

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02458666

I.B.R.S GROUP LTD

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 December 2017

I.B.R.S GROUP LTD

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	8,292	9,978
Investments	6	129,000	129,000
		-----	-----
		137,292	138,978
Current assets			
Stocks		2,290	976
Debtors	7	337,191	374,633
Cash at bank and in hand		4,546	10,194
		-----	-----
		344,027	385,803
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	52,425	53,033
		-----	-----
Net current assets		291,602	332,770
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		428,894	471,748
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		17,265	17,265
		-----	-----
Net assets		411,629	454,483
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		50,000	50,000
Profit and loss account	9	361,629	404,483
		-----	-----
Shareholders funds		411,629	454,483
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

I.B.R.S GROUP LTD

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 December 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 October 2018 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

S K Lodhi

Director

Company registration number: 02458666

I.B.R.S GROUP LTD

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31st December 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Silicon House, 35 Brigstock Road, Thornton Heath, Surrey, CR7 7JH.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably. Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	-	15% reducing balance
Equipment	-	15% reducing balance

Investments

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, it shall be transferred to tangible assets and treated as such until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 3).

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1st January 2017 and 31st December 2017	21,074	5,250	55,605	81,929
Depreciation				
At 1st January 2017	17,305	3,794	50,852	71,951
Charge for the year	754	219	713	1,686
At 31st December 2017	18,059	4,013	51,565	73,637
Carrying amount				
At 31st December 2017	3,015	1,237	4,040	8,292
At 31st December 2016	3,769	1,456	4,753	9,978

6. Investments

	Investment property £
Cost	
At 1st January 2017 and 31st December 2017	129,000
Impairment	
At 1st January 2017 and 31st December 2017	—
Carrying amount	
At 31st December 2017	129,000
At 31st December 2016	129,000

7. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Other debtors	337,191	374,633

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	1,692	1,495
Corporation tax	8,448	31,573
Social security and other taxes	10,881	16,730
Other creditors	31,404	3,235
	52,425	53,033

9. Reserves

	2017	2016
	£	£
Called up share capital	50,000	50,000
Fair value reserve	101,559	101,559
Profit and loss account	190,470	302,924
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Mumbers funds	342,029	454,483
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10. Related party transactions

The company trades with and rents its trading premises from Lords Associates Limited, a company under common control and regards these transactions as related party transactions: Rent payable in the year: £6,000 (2016 - £18,000) Balance due from at year end: £334,774 (2016 - £374,633)

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