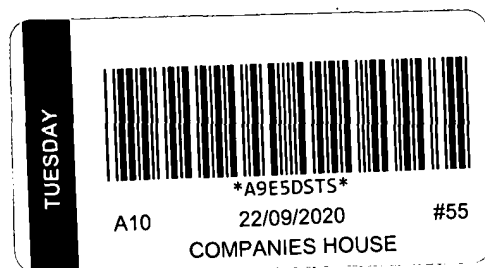


Cofton Irish Investments Limited
Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 December 2019



Company Number: 2398604

Cofton Irish Investments Limited

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Cofton Irish Investments Limited

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2019

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

Principal Activity

The company's principle activity is that of property investments.

Results and Dividends

The profit for the financial year amounted to £1,777 (2018 - £9,581).

Directors

The directors who served during the financial year are as follows:

Pierce Molony
Judith Molony

There were no changes in shareholdings between 31 December 2019 and the date of signing the financial statements.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Political Contributions

The company did not make any disclosable political donations in the current financial year.

Cofton Irish Investments Limited

DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2019

Statement of directors' Responsibilities and Declaration on Unaudited Financial Statements

The directors made the following statement in respect of the unaudited financial statements:

"General responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A (Small Entities). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements

In relation to the financial statements comprising the Abridged Income Statement, the Abridged Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes:

The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to Blank, all the company's accounting records and provided all the information, books and documents necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2019."

Special provisions relating to small companies

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board


Pierce Molony
Director

3 September 2020


Judith Molony
Director

3 September 2020

Cofton Irish Investments Limited
ABRIDGED INCOME STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Gross profit		-	14,184
Administrative expenses		1,777	(4,603)
Profit before taxation		1,777	9,581
Tax on profit		-	-
Profit for the financial year		1,777	9,581
Total comprehensive income		1,777	9,581

Cofton Irish Investments Limited

Company Number: 2398604

ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 31 December 2019

Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Current Assets		
Debtors	70,770	99,335
Cash and cash equivalents	1,846	665
	<u>72,616</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>(72,946)</u>	<u>(102,107)</u>
Net Current Liabilities	<u>(330)</u>	<u>(2,107)</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	<u>(330)</u>	<u>(2,107)</u>
Capital and Reserves		
Called up share capital	100	100
Income statement	(430)	(2,207)
Equity attributable to owners of the company	<u>(330)</u>	<u>(2,107)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities).

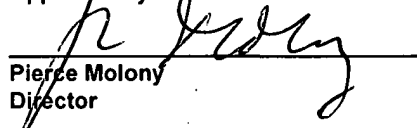
All of the members have consented to the preparation of abridged accounts in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

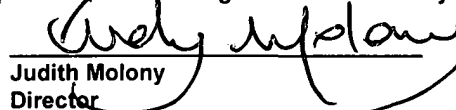
For the financial year ended 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors confirm that the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the financial year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit and loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 3 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by


Pierce Molony
Director


Judith Molony
Director

Cofton Irish Investments Limited
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
as at 31 December 2019

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2018	-	(11,788)	(11,788)
Profit for the financial year	-	9,581	9,581
At 31 December 2018	100	(2,207)	(2,107)
Profit for the financial year	-	1,777	1,777
At 31 December 2019	100	(430)	(330)

Cofton Irish Investments Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Cofton Irish Investments Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom. Suite 1, 3rd Floor, 11-12 St James's Square, London, SW1Y 4LB is the registered office, the principal place of business of the company is 6 Fitzwilliam Street Lower, Dublin 2 Ireland. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Pound Sterling (£) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2019 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements a party is considered to be related to the company if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries to control the company or exercise significant influence over the company in making financial and operating policy decisions or has joint control over the company;
- the company and the party are subject to common control;
- the party is an associate of the company or forms part of a joint venture with the company;
- the party is a member of key management personnel of the company or the company's parent, or a close family member of such as an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- the party is a close family member of a party referred to above or is an entity under the control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the company or of any entity that is a related party of the company.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the company.

Employee benefits

The Company has no employees.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Statement of Financial Position date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income Statement.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 0.00|0, (2018 - 0).

4. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2019.

5. EVENTS AFTER END OF REPORTING PERIOD

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.