Report and Financial Statements

Year ended

1 January 2021

Company Number 02455416

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021

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Legal form

Private company limited by shares

Directors

G Renino M Selley

Secretary and registered office

M Selley, 240 London Road, Staines, Middlesex, TW18 4JD

Company number

02455416

Auditor

BDO LLP, Level 12 Thames Tower, Station Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 1LX

Strategic Report for the year ended 1 January 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 1 January 2021.

Principal activity and review of the business

The company acts as a holding company. The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc (the 'Group') and is part of the Group's global corporate operations.

The principal activity of the company is to hold investments and it will continue to be so for the foreseeable future.

The Company's result for the period transferred to reserves was £Nil (27 December 2019 - £Nil). No dividend has been declared or paid during the year (27 December 2019 - £Nil).

The group manages its operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, and given the nature of the company as a holding entity, the Company's Directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of the Group's global operations, which includes the company, is discussed in the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

The Covid-19 pandemic, has been considered as part of the directors' review and deemed to have no detrimental impact to the company's investment in Del Monte Europe Limited. The directors have noted that demand for Del Monte canned fruits has increased during the pandemic, and the company has been able to supply to increased demand levels without supply interruption.

Future developments

There are no intentions for any change to the underlying nature of the business as a holding company for other entities within the group.

On Behalf of the Board

MACUM

M Selley Director

Date: 6th August 2021

Director's report for the year ended 1 January 2021

The directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021.

Future developments are discussed on the strategic report.

Results and dividends

The Company's profit for the year transferred to reserves was £Nil (27 December 2019 - £Nil).

No dividend has been declared or paid during the year (27 December 2019 - £Nil).

Going concern

The parent undertaking has confirmed its support to provide adequate funds to meet the company's liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least one year following the approval date of these financial statements. The directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

The impact of Covid-19 pandemic has been considered as part of the Directors' review and has no detrimental impact on the operations of the business. The directors have noted that demand for Del Monte canned fruits has increased during the pandemic, and the company has been able to supply to increased demand levels without supply interruption.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Risks are formally reviewed and appropriate processes are put in place to monitor and mitigate them.

As a holding entity, the company's principal risk is on the recovery of the carrying value of its investments. Other financial risks are therefore not considered to be relevant.

Indemnity provision

The company provides qualifying third party indemnity provision to its directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties.

Directors

The directors who served the company during and subsequent to the year are as follows:

G Renino

M Selley (appointed 2 December 2020)

Y Zakharia (resigned 2 December 2020)

Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors, each director has taken all the steps that he is obliged to take as a director in order to have made himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Director's report for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

Re-appointment of auditors

In accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution is to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting to reappoint BDO LLP as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

M Selley Director

Date: 6th August 2021

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF DEL MONTE FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 1 January 2021 and of the Company's result for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Del Monte Foods International Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 1 January 2021 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is applicable law and international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, The Financial Reporting Standard in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remain independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the report and the financial statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Other information (continued)

determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' responsibilities the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

- Discussions with management and the Board including obtaining and reviewing supporting documentation, concerning the Company's policies and procedures relating to:
 - identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
 - detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud; and
 - the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
 - o challenging assumptions made by management in their significant accounting estimates particularly with relation to the carrying value of investments; and the ability to continue as a going concern.
- Discussion between the engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.
- Obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Company operates in, focusing
 on those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental
 effect on the operations of the Company.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the consolidated financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

—DocuSigned by:

Chris Pooles

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Christopher Pooles (senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor Reading United Kingdom

Date 06 August 2021

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 1 January 2021

	Note	Year ended 1 January 2021 £'000	Year ended 27 December 2019 £'000
Administrative expenses		-	
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	-	-
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Profit for the financial year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year			-
•			

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There have been no recognised gains and losses during the year.

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet at 1 January 2021

Company number 02455416	Note	1 January 2021 £'000	1 January 2021 £'000	27 December 2019 £'000	27 December 2019 £'000
Fixed assets Investment	6		35,892		35,892
Current assets Debtors	7	45,933		131,956	
Craditors: amounts falling due		45,933		131,956	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(81,602)		(167,625)	
Net current liabilities			(35,669)		(35,669)
Total assets less current liabilities			223		223
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium account Capital contribution Profit and loss account	9		57,752 1,304 50,000 (108,833)		57,752 1,304 50,000 (108,833)
Shareholders' funds			223		223

