

**Quickmarsh Limited**  
**Registered number:**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**as at 31 March 2019**

2419996

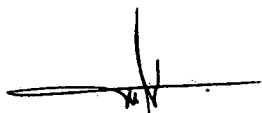
	Notes	2019 £	2017 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	3	1,650,418	1,408,402
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>473,734</u>	<u>452,702</u>
		2,124,152	1,861,104
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	4	(1,332,985)	(1,153,447)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>791,167</u>	<u>707,657</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>791,167</u>	<u>707,657</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		2,000	2,000
Profit and loss account		789,167	705,657
<b>Shareholder's funds</b>		<u>791,167</u>	<u>707,657</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.



I Swaidani  
 Director

Approved by the board on 19 December 2019



**Quickmarsh Limited**  
**Notes to the Accounts**  
**for the period from 1 January 2018 to 31 March 2019**

**1 Accounting policies**

***Basis of preparation***

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

***Turnover***

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

***Debtors***

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

***Creditors***

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

***Taxation***

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

***Provisions***

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

***Foreign currency translation***

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

**Quickmarsh Limited**  
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***Leased assets***

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

***Pensions***

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

<b>2 Employees</b>	<b>2019 Number</b>	<b>2017 Number</b>
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>
<b>3 Debtors</b>	<b>2019 £</b>	<b>2017 £</b>
Trade debtors	1,640,247	1,388,850
Other debtors	<u>10,171</u>	<u>19,552</u>
	<u>1,650,418</u>	<u>1,408,402</u>
<b>4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>2019 £</b>	<b>2017 £</b>
Trade creditors	1,328,615	1,148,448
Other creditors	<u>4,370</u>	<u>4,999</u>
	<u>1,332,985</u>	<u>1,153,447</u>

**5 Pension commitments**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees only. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £15,469 (2017: £40,867).

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**6 Related party transactions**

**Web Print UK Limited**

Under common control

Web Print UK Limited is the ultimate controlling party, and trades with Quickmarsh Limited on normal business terms. At 31st March 2019, the balance between the two companies was £nil. (2017 - £nil).

**7 Other information**

Quickmarsh Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit B1

Eastern Approach, Alfreds Way

Barking

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