COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 2416272

IML GROUP PLC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2013

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

CONTENTS	PAGE
Officers and professional advisers	1
The directors' report	2
Independent auditor's report to the shareholders	6
Profit and loss account	8
Group balance sheet	9
Balance sheet	10
Group cash flow	11
Notes to the financial statements	13

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors

P N Jago

S Jago

Company secretary

P N Jago

Registered office

Blair House

184/186 High Street

Tonbridge Kent TN9 1BE

Auditor

Shipleys LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 10 Orange Street

Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 March 2013

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company. Turnover in the year fell by 13% against the previous year, which benefited from xSolutions, an exhibition planned as an annual event. Support for such frequency in spite of the relative success of the first show, did not reach levels to encourage a second event, which was cancelled some months prior to its projected opening.

While our customers' marketing teams were talking of plans to increase promotional spend - talk that had influenced the decision to run a second xSolutions - the conversion to spending commitment remained firmly in the hope rather than action category

Only our Soft Media Revenues (emarketing, digital publishing and on line activities) showed any growth in the year. While our Regional Events and Awards programmes prospered, the loss of xSolutions saw overall revenue from face to face activity fall by 39%.

As a result, soft media and traditional print income respectively increased to a 21% (2012 19%) and 65% (2012 61%) share of total income. This leaves us some way off the 50 50 balance between print and all other marketing services that is our target but also suggests the consistent prediction of the imminent demise of old fashioned, touchable publishing may be as inaccurate as ever. Certainly, the price attraction and modernity of "new media" and the social networking it supports, is still a long way from market dominance. This may be because a targeted print product not only works effectively in its own right but is still the best driver of audiences to electronic media.

In the face of continued bank pressure to cut our overdraft, which produced additional cash flow problems over and above those emanating from the contagion of caution afflicting our advertisers, IML has had to find other methods to produce profit from declining income Where in the past we may have earned support from our bank to grow the business, all IML has experienced in the past four years of Natwest involvement is a continual requirement to lower the bank's exposure. This, in a business that each year has produced profit in spite of the harsh and competitive market conditions in which it operates.

The ability to take our titles electronically to a wider audience than could be achieved through a physical product, has brought considerable savings whilst allowing wider market penetration than would otherwise be viable. In 2012/13 this approach resulted in a reduction of 20% in the cost of manufacture, in spite of huge increases in Royal Mail distribution costs.

After 35 years in business, a number of our long serving employees retired. This plus an aggressive review of our service operation has seen the employee level fall by almost a quarter and while some of this effect will be seen in the next year, administration costs fell by 18% to year end 2013.

These factors have enabled the Company to lift profit before tax in 2013 to some 90% above those of the previous year. However there is a limit to cost savings based profit growth, which IML has probably now reached.

Key performance indicators

(i) Turnover Number of sales staff, 2013 - £205,116 per sales staff (2012 - £197,644 per sales staff) (ii) Debt collection period, 2013 - 49 days (2012 - 61 days) (iii) Gross profit margin, 2013 - 23% (2012 - 21%)

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

We have to recognise that the future of IML lies in new markets. Our core products rooted as they are in UK manufacturing industry, survive in declining markets likely neither to completely disappear nor attract the levels of promotional expenditure they once experienced

Electronic communication of business data in all forms will grow in acceptance and influence Our ability to harness modern delivery methods will be worth nothing to users - and therefore our customers - if we fail to maintain the ability to inform, interest and involve our database of decision taking readers, through a medium of their preference

So our concentration will continue to be focused on the production of original editorial content, to meet the needs of readers of significant influence, in the decision hierarchy of operations with the most business potential for our advertisers

Our content must continue to be available through all the delivery methods communications technology offers our reader marketplace. Our UK only distributions must be widened to embrace emerging markets of significance to our customers, recognising the international value of our editorial content and expanding our revenue base.

And we must return to the requirement that enabled the Company's success thirty five years ago of a new market launch, each year, for the next five years

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £136,842. The directors have not recommended a dividend

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Details of the company's financial risk management objectives and policies are included in note 16 to the accounts

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

P N Jago S Jago

MARKET VALUE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS

In the opinion of the directors the net realisable value of the freehold property included in tangible fixed assets is substantially lower than the current carrying amount. However, as there is no intention to sell the property and the value in use is considered to be higher than the carrying value no adjustment has been made in the financial statements.

