Registered Company Number: 02449244 (England and Wales)

MENTRAU AMGUEDDFEYDD AC ORIELAU CENEDLAETHOL CYMRU / NATIONAL MUSEUMS & GALLERIES OF WALES ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Report of the Directors and Audited Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

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Company Information

for the year ended 31 March 2021

DIRECTORS:

Christopher Jackson - resigned 23rd February 2021

David Anderson

Richard Gloster – resigned 16th October 2020 Richard Nash – resigned 22nd February 2021

Neil Wicks

Nia Elias – 12th May 2021 Sylvia Smith – 12th May 2021

SECRETARY:

Yvonne Ruelle

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Amgueddfa Cymru - National Museum Wales

Cathays Park CARDIFF CF10 3NP

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02449244 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Azets Audit Services

Ty Derw

Lime Tree Court

Cardiff Gate Business Park

Cardiff CF23 8AB

Report of the Directors

For the year ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

National Museums and Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Amgueddfa Cymru – National Museum of Wales. Its single purpose is to support the charitable aims of Amgueddfa Cymru.

The company's principal activities for the year ending 31 March 2021 related to all commercial sales made by the Amgueddfa Cymru – National Museum of Wales group.

Commercial sales consist of retail & catering services; corporate hire / letting; income received from car parking with other activities (as detailed in note 3).

Amgueddfa Cymru currently operates seven sites (National Museum Cardiff; St Fagans National History Museum; Big Pit National Coal Mining Museum; National Wool Museum; National Roman Legion Museum; National Slate Museum & National Collections Centre) and one joint venture (National Waterfront Museum Swansea).

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

This has been a difficult year for the company as a consequence of the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and subsequent restrictions imposed by Welsh Government across the country. All museum sites were closed between April and June 2020 and between January and March 2021. Local lockdowns also had an impact with National Museum Cardiff, Big Pit National Coal Mining Museum, National Roman Legion Museum and National Waterfront Museum all being completely closed in October. When sites have been open, limitations were made to site opening times and visitor numbers to ensure the safety of our staff and visitors.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Restrictions due to COVID-19 are expected to continue in the next financial year with restricted visitor numbers impacting business. The museum has invested in a new car parking system at National Museum Cardiff and an electronic point of sale system for the shops and cafés, which will benefit the business going forward

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the period from I April 2020 to the date of this report or the date shown.

Christopher Jackson – resigned 23rd February 2021 David Anderson Richard Gloster – resigned 16th October 2020 Richard Nash – resigned 22nd February 2021 Neil Wicks Nia Elias – 12th May 2021 Sylvia Smith – 12th May 2021

The directors have no beneficial interests in the shares of the company or of the parent body.

MENTRAU AMGUEDDFEYDD AC ORIELAU CENEDLAETHOL CYMRU / NATIONAL MUSEUMS & GALLERIES OF WALES ENTERPRISES LIMITED Report of the Directors - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they are giving a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit and loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

Azets Audit Services will be proposed for re-appointment after Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

' Andern

David Anderson - Director

Date: 28 July 2021

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of Mentrau Amgueddfeydd Ac Orielau Cenedlaethol Cymru / National Museums & Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mentrau Amgueddfeydd Ac Orielau Cenelaethol Cymru/National Museums & Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Profit And Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report of the Directors, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Report of the Directors. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of Mentrau Amgueddfeydd Ac Orielau Cenedlaethol Cymru / National Museums & Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the Financial Reporting Council's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of Mentrau Amgueddfeydd Ac Orielau Cenedlaethol Cymru / National Museums & Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited – continued

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, we designed procedures which included:

- Enquiry of management and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims as well as actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
- Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Assessing the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations considered to have a direct material effect
 on the financial statements or the operations of the company through enquiry and inspection;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management bias and override of controls, including testing of journal
 entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions
 outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for indicators of potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Use of Our Report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Sarah Case FCA DChA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Azets Audit Services

