc
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 May 2001	82,354
	Additions	23,956
	Disposals	(6,000)
	At 30 April 2002	100,310
	Depreciation	
	At 1 May 2001	41,730
	Charge for the year	7,929
	At 30 April 2002	49,659
	Net book value	
	At 30 April 2002	50,651
	At 30 April 2001	40,624
	Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows:	
		Plant and
		machinery
	Net book values	£
	At 30 April 2002	10,629
	7.1. 00 7. (7.11. 2 .002	
	At 30 April 2001	12,653
	Depreciation charge for the year	
	30 April 2002	2,024
	30 April 2001	1,947

6	Debtors	2002 £	2001 £
	Trade debtors	179,509	81,561
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest Other debtors	509,053 14,057	402,219 -
		702,619	483,780
-		2000	2004
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002 £	2001 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	79,871 3,4 7 3	26,351 4,380
	Net obligations under hire purchase contracts Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the	132,446	43,064
	company has a participating interest Taxation and social security	376,340 9,423	252,176 18,091
	Other creditors	261	18,476 ———
		601,814	362,538
8	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2002 £	2001 £
	Net obligations under hire purchase contracts	780	5,160
	Net obligations under hire purchase contracts		
	Repayable within one year	4,380	5,287
	Repayable between one and five years	780 ———	6,217
	Finance charges and interest allegated to future accounting parieds	5,160	11,504
	Finance charges and interest allocated to future accounting periods	(907)	(1,964)
	Included in liabilities falling due within one year	4,253	9,540
	Included in liabilities falling due within one year	(3,473)	(4,380)
		780	5,160

9	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
			Deferred taxation
			£
	Profit and loss account		4,000
	Balance at 30 April 2002		4,000
	Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements is as follows:		
		2002	2001
		£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	4,000	
10	Share capital	2002	2001
	Authorised	£	£
	100 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100	100
11	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
			Profit and loss
			account £
			~
	Balance at 1 May 2001 Retained profit for the year		197,809 25,143
	Balance at 30 April 2002		222,952

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2002

12	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2002	2001
		£	£
	Profit for the financial year	25,143	30,059
	Dividends	-	(25,000)
	Net addition to shareholders' funds	25,143	5,059
	Opening shareholders' funds	197,909	192,850
	Closing shareholders' funds	223,052	197,909

13 Contingent liabilities

The company has cross guarantee arrangements with its bankers in respect of overdraft facilities of the parent company and fellow subsidiaries.

14 Control

The ultimate parent company is Coupe Construction Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2002

15 Related party transactions

During the year the company undertook the following transactions with Coupe Construction Limited, its parent company:

		parent company:
2001 £	2002 £	
130,000	130,000	Management charge
fellow	Line Limited, its	During the year the company undertook the following transactions with Coupsubsidiary:
2001 £	2002 £	
340,579	380,134	Sales
		The amounts due to related parties at the year end were as follows:
2001 £	2002 £	
252,176	376,340	Coupe Construction Limited (parent company)
		The amounts due from related parties at the year end were as follows:
2001 £	2002 £	
377,710 17,723 6,786	502,267 - 6,786	Coupe Line Limited (fellow subsidiary) M & M Concrete Limited (fellow subsidiary) Coupe Plant Hire Limited (fellow subsidiary)