Registered number: 02448835

HANSON QUARRY PRODUCTS VENTURES LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021





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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors N Benning-Prince

R C Dowley E A Gretton

Dr C M Wendt (resigned 26 October 2021) A Quilez Somolinos (appointed 26 October 2021)

Company secretary W F Rogers

Registered number 02448835

Registered office Hanson House

14 Castle Hill Maidenhead SL6 4JJ

Independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

2 Glass Wharf

Bristol BS2 0FR

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activities and business review

The Company is a group investment holding company.

During the year the Company received dividends totalling £765,000 (2020 - £nil) from its joint venture, New Milton Sand and Ballast Limited.

During the current year the Company partially impaired its investment in Smiths Concrete Limited by £206,000 and fully impaired its investment in Mendip Rail Limited by £1,000 to reflect the changes in the underlying net assets. These impairments have been treated as exceptional items.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £559,000 (2020 - loss £536,000).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2020 - £nil).

Future developments

The Directors anticipate that the Company will continue as a group investment holding company for the foreseeable future.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, HeidelbergCement AG ("HCAG"), which indirectly owns the Company's entire share capital, has committed to continue to support the Company for a period of no less than 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements, in order that it can meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The Directors have considered and satisfied themselves that HCAG is able to make the commitments it has made to the Company. In doing this, the Directors have noted that HCAG has made an assessment of the impact of the Ukraine crisis. Whilst HCAG is not able to make a reliable forecast of the overall impact as a result of the Ukraine crisis, its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 continue to be prepared on a going concern basis, whilst recognising that there will be volatility in energy markets ahead.

Thus the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

N Benning-Prince
R C Dowley
E A Gretton
Dr C M Wendt (resigned 26 October 2021)
A Quilez Somolinos (appointed 26 October 2021)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Directors' indemnity

HeidelbergCement AG has indemnified, by means of directors' and officers' liability insurance, one or more Directors of the Company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force during the year and is in force as at the date of approving the Directors' Report.

The articles of association also provide for the Directors to be indemnified by the Company subject to the provisions of the Companies Act.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP having indicated their willingness to act will continue in office, as auditors of the Company, in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Strategic Report exemption

Werdy F Ruges

The Company has taken advantage of section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare a Strategic Report.

This report was approved by the board on 15 July 2022 and signed on its behalf.

W F Rogers Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006

The Responsibilities Statement was approved by the board on 15 July 2022 and signed on its behalf.

Wendy Rogers Secretary

Wendy F Kugs

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON QUARRY PRODUCTS VENTURES LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Hanson Quarry Products Ventures Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2021; the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON QUARRY PRODUCTS VENTURES LIMITED

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON QUARRY PRODUCTS VENTURES LIMITED

Based on our understanding of the Company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the Companies Act 2006 and UK tax legislation, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management bias in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Reading board minutes for evidence of breaches of regulations and reading relevant correspondence
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular journal entries posted with unexpected account combinations
- Inquiries of management in respect of any known or suspected instances of non compliance with laws and regulations and fraud

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON QUARRY PRODUCTS VENTURES LIMITED

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Matthew Heal (Senior statutory auditor)

Mathen Heal

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

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Date: 18 July 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Exceptional items - Impairment of fixed asset investments	5	(207)	(541)
Operating loss	_	(207)	(541)
Income from fixed assets investments		765	-
Interest receivable and similar income	6	1	5
Profit/(loss) before tax	_	559	(536)
Tax on profit/(loss)	7	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		559	(536)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	==	559 ————	(536)

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

HANSON QUARRY PRODUCTS VENTURES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02448835

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note		2021 £000		2020 £000
Fixed assets					
Investments	8		50,023		50,230
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	24,354		23,588	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(26,801)		(26,801)	
Net current liabilities			(2,447)		(3,213)
Net assets		-	47,576	_	47,017
Capital and reserves	•				
Called up share capital	11		83		83
Share premium account			82,525		82,525
Profit and loss account			(35,032)		(35,591)
Total equity		. =	47,576	=	47,017

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 15 July 2022.

R C Dowley Director

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2020	83	82,525	(35,055)	47,553
Comprehensive expense for the year Loss for the year		-	(536)	(536)
At 1 January 2021	83	82,525	(35,591)	47,017
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year		-	559	559
At 31 December 2021	83	82,525	(35,032)	47,576

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Accounting policies

1.1 General information

Hanson Quarry Products Ventures Limited ("the Company") is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is disclosed in the Company Information.

1.2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 (FRS101) 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is also the Company's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand pounds (£'000).

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have, unless otherwise stated, been consistently applied to all periods presented.

The Company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group financial statements by virtue of section 401 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

1.3 Financial Reporting Standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions
 entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a
 party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of HeidelbergCement AG as at 31 December 2021 and these financial statements may be obtained from Berliner Strasse 6, D 69120 Heidelberg, Germany.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, HeidelbergCement AG ("HCAG"), which indirectly owns the Company's entire share capital, has committed to continue to support the Company for a period of no less than 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements, in order that it can meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The Directors have considered and satisfied themselves that HCAG is able to make the commitments it has made to the Company. In doing this, the Directors have noted that HCAG has made an assessment of the impact of the Ukraine crisis. Whilst HCAG is not able to make a reliable forecast of the overall impact as a result of the Ukraine crisis, its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 continue to be prepared on a going concern basis, whilst recognising that there will be volatility in energy markets ahead.

Thus the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.5 Financial instruments

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

The Company's financial assets comprise amounts owed by group undertakings.

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost where they are financial assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and represents the amount measured at initial recognition less repayments of principal plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The ECL required for other debt instruments is determined using a three stage model.

• At the initial recognition of the financial asset an expected credit loss provision is recorded for the twelve month period following the reporting date. Any interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Financial instruments (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

- If the credit risk of that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, a loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is recorded. Any interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. Should the significant increase in credit risk reverse within subsequent reporting periods then the expected credit losses on the financial instrument revert to being measured based on an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses.
- If objective evidence of impairment exists, a loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is recognised. Any interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowing and payables, net of directly attributable transactions costs.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise amounts owed to group undertakings.

Financial liabilities which are neither contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, held for trading, nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.6 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are held at historical cost less provision for impairment.

1.7 Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Income tax is charged or credited to other comprehensive income if it relates to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income. Similarly, income tax is charged or credited directly to equity if it relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity. Otherwise income tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.8 Exceptional items

The Company presents as exceptional items those material items of income and expense which, because of their nature and expected infrequency of the events giving rise to them, merit separate presentation to allow shareholders to understand better the elements of financial performance in the year, so as to facilitate comparison with prior periods and to assess better trends in financial performance.

1.9 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Impairment of investments

The Company reviews investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates for impairment if there are any indications that the carrying values may not be recoverable. The carrying value of these investments is compared to the recoverable amount and where a deficiency exists, an impairment charge is considered by management.

The recoverable amount represents the net assets of the investment at the time of the review or where applicable is represented by an estimate of future cash flows expected to arise from the investment. A suitable discount rate is applied to the future cash flows in order to calculate the present value.

Reversals of impairments are recognised where there is a favourable change in the economic assumptions in the period since the provision was made.

Recoverability of amounts owed by group undertakings

The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

3. Auditor's remuneration

Fees for audit services provided to the Company have been borne by other group undertakings. It is not practicable to ascertain what proportion of such fees relates to the Company.

4. Staff costs

The average monthly number of employees, including the Directors, during the year was nil (2020 - nil).

The Directors of the Company are also directors of a number of the group's fellow subsidiaries. The Directors received total remuneration of £963,000 (2020 - £918,000), which was paid by various fellow subsidiaries. The Directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as Directors of the Company and their services as directors of fellow subsidiary companies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5. Exceptional items

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Impairment of fixed asset investments	(207)	(541)

During the current year the Company partially impaired its investment in Smiths Concrete Limited by £206,000 and fully impaired its investment in Mendip Rail Limited by £1,000 to reflect the changes in the underlying net assets.

In the prior year the Company partially impaired its investment in Smiths Concrete Limited by £541,000 to reflect the change in the underlying net assets.

6. Interest receivable

		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Interest receivable from group companies	1	5
7.	Taxation		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Current income tax		
	Current UK corporation tax on profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
	Total current tax		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7. Taxation (continued)

Reconciliation of the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2020 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	559 ——————	(536)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 -19%) Effects of:	106	(102)
Non-taxable provision for impairment in investments	39	103
Dividends from UK companies	(145)	-
Group relief	3	4
Transfer pricing adjustments	(3)	(5)
Total tax charge for the year	-	-

Change in corporation tax rate

The main rate of corporation tax increases from 19% to 25% on 1 April 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £000	Investments in joint ventures £000	Total £000
Cost			
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	84,846	15,445	100,291
Impairment			
At 1 January 2021	43,289	6,772	50,061
Charge for the period	-	207	207
At 31 December 2021	43,289	6,979	50,268
Net book value			
At 31 December 2021	41,557	8,466	50,023
At 31 December 2020	41,557	8,673	50,230

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings

The investments in which the Company directly (*) or indirectly held any class of share capital are as follows:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Hanson Crewing Services Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
Hanson Aggregates South Wales Holdings Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary 'A'	100%	Investment holding company
		Ordinary 'B'	100%	
		Restricted Ordinary	100%	•
A.R.C. (Western) Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Group finance company
ARC South Wales Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Group finance company
ARC South Wales Mortar Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Group finance company
ARC South Wales Quarries Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Investment holding company
ARC South Wales Surfacing Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Group finance company
		Preference	100%	
Hanson Aggregates South Wales Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Investment holding company
Drew Group Holdings Limited *	England and Wales	Ordinary 'C'	100%	Dormant

^{*} denotes a direct investment.

The registered office of Drew Group Holdings Limited is Caird Avenue, New Milton, BH25 5PX.

The registered office of all other investments listed above is Hanson House, 14 Castle Hill, Maidenhead, SL6 4JJ.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Joint ventures

The investments in which the Company directly (*) or indirectly held any class of share capital are as follows:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
North Tyne Roadstone Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary 'B'	100%	Non-trading
New Milton Sand and Ballast Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary 'C'	100%	Aggregates
Smiths Concrete Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary 'B'	100%	Concrete
Mendip Rail Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary 'B'	100%	Transportation
Humber Sand and Gravel Limited*	England and Wales	Ordinary 'A'	100%	Non-trading
Holme Sand & Ballast LLP	England and Wales	Members capital	50%	Aggregates
New Milton Concrete Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Concrete
Solent Industrial Estates Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Property and land
W.G. Hibbs & Co. Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant

On 14 June 2021, H. H. & D. E. Drew Limited changed its name to New Milton Sand and Ballast Limited.

The registered office of North Tyne Roadstone Limited is Portland House, Bickenhill Lane, Solihull, Birmingham, B37 7BQ.

The registered office of New Milton Sand and Ballast Limited, Holme Sand & Ballast LLP, New Milton Concrete Limited, Solent Industrial Estates Limited, and W.G. Hibbs & Co. Limited is Caird Avenue, New Milton, Hampshire, BH25 5PX.

The registered office of Smiths Concrete Limited is Enslow, Kidlington, Oxford, OX5 3AY.

The registered office of Mendip Rail Limited is Bardon Hall, Copt Oak Road, Markfield, Leicestershire, LE67 9PJ.

The registered office of Humber Sand and Gravel Limited is CEMEX House, Evreux Way, Rugby, Warwickshire, CV21 2DT.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

9. Debtors

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	24,354	23,588

Included within amounts owed by group undertakings is an amount of £3,600,000 (2020 - £2,834,000) which accrues interest at overnight GBP LIBOR which is yet to transition to SONIA (Sterling Overnight Index Average). The remaining amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free. All amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand.

Following the financial crisis, the reform and replacement of benchmark interest rates such as GBP LIBOR and other inter-bank offered rates ('IBORs') has become a priority for global regulators. SONIA replaced GBP LIBOR on 1 January 2022. There are key differences between GBP LIBOR and SONIA. GBP LIBOR is a 'term rate', which means that it is published for a borrowing period (such as three months or six months) and is 'forward looking', because it is published at the beginning of the borrowing period. SONIA is a 'backward-looking' rate, based on overnight rates from actual transactions, and it is published at the end of the overnight borrowing period. Furthermore, LIBOR includes a credit spread over the risk-free rate, which SONIA currently does not. To transition existing contracts and agreements that reference GBP LIBOR to SONIA, adjustments for term differences and credit differences will need to be applied to SONIA, to enable the two benchmark rates to be economically equivalent on transition.

The replacement of LIBOR is not expected to materially impact the financial statements of the entity when adopted in 2022. No other changes to the terms of the floating-rate instruments are anticipated.

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	26,801	26,801

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

11. Share capital

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
82,608 (2020 - 82,608) ordinary shares of £1 each	83	83

The Company has no authorised share capital limit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 8(k) of FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries in the group headed by HeidelbergCement AG. Balances outstanding at 31 December with related parties, are as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts owed by ultimate parent undertaking	3,600	2,834
Amounts owed by indirect parent undertaking Amounts owed to immediate parent undertaking	20,754 (24,000)	20,754 (24,000)
Amounts owed to direct subsidiary undertaking	(2,801)	(2,801)
	(2,447)	(3,213)

13. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Hanson Building Materials Europe Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is HeidelbergCement AG, a company registered in Germany. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by HeidelbergCement AG. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of HeidelbergCement AG may be obtained from Berliner Strasse 6, D 69120 Heidelberg, Germany.