POLICY ON THE PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

The company's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to

- settle the terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction,
- ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment, by inclusion of the relevant terms in contracts, and
- pay in accordance with the company's contractual and other legal obligations

On average, trade creditors at the year end represented 89 days purchases (2009 58 days)

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that year

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the group's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

DONATIONS

During the year the company made the following contributions

	2013	2012
	£	£
Charitable	500	650
		

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

AUDITOR

Shipleys LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

Registered office Blair House 184/186 High Street Tonbridge Kent TN9 1BE

Signed on behalf of the directors

P N JAGO Director

Approved by the directors on

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF IML GROUP PLC

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements ("the financial statements") of IML Group Pic for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Group Balance Sheet and Company Balance Sheet, Group Cash Flow and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF IML GROUP PLC (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or

certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

STEPHEN RYMAN (Senior Statutory

Auditor)

For and on behalf of

SHIPLEYS LLP

Chartered Accountants

& Statutory Auditor

10 Orange Street Haymarket London WEXH 7DQ

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
GROUP TURNOVER	2	3,281,850	3,755,241
Cost of sales		(2,507,172)	(2,965,031)
GROSS PROFIT		774,678	790,210
Administrative expenses		(552,364)	(622,353)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	222,314	167,857
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	17 (59,254)	34 (81,792)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		163,077	86,099
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(26,235)	(30,897)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	8	136,842	55,202

All of the activities of the group are classed as continuing

The group has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above

The company has taken advantage of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to publish its own Profit and Loss Account

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2013

		201	13	201	12
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		4,084,282		4,084,282
Tangible assets	10		692,199		710,484
			4,776,481		4,794,766
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	61,484		48,575	
Debtors	13	551,611		770,534	
Cash at bank		968,803		988,166	
		1,581,898		1,807,275	
CREDITORS. Amounts falling					
due within one year	14	(2,123,538)		(2,548,134)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(541,640)		(740,859)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	TLIAE	BILITIES	4,234,841		4,053,907
CREDITORS: Amounts falling					
due after more than one year	15		(552,201)		(508,109)
			3,682,640		3,545,798
			-		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	20		776,863		776,863
Revaluation reserve	21		1,282,394		1,282,394
Profit and loss account	21		1,623,383		1,486,541
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	22		3,682,640		3,545,798

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on , and are signed on their behalf by

PN IAGO

BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2013

		201	13	20	12
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	11		2,228,723		2,228,723
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	13	26,372		36,920	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	14	(133,259)		(133,259)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(106,887)		(96,339)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	T LIABI	LITIES	2,121,836		2,132,384
CREDITORS: Amounts falling					
due after more than one year	15		(1,344,936)		(1,355,470)
			776,900		776,914
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	20		776,863		776,863
Profit and loss account	21		37		51
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			776,900		776,914

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on , and are signed on their behalf by

P N JAGO

Company Registration Number 2416272

GROUP CASH FLOW

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	2013		2012	
	£	£	£	£
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		34,004		204,456
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE Interest received Interest paid	17 (59,254)		34 (81,792)	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		(59,237)		(81,758)
TAXATION		(27,494)		(18,053)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sale of fixed assets	(993) 5		- -	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM	_			
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE		(988)		-
CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING		(53,715)		104,645
FINANCING Repayment of bank loans Net inflow/(outflow) from other long-term creditors	(23,795) 67,887		(20,052) (70,789)	
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM FINANCING	- ·	44,092	***************************************	(90,841)
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH		(9,623)		13,804
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PRO	FIT TO NET C	CASH INFLO	OW FROM	
		2013 £		2012 £
Operating profit Depreciation (Increase)/decrease in stocks Decrease in debtors Decrease in creditors		222,314 19,273 (12,909) 218,923 (413,597)		167,857 23,533 8,301 72,234 (67,469)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		34,004		204,456

The notes on pages 13 to 23 form part of these financial statements

GROUP CASH FLOW

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT

		13	20	
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the	£	£	£	£
period	(9,623)		13,804	
Net cash outflow from bank loans Net cash (inflow) from/outflow from	23,795		20,052	
other long-term creditors	(67,887)		70,789	
		(53,715)	İ	104,645
Change in net debt		(53,715)		104,645
Net debt at 1 April 2012		(726,816))	(831,461)
Net debt at 31 March 2013		(780,531)		(726,816)
ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT				
		At		At 31 Mar
			Cash flows	2013
Net cash		£	£	£
Cash in hand and at bank		988,166	(19,363)	968,803
Overdrafts		(1,206,873)	9,740	(1,197,133)
		(218,707)	(9,623)	(228,330)
Debt				
Debt due after 1 year		(508,109)	(44,092)	(552,201)
Net debt		(726,816)	(53,715)	(780,531)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practise), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated profit and loss account and balance sheet include the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 March 2008

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts

Goodwill

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal instalments over its estimated useful economic life

Exhibitions

Profits on exhibitions are taken to the profit and loss account in the period of the exhibition. Where costs in respect of an exhibition are incurred in a period prior to the exhibition, such amounts are taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise unless there is reasonable certainty that the exhibition will result in a profit

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets represent publishing rights and titles, databases and exhibition rights Publishing rights in respect of well established titles with readily ascertainable market values on the basis of their estimated minimum market values. In accordance with the requirements of FRS 10 the values are reviewed annually. Having no finite economic life, amortisation is not provided.

Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets include investment properties valued by the directors on an existing use open market basis. Other tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Fixtures & Fittings

20% straight line

Equipment

20% straight line

The directors consider that the level of repairs and maintenance on freehold buildings will result in high residual values and long economic lives such that any depreciation charge would be immaterial

Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Pension costs

During the year the group operated two separate defined contribution pension schemes for the directors and staff. The staff scheme is closed and a new stakeholder scheme has been set up for employees. The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contributions payable by the group during the year.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing publishing rights or property to market value, as the company does not intend to sell the revalued assets

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision of diminution in value

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the group

An analysis of turnover is given below

	2013	2012
	£	£
United Kingdom	2,611,226	3,163,169
Europe	404,083	322,451
Other	266,541	269,621
	3,281,850	3,755,241

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2013	2012
	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	19,273	23,533
Operating lease costs		
- Plant and equipment	4,480	4,369
- Other	64,000	77,500
Net loss on foreign currency translation	-	20,140
Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial		
statements	10,000	10,000
Auditor's remuneration - other fees	31,275	42,952
	·	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	2013 £	2012 £
Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial statements	10,000	10,000
Auditor's remuneration - other fees		
- Local statutory audit of subsidiary	8,000	8,000
- Taxation services	9,500	9,500
- Non- audit work	13,775	25,452
	31,275	42,952

4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the group during the financial year amounted to

2013	2012
No	No
12	12
9	9
16	19
37	40
<u></u>	
	No 12 9 16

The aggregate payroll costs of the above were

	2013	2012
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,162,049	1,322,039
Social security costs	129,858	131,529
Other pension costs	76,768	62,986
	1,368,675	1,516,554

5. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services were

	2013	2012
	£	£
Remuneration receivable Value of company pension contributions to	99,810	99,622
money purchase schemes	34,200	18,000
	134,010	117,622

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

5. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension schemes was as follows

		2013 No	2012 No
	Money purchase schemes		1
6	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Interest payable on bank borrowing Other similar charges payable	52,135 7,119	39,082 42,710
		59,254	81,792
7	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Current tax		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 20% (2012 - 20%)	26,235	30,897
	Total current tax	26,235	30,897

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2012 - 20%)

	2013 £	2012 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	163,077	86,099
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	32,615	17,220
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of	6,503	16,912
depreciation	(243)	(3,235)
Utilisation of tax losses	(12,640)	-
Total current tax (note 7(a))	26,235	30,897

8 LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The loss dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company was £(14) (2012 - £18)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

9. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Publishing rights £
COST At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	4,084,282
AMORTISATION At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2013	4,084,282
At 31 March 2012	4,084,282

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Freehold	Fixtures &		Tetal
	Property £	ritings £	Equipment £	Total £
COST OR VALUATION	~	~	-	-
At 1 Aprıl 2012	658,855	11,868	115,476	786,199
Additions	-	_	993	993
Disposals		(295)	(13,951)	(14,246)
At 31 March 2013	658,855	11,573	102,518	772,946
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 April 2012	_	11,100	64,615	75,715
Charge for the year	-	242	19,031	19,273
On disposals	_	(295)	(13,946)	(14,241)
At 31 March 2013		11,047	69,700	80,747
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2013	658, <u>855</u>	526	32,818	692,199
At 31 March 2012	658,855	768	50,861	710,484

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

11. INVESTMENTS

Company	Group companies £
COST At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	2,228,723
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2013 and 31 March 2012	2,228,723

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate value of the company's investment in subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amount included in the balance sheet. The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Industrial Media Limited, a publisher of business magazines, who are registered in England and Wales.

12. STOCKS

	Group		Company	
	2013 £	2012 £	2013 £	2012 £
Papers, wrappers and sundry				
consumables	61,484	48,575	_	-
				

13 DEBTORS

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	456,491	631,707	_	_
Other debtors	5,540	44,076	_	_
Prepayments and accrued income	89,580	94,751	26,372	36,920
	551,611	770,534	26,372	36,920

14. CREDITORS. Amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Compa	any
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£	£	£	£
Secured redeemable loan stock	126,408	126,408	126,408	126,408
Overdrafts	1,197,133	1,206,873	_	_
Trade creditors	341,904	492,285	-	-
Other creditors including taxation ar	nd social secu	rity		
Corporation tax	27,215	28,474	_	_
Other taxation and social security	266,772	382,440	2,171	2,171
Other creditors	61,616	74,840	4,680	4,680
Accruals and deferred income	102,490	236,814	_	
	2,123,538	2,548,134	133,259	133,259

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

14. CREDITORS. Amounts falling due within one year (continued)

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company

	Group		Comp	any
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£	£	£	£
Debenture loans		252,816	_	126,408
Overdrafts	_	1,206,873	_	_
	_	1,459, 6 89	_	126,408

15. CREDITORS. Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Comp	oany
	2013 £	2012 £	2013 £	2012 £
Bank loans and overdrafts Amounts owed to group	124,989	148,784	-	_
undertakings Other creditors including	_	_	1,273,640	1,159,293
Other creditors	355,916	163,148	_	_
Secured redeemable loan stock	71,296	196,177	71,296	196,177
	552,201	508,109	1,344,936	1,355,470

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company

	Group		Company	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£	£	£	£
Debenture loans	_	392,354		196,177
Bank loans and overdrafts	_	148,784	_	148,784
			_	
	-	541,138	_	344,961

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets and undertaking of the group

The bank loans are repayable by fixed monthly instalments including interest which is charged at 5% above the Natwest bank base rate

Other loans are repayable on 31 March 2016

The secured redeemable loan stock is repayable at the option of either the stockholders or the company. The stock bears interest at 2% below Barclays Bank base rate. The interest becomes due upon repayment of the principal loan. The redeemable loan stock is secured against all freehold property and all other tangible and intangible assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

15. CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

The following aggregate liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are due for repayment after more than five years from the balance sheet date

	Group		Company	
	2013 £	2012 £	2013 £	2012 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	31,199	73,310	_	_
Other creditors	24,474	46,831	_	_
	55,673	120,141		

16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company and group's financial instruments comprise bank balances, bank overdrafts, trade creditors, trade debtors and loans to the company. The main purpose of these instruments is to raise funds for the group's operations and to the finance the group's operations.

Due to the nature of the financial instruments used by the company and group there is no exposure to price risk. The group's approach to managing other risks applicable to the financial instruments is shown below

In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of overdrafts at floating rates of interest. The group makes use of money market facilities where funds are available.

In respect of loans these comprise loans from directors and loans from financial institutions. The interest rate on the loans from financial institutions is variable but the quarterly repayments are fixed. The group manages the liquidity risk by ensuring there are sufficient funds to meet payments. The interest rates on the loans from directors are variable and the loans payable on demand. The directors are aware of the group's required finance and have determined that these will only be repaid, in whole or in part, when finance is available.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits

Trade creditors liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

17. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 March 2013 the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Group	Land and buildings		
	2013	2012	
	£	£	
Operating leases which expire			
Within 2 to 5 years	64,000	77,500	

18 CONTINGENCIES

The company has a contingent liability in respect of a cross-guarantee given to Natwest Bank for the bank loans and overdrafts of Industrial Media Limited, a subsidiary company At 31 March 2012, these bank loans and overdrafts totalled £1,197,133 (2012 £1,206,873)

19 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

P N Jago is a member of the IML Directors Pension Scheme The company occupies properties owned by the scheme at open market value rentals of £64,000 (2012 - £77,500)

A loan of £53,840 (2012 £66,385) was due to the scheme at the year end, of which £53,840 (2012 £66,385) bears interest at a fixed rate of 7 5%. During the year, IML has made payments for expenses and VAT on behalf of the scheme, resulting in a balance due to the scheme at the year end of £940 (2012 £34,244 due from the scheme)

Half of the secured redeemable Loan Stock of £197,704 (2012 £322,585) is due to settlements in which P N Jago has material interests

No other transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8

20 SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital.

	2013	2012
	£	£
241,072 Ordinary shares of £1 each	241,072	241,072
20,000 Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	200	200
675,000 Deferred ordinary shares of £1 each	675,000	675,000
83,928 Ordinary 'B' Shares shares of £1 each	83,928	83,928
	1,000,200	1,000,200

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

20. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2013		2012	
	No	£	No	£
17,754 Ordinary shares of £1 each 18,138 Ordinary shares of £0 01	17,754	17,754	17,754	17,754
each 675,000 Deferred ordinary shares	18,138	181	18,138	181
of £1 each 83,928 Ordinary 'B' Shares shares	675,000	675,000	675,000	675,000
of £1 each	83,928	83,928	83,928	83,928
	794,820	776,863	794,820	776,863

21. RESERVES

Group	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account
Balance brought forward Profit for the year	1,282,394 —	1,486,541 136,842
Balance carried forward	1,282,394	1,623,383
Company		Profit and loss account
Balance brought forward Loss for the year		51 (14)

The revaluation reserve at the year end relates to group intangible assets which are valued in accordance with the accounting policy stated above

37

22 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2013	2012
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	136,842	55,202
Opening shareholders' funds	3,545,798	3,490,596
Closing shareholders' funds	3,682,640	3,545,798

23. CONTROL

Balance carried forward

The ultimate controlling party is P N Jago, a director and shareholder of the company

IML GROUP PLC MANAGEMENT INFORMATION YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

The following pages do not form part of the statutory financial statements which are the subject of the independent auditor's report on pages 6 to 7

DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	2013		2012	
	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER		3,281,850		3,755,241
COST OF SALES				
Production costs	(846,255)		(1,047,111)	
Editorial costs	(121,466)		(113,427)	
Journal services	(161,236)		(263,834)	
Advertising costs	(292,229)		(302,520)	
Wages and salaries	(937,243)		(1,080,378)	
National insurance contributions on				
direct labour	(106,175)		(112,775)	
Staff pension scheme costs	(42,568)		(44,986)	
		(2,507,172)	<u> </u>	(2,965,031)
GROSS PROFIT		774,678		790,210
OVERHEADS				
Administrative expenses		(552,364)		(622,353)
OPERATING PROFIT		222,314		167,857
Bank interest receivable		17		34
		222,331		167,891
Interest payable and similar charges		(59,254)		(81,792)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		163,077		86,099

NOTES TO THE DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	2013		2012	
	£	£	£	£
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES				
Personnel costs				
Directors salaries	99,810		99,622	
Directors national insurance				
contributions	11,430		11,545	
Directors pension contributions	34,200		18,000	
Wages and salaries	124,996		142,039	
Employers national insurance	10.070		7.000	
contributions	12,253		7,209	
		282,689		278,415
Establishment expenses		,		·
Rent	64,000		77,500	
Rates	61,515		58,260	
Light and heat	10,470		8,627	
Insurance	10,124		18,922	
Repairs and maintenance	9,828		33,298	
		155,937		196,607
General expenses		100,801		190,007
Travel and subsistence	18,081		10,995	
Telephone	2,847		1,669	
Equipment leasing	4,480		4,369	
Staff welfare	2,875		9,322	
Sundry expenses	14,483		2,634	
Donations	500		650	
Entertaining	_		5,094	
Legal and professional fees	10,693		8,505	
Accountancy fees	23,275		34,952	
Auditors remuneration	10,000		10,000	
Depreciation	19,273		23,533	
		106 507		111 722
Financial costs		106,507		111,723
Bad debts written off	<u>_</u>		8,400	
Bank charges	7,231		7,068	
Foreign currency gains/losses	7,201		20,140	
Totalgh dunional gamenados				_
		7,231		35,608
		552,364		622,353
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		. —		
Bank interest receivable		<u>17</u>		34
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR	R CHARGES			
Bank interest payable		52,135		39,082
Other similar charges		7,119		42,710
		59,254		81,792