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf on 6^{th} August 2021 by

M Selley Director

MARLIN

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 1 January 2021

					
	Share Capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital contribution £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total equity £'000
28 December 2019	57,752	1,304	50,000	(108,833)	223
Comprehensive income for the year: Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-
1 January 2021	57,752	1,304	50,000	(108,833)	223
		ement of change eriod ended 27	es in equity December 2019		
	Share Capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital contribution £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total equity £'000
29 December 2018	57,752	1,304	50,000	(108,833)	223
Comprehensive income for the year: Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-		-
27 December 2019	57,752	1,304	50,000	(108,833)	223

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021

1 Accounting policies

Del Monte Foods International Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England & Wales under the Companies Act. The address of the registered office is given on the contents page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the strategic report and directors' report.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 2).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29;
- the requirements of Section 26 Share-based Payment paragraphs 26.18(b), 26.19 to 26.21 and 26.23;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the group financial statements of the ultimate parent undertaking Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc., which is incorporated in the United States of America and listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Copies of its financial statements which include the company are available from Fresh Del Monte Produce Company, 241 Sevilla Avenue, Coral Gables, Florida, 33134, USA.

Consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Del Monte Foods International Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of the group. The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 not to produce consolidated financial statements as it is included in non-EEA group accounts of a larger group, namely Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc., as described above.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared under the going concern concept because the parent undertaking, Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc., has confirmed its support to provide adequate funds to meet the company's liabilities as they fall due and the Directors have concluded that they are able to rely on this support.

The impact of Covid-19 pandemic, has been considered as part of the going concern assessment, and is determined to have no detrimental impact on the operations of the business, nor that of its main trading subsidiary, Del Monte Europe Limited.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are carried at cost less provisions for any permanent diminution in value. The carrying value of investments is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Impairment of assets

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. Where there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the carrying value of the asset (or cash-generating unit to which the asset has been allocated) is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's (or CGU's) fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets that have been previously impaired are reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether there is any indication that the impairment losses recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

Financial assets

Financial assets, other than investments and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities, excluding convertible debt and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Defined benefit pensions

The group has adopted FRS 102 section 28 on retirement benefits and include in the notes information about the deficit in the scheme. The pension liability and related profit and loss movements are recognised in the balance sheet and statement of comprehensive income of the Company's subsidiary Del Monte Europe Limited, but are included in Note 10 here for additional information.

Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Current and deferred taxation

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered
 against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where timing differences relate to interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the group can control their reversal and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Pensions

i) Defined Benefit Scheme

The company operates in a defined benefit pension scheme plan is closed to new entrants and no future benefits will accrue under the plan. The transactions and balances described below are recorded in the accounts of Del Monte Europe Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking. See note 10 for further details.

The liability recognised in the balance sheet of Del Monte Europe Limited in respect of the defined benefit plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets at the reporting date (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method. Annually Del Monte Europe Limited engages independent actuaries to calculate the obligation. The present value is determined by discounting the estimated future payments using market yields on high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in sterling and that have terms approximating to the estimated period of the future payments ('discount rate').

The fair value of plan assets is measured in accordance with the FRS 102 fair value hierarchy and in accordance with the company's policy for similarly held assets. This includes the use of appropriate valuation techniques.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are credited or charged to other comprehensive income of Del Monte Europe Limited.

The cost of the defined benefit plan, recognised in profit or loss recognised in profit or loss of Del Monte Europe Limited as employee costs comprises:a) the increase in net pension benefit liability arising from employee service during the period; and

b) the cost of plan introductions, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is recognised in the income statement of Del Monte Europe Limited as 'interest payable'.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pensions (continued)

ii) Defined Contribution Scheme (continued)

Following closure of the defined benefit scheme employees of Del Monte Europe Limited may choose to enter the Del Monte (UK) Pension Plan, which is a defined contributions scheme. Contributions are charged in the income statement of Del Monte Europe limited as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

Reserves

The Company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- The share premium account includes the premium on issue of equity shares, net of any issue costs.
- The capital contribution reserve represents the historic values of waived debt from inter group companies that are deemed to be contributions to equity.
- Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

2 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgement:

Determination of whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's investments. Factors taken
into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial
performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and
expected future performance of that unit.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

3 Operating profit

In 2019 and 2020 audit fees have been borne by Del Monte Europe Limited. No non-audit fees were paid by the Company during the current or preceding financial year.

4 Directors' emoluments

Directors' remuneration for the years ended 1 January 2021 and 27 December 2019 has been borne by Del Monte Fresh Produce Company Inc. The directors of the company are also directors or officers of other companies within The Del Monte Fresh Produce group. The directors' services to the company do not occupy a significant amount of their time. As such, the directors do not consider that they have received any remuneration for their incidental services to the company for the years ended 1 January 2021 and 27 December 2019.