Accountants and Statutory Auditor

10 September 2021

Ty Derw Lime Tree Court Cardiff Gate Business Park Cardiff CF23 8AB

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
TURNOVER	3	420,619	3,656,974
Cost of sales		(814,264)	(2,769,486)
GROSS (LOSS)/PROFIT		(393,645)	887,488
Administrative expenses		(104,964)	(404,445)
		(498,608)	483,043
Other operating income	4	359	284,411
OPERATING (LOSS)/ PROFIT	7	(498,249)	767,454
Interest received and similar income		666	15,689
		(497,583)	783,143
Interest payable & similar charges	9	(6,045)	(8,107)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(503,629)	775,036
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	10	-	-
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AFTER TAXATION		(503,629)	775,036
		(303,027)	773,036

Other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 March 2021

	2021	2020
Notes	Ĺ	£
	(503,629)	775,036
	-	-
	(503 (30)	775,036
	Notes	Notes £ (503,629)

Balance Sheet

31 March 2021

(Registered Number: 02449244)

		2021	2020
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	11	71,633	93,046
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	12	271,894	265,870
Trade debtors	13	43,652	187,807
Cash at bank and in hand		478,244	873,070
	•	793,790	1,326,747
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	14	(1,255,599)	(1,306,340)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES) / ASSET	rs	(461,809)	20,407
TOTAL NET (LIABILITIES) / ASSETS		(390,176)	113,453
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	16	100	100
Share premium account	17	25,628	25,628
Profit and loss account	17	(415,904)	87,725

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and were signed on its behalf by:

M.A. Wrotes.	
Neil Wicks - Director	Date: 28 July 2021
David Anderson	D . 2011 2021
David Anderson – Director	Date: 28 July 2021

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year ended 31 March 2021

	Called Up			
	Share	Share	Retained	Total
	Capital	premium	earnings	
	£	£	£	£
At I April 2020	100	25,628	87,725	113,453
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	(503,629)	(503,629)
Gift aid to parent company	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	
At 31 March 2021	100	25,628	(415,904)	(390,176)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

I. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Mentrau Amgueddfeydd Ac Orielau Cenedlaethol Cymru / National Museums and Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS102 Section 1A -The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006. The company has taken advantage of the option available under United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice to adopt this Financial Reporting Standard.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances and is net of VAT. Specifically revenue from:

- Shop Sales is recognised on the point of sale and legal title has passed.
- Car Park is at a fixed rate per day and is recognised at the point of sale, being the day the parking occurs.
- In-house Catering, Corporate Hire, Corporate Lets, Facilitated Visitor Income, Events, Commercial initiatives and Filming Rights is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company i.e. when the associated event takes place. Income received in advance of any event is deferred until the criteria for income recognition are met.
- Image Licences and Mail Order is recognised on the point of sale when goods are delivered and legal titled has passed.

Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprise current tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss account except to the extent that it relates to items in the other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years, tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect of situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

The Company's policy is to gift aid all of its taxable profits to its parent company.

Going Concern

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In making their assessment the directors have reviewed the balance sheet, the likely future cash flows of the business and have considered the facilities, cash and ongoing financial support of its parent body, Amgueddfa Cymru, that are in place at this point in time. In light of the situation arising in the UK, and globally, in respect of Covid-19 and the measures taken by the UK and devolved Welsh Governments to contain the virus, the day to day operations of the business have been disrupted, with the extent of this disruption on the museums visitors, customers and the timescale currently uncertain.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

Going Concern cont'd

The full impact of Covid-19 on the business and general economy is difficult to quantify at this time however, the company has reviewed its cash flow requirements for the coming months and together with Group support the directors have a reasonable expectation that they can continue in business and feel it appropriate to prepare the Financial Statements on a going concern basis.

Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets, held for the company's own use, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses and less any amounts eliminated in respect of disposals of tangible fixed assets. Individual fixed assets costing £1,500 or more are capitalised at cost. Tangible fixed assets consist of fixtures and fittings.

Depreciation on fixtures and fittings is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets over their expected useful lives of between 3 and 10 years using the straight-line method.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its fixtures and fittings to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any sure indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. If the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to the recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in previous years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Leasing commitments

Assets that are held by the company under leases which transfer to the company substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases. The Company does not have any finance leases.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of this stock is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stock to net realisable value and all losses of stock are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stock is recognised as a reduction in the amount of stock recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Basic Financial Instruments

Basic financial instruments are accounted for in accordance with section 11 of FRS 102 and comprise cash and cash equivalents and basic debt instruments including trading balances and intergroup loans.

Basic debt instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical Judgements

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

(i) Useful Economic Lives of Tangible Assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are re-assessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates.

(ii) Impairment of Debtors

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing the impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience.

(iii) Stock Provisioning

The company sells stock and is subject to changing consumer demands. As a result it is therefore necessary to consider the recoverability of the cost of stock and the associated provisioning required. When calculating the stock provision, management considers the nature and the condition of the stock, as well as applying assumptions around anticipated saleability.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

TURNOVER		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Shop Sales	89,267	1,522,320
Car Park	175,984	714,773
In-house Catering	6,053	465,302
Corporate Hire	4,850	465,550
Corporate Lets	32,987	36,667
Facilitated Visitor income	(60)	101,991
Image Licensing	28,294	25,605
Filming Rights	83,013	45,203
Commercial initiatives	-	130,692
Commercial Events	•	126,949
Other	231	21,922
	420,619	3,656,974
OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Income from Franchised Catering	359	284,411

5. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year was nil (2020: nil). Amgueddfa Cymru, the parent body, recharge staff costs incurred on behalf of National Museums and Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited to the Company.

6. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	2021	2020
	£	£
Directors' remuneration and other benefits etc.	.	=

The parent body, Amgueddfa Cymru, recharges staff costs incurred on behalf of National Museums and Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited to the Company. Therefore, the above figures for directors' employments represent the consideration paid to Amgueddfa Cymru for making available the services of the directors.

7. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	24,831	31,390
Operating Lease Rentals	3,793	3,793

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

8.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION			
		2021	2020	
		£	£	
	Fees payable to the company's auditors for the			
	audit of the company's financial statements	4,720	4,950	
9.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES			
		2021	2020	
		£	£	
	Interest payable on loan from parent undertaking	6,045	8,107	

10. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 31 March 2021 nor for the year ended 31 March 2020.

II. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures
	& Fittings
	£
COST	
At I April 2020	272,848
Additions in year	7,168
Disposals in year	(3,750)
At 31 March 2021	276,266
DEPRECIATION	
At I April 2020	179,802
Charge for year	25,624
Disposals in year	(793)
At 31 March 2021	204,633
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2020	93,046
At 31 March 2021	71,633

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

Stock Provision

12.	STOCK		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Stock	283,011	283,570

13. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

2021	2020
£	£
24,657	55,708
(9,750)	(7,783)
-	12
28,745	139,870
43,652	187,807
	£ 24,657 (9,750) - 28,745

Trade Debtors are stated after provisions for impairment of £9,750 (2020: £7,783). Included within Debtors is a pre-payment of a long term loan to Elior accounting for £4,214 (2020: £6,617)

(11,117)

271,894

(17,700)

265,870

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade Creditors	1,091	14,348
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,187,724	1,167,520
VAT	177	-
Accruals and deferred income	66,607	124,472
	1,255,599	1,306,340

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings is a loan to National Museums & Galleries of Wales Enterprises Limited of £300,727 (2020 – £300,727) from the parent body, Amgueddfa Cymru. This loan has been made on normal commercial terms with interest payable at 2% above the BOE base rate. The loan is repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

15. SECURED LIABILITIES

Amgueddfa Cymru hold a fixed and floating charge over the company and all property and assets present and future in relation to monies owed to them in note 14.

16. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issue	d and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2021	2020
		value:	£	£
100	Ordinary	£I	100	100

17. RESERVES

	Profit			
	and loss	Share		
	account	premium	Totals	
	£	£	£	
At I April 2020	87,725	25,628	113,353	
Profit for the year	(503,629)	-	(503,629)	
Gift aid to parent company	-	-	•	
At 31 March 2021	(415,904)	25,628	(390,276)	

18. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Lessee

At the report end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Within one year	3,296	3,793
Between two and five year	•	3,296
In over five years	-	-
	3,296	7,089

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 March 2021

19. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Amgueddfa Cymru –National Museum of Wales, established by Royal Charter in 1907, is the parent of the smallest and only group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up of which the Company is a member. Their address is Cathays Park, Cardiff. It is a registered charity and a Welsh Government Sponsored Body, funded predominately by grant payments made by the Welsh Government.

Copies of the group financial statements of Amgueddfa Cymru are available from the Director of Finance, Amgueddfa Cymru, Cathays Park, Cardiff. Amgueddfa Cymru's accounts are audited by the Auditor General for Wales in accordance with Section 9 (4) of the Museums and Galleries Act 1992 and are laid before the Senedd Cymru

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Amgueddfa Cymru and, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, transactions with the parent company are not reported as consolidated financial statements of the parent company are publicly available.

Gift aid of £nil (2020 - £754,751) will be paid to Amgueddfa Cymru.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS DISCLOSURE

The company has been largely affected by the spread of Covid-19. The demand for the company's services are expected to be significantly reduced during 2021. The company is working collaboratively with its parent body, Amgueddfa Cymru, taking a variety of actions to reduce costs and minimize the effects of the virus outbreak as well as creating a safe environment for its visitors and other stakeholders

21. GENERAL INFORMATION

The financial statements are presented in Sterling which is the functional currency of the company.

MENTRAU AMGUEDDFEYDD AC ORIELAU CENEDLAETHOL CYMRU / NATIONAL MUSEUMS & GALLERIES OF WALES ENTERPRISES LIMITED TRADING PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	202	21		2020
	£	Ĺ	£	£
Turnover		420,619		3,656,974
Cost of sales				
Opening stock	265,870		227,050	
Purchases	59,359		869,694	
Recharged wages and salaries	747,708		1,559,039	
Cost of services	13,221		379,573	
	1,086,158	_	3,035,356	
Closing stock	(271,894)		(265,870)	
		(814,264)		(2,769,486)
GROSS (LOSS)/PROFIT		(393,645)		887,488
Other income				
Other Operating Income	359		284,411	
Interest Receivable	666		15,689	
		1,025		300,100
		(392,620)		1,187,588
Expenditure				
Rent	11,426		135,930	
Insurance	19,685		17,807	
Licenses	1,893		1, 44 9	
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	24,831		31,390	
Equipment maintenance	20,749		32,233	
Equipment and fittings	9,405		37,255	
Rates & Utilities on empty property lets	-		-	
Telephones	-		363	
Postage and stationery	1,561		9,213	
Marketing Expenses	346		32,609	
Travel & Subsistance	257		7,7 4 2	
Administration Charges	•		27,019	
Cleaning, medical and clothing	221		4,136	
Training and Recruitment	1,006		565	
General expenses	274		4,246	
Professional Fees	2,508		10,123	
Filming	•		50	
Audit and accountancy	3,695		4,925	
Bad debt	1,967	_	9,158	
		(99,824)		(366,213)
		(492,444)		821,375
Finance Costs				
Bank fees	5,140		38,232	
Interest Payable	6,045		8,107	
		(11,185)		(46,339)
NET (LOSS)/ PROFIT		(503,629)		775,036

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements