Rule 4 223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments

S.192

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986 For official use To the Registrar of Companies Company Number 02444970 Name of Company (a) Insert full name of (a) IBJ Nomura Financial Products (UK) Plc Company (b) Insert full name(s) and We(b) Timothy Walsh **Peter Greaves** PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP address(es) 7 More London Riverside London 7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT SE1 2RT

the liquidators of the Company attach a copy of our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed 1. Wald

Date 11/1/19 2014

Presenter's name, Kristy Wall address and reference PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (if any) Benson House, 33 Wellington Street, Leeds,

WEDNESDAY

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16/07/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Company's registered number

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of liquidator

IBJ Nomura Financial Products (UK) PIc

02444970

Members

28/12/2000

27/06/2014

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules
 - (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount (£)
Date	Of whom received	Brought Forward	Amount (£) 1,801,017 17
		•	
		Carried Forward .	1,801,017 17

Not being VAT registered, amounts are stated gross of VAT which is irrecoverable

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Disbursements

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount (£)
		Brought Forward	1,800,045 05
	1		
			ļ
:			
ı			
-			4 222 245 55
		Carried Forward	1,800,045 05

Not being VAT registered, amounts are stated gross of VAT which is irrecoverable

Analysis of balance	٤	
Total realisations	1,801,017 17	
Total disbursements		1,800,045 05
•	Balance £	972 12
The Balance is made up as follows -		
Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00	
2 Balance at Bank	972 12	
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
4 *Amounts invested by liquidator Less the cost of investments realised	£	
Balance		0 00
Total balance as shown above	£	972 12

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors
Floating charge holders
Unsecured creditors

£
47,909,471,000 00

0 00

0 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash 10,000,002 00 Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash 0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Litigation
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed 12 months