5 Tax on profit from ordinary activities

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 1, the company has not provided for deferred taxation assets (27 December 2019 - £Nil). The full potential asset for deferred taxation, which has not been recognised, was an asset of £9,249,000 (27 December 2019 - £8,275,000).

The tax charge assessed for the period is equal to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19 % (27 December 2019 – 19%).

Unrecognised deferred tax asset

No deferred tax has been provided at 1 January 2021 (27 December 2019 - Nil) as there is no certainty over recoverability.

The potential amount of deferred tax is analysed as follows:

The potential amount of deferred tax to analysed as follows.	Year ended 1 January 2021 £'000	Year ended 27 December 2019 £'000
Management expenses Non trade loan relationship deficit	5,658 3,591	5,062 3,213
	9,249	8,275

Factors affecting future tax charges

The Finance Act 2016 reduced the corporation tax rate to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020 and so this rate was used in the December 2019 deferred tax calculations.

In the Budget of 11 March 2020, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced that the planned rate reduction to 17% would no longer be taking effect. The changes announced during the Budget of 11 March 2020 were substantively enacted as at the 2020 balance sheet date, therefore, all opening deferred taxation balances have been remeasured at 19% with an adjustment recognised in the 2020 total tax charge.

The March 2021 Budget announced a further increase to the main rate of corporation tax to 25% from April 2023. This rate has not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. As a result deferred tax balances as at 1 January 2021 continue to be measured at 19%. If all of the deferred tax was to reverse at the amended rate the effect on the closing deferred tax position would be to increase the deferred tax asset by £2,920,000.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

6	Investments				
					Interest in subsidiary undertakings £'000
	Cost At 28 December 2019 and 1	January 2021			35,892
	Net book value At 1 January 2021				35,892
	At 27 December 2019				35,892
	The full list of undertakings in	which the company's in	terest at the perio	od end is 20% or mor	e are as follows:
		County of incorporation	Principal activity	Principal business country of operation	Proportion of nominal value of shares held and voting rights
	Del Monte Europe Limited Del Monte International Inc	England and Wales Panama	Trading Non trading	United Kingdom United Kingdom	100% 100%
	The registered address of De The registered address of De				
7	Debtors			4 January	27 December
				1 January 2021 £'000	2019 £'000
	Amounts owed by parent and	fellow subsidiary under	takings	45,933	131,956
	All amounts under debtors fal	I due for payment within	one year.		
8	Creditors: amounts falling of	lue within one year		1 January 2021 £'000	27 December 2019 £'000
	Amounts owed to parent and Accruals	fellow subsidiary undert	akings	81,438 164	167,461 164
				81,602	167,625
	Amounts owed to group unde	rtakings are payable on	demand.		

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

9	Share capital		Allotted, called u	n and fully paid	
		1 January 2021 Number	27 December 2019 Number	1 January 2021 £'000	27 December 2019 £'000
	Ordinary shares of 20p each	288,761,427	288,761,427	57,752	57,752

There is only one class of share. The shareholders are entitled to receive dividends and to receive notice of, and to attend and vote at every general meeting of the company, one vote for each share.

10 Pension commitments

The Del Monte Foods International Limited group operates a defined benefit pension scheme in the UK, which is closed to new entrants and no future benefits will accrue under the plan. The scheme is a multi employer scheme, and as such the particulars of the actuarial valuation of the pension scheme and the pension deficit are recorded in the accounts of Del Monte Europe Limited at 1 January 2021 under the provision of FRS 102 Section 28 Employee Benefits. The pension notes disclosed below are for reference only, and are not recorded in the Profit and Loss account or Balance Sheet of Del Monte Foods International Limited.

A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 5 April 2017 and updated to 1 January 2021 by a qualified independent actuary. Scheme assets are stated at their market values at the respective balance sheet dates and overall expected rates of return are established by applying published brokers' forecasts to each category of scheme assets.

The assets and liabilities of the scheme at the period end are:

Reconciliation of present value of plan liabilities	1 January 2021 £'000	27 December 2019 £'000
Present value of obligation at beginning of year Current service cost Past service cost Interest cost Benefits paid Actuarial loss Liabilities extinguished on settlements Losses due to benefit changes	44,911 20 - 884 (1,428) 6,664 - 65	45,979 218 1,189 (1,902) 2,533 (3,106)
Present value of obligation at the end of year	51,116	44,911
Composition of plan liabilities		
Schemes wholly or partly funded	51,116	44,911

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

	Pension commitments (continued)	1 January	27 December
	Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets	2021 £'000	2019 £'000
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	44,236	41,226
	Expected return on plan assets	884	1,068
	Employer contributions	1,409	1,412
	Benefits paid	(1,428)	(1,902
	Actuarial gain	4,659	5,736
	Asset distributed on settlement	-	(3,304
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	49,760	44,236
		1 January	27 December
	Reconciliation to balance sheet	2021 £'000	2019 £'000
	Present value of funded obligations	(51,116)	(44,911)
	Fair value of plan assets	49,760	44,236
	Net pension scheme liability on the balance sheet of Del Monte Europe Limited	(1,356)	(675
	The amounts recognised in the income statement are as follows:	1 January 2021 £'000	27 December 2019 £'000
	Included in administrative expenses:		
	Current service cost	20	(218)
i	Past service cost	-	` -
	Losses due to benefit changes	65	-
İ	Loss on settlements	_	(400)
			(198)
İ	Included in interest payable Net interest charge	-	
İ	Included in interest payable Net interest charge	-	(198) (121)
1		85	
1	Net interest charge	85	(121)
	Net interest charge Total recognised in the income statement of Del Monte Europe Limited		(121)
	Net interest charge Total recognised in the income statement of Del Monte Europe Limited Analysis of actuarial losses recognised in other comprehensive income Actual return less interest income included in net interest income Actuarial gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	4,659 65	(121)
	Net interest charge Total recognised in the income statement of Del Monte Europe Limited Analysis of actuarial losses recognised in other comprehensive income Actual return less interest income included in net interest income Actuarial gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme	4,659 65	(121) (537) 5,736 463
	Net interest charge Total recognised in the income statement of Del Monte Europe Limited Analysis of actuarial losses recognised in other comprehensive income Actual return less interest income included in net interest income Actuarial gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	4,659	(121) (537) 5,736 463
	Net interest charge Total recognised in the income statement of Del Monte Europe Limited Analysis of actuarial losses recognised in other comprehensive income Actual return less interest income included in net interest income Actuarial gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme	4,659 65	(121)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

10	Pension commitments (continued)		
		1 January	27 December
	Composition of plan assets	2021	2019
	Composition of plan assets	£.000	£'000
	Equities	7,425	7,007
	Corporate Bonds	10,391	9,941
	Diversified Growth Funds	13,461	12,732
	Gilts	-	-
	Liability Driven Investment	18,214	14,181
	Cash	269	375
	Fair value of scheme assets	49,760	44,236
			·
		1 January	27 December
	Drive in all active vial accountations are all at the hadrons about the	2021	2019
	Principal actuarial assumptions used at the balance sheet date	%	%
	Discount rate	1.4	2.0
	Inflation (RPI)	3.05	2.85
	Inflation (CPI)	2.55	2.15
	Allowance for revaluation of deferred pensions of CPI or 5% if less	2.55	2.15
	Allowance for pension in payment increases of CPI or 5% if less	2.5	2.2
	Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	100.0	100.0
		Life	Life
		expectancy	expectancy
	Mole retiring in 2021	22.1	21.8
	Male retiring in 2021Female retiring in 2021	23.8	23.6
	- Male retiring in 2039	23.6 23.4	23.0
	- Female retiring in 2039	25.3	25.2
		20.0	23.2

Del Monte Europe Limited currently pays monthly contributions of £117,667 into the plan (year ended 27 December 2019 - £117,667).

The best estimate of contributions to be paid by the employer to the scheme for the period commencing 28 December 2021 is £1,412,000.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021 (continued)

11 Contingent liabilities

The company is a borrowing guarantor in a credit facility involving several Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc. subsidiaries. The credit limit of the facility is \$1,100,000,000 (27 December 2019 - \$1,100,000,000), which is also the extent of the guarantee. At 1 January 2021 \$541,700,000 of the facility was utilised (27 December 2019 - \$586,600,000).

12 Controlling parties and related party transactions

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Del Monte Fresh Produce SARL and its financial statements are available from its registered office: 16A Avenue del la Liberte, L-1930 Luxembourg.

The Directors consider that the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc., a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange and incorporated in The Cayman Islands. Fresh Del Monte Produce Inc. is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group for which group financial statements are prepared and of which the Company is a member. Copies of its financial statements which include the company are available from Fresh Del Monte Produce Company, 241 Sevilla Avenue, Coral Gables, Florida, 33134, USA.

There were no related party transactions required to be disclosed outside of those within the scope of the exemption taken under Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.