COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Pierce G Molony

Judith D Molony

SECRETARY

Jordon Company Secretaries Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

20-22 Bedford Row

London WCR 4JS

REGISTERED NUMBER

2398604

BANKERS

I.C.C. Bank Plc

Harcourt Street,

Dublin 2, Ireland.

Allied Irish Banks PLC

O'Connell Street,

Dublin 1, Ireland

AUDITORS

M. J. O'Connor & Co.,

Certified Public Accountants,

64 North Strand Road,

Dublin 3, Ireland

And At

66-67 Chandos Place,

London, W2CN 4HG

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2000.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of property investment.

Business review and future developments

The Company plans to continue its present activities in property rentals.

Results and dividends

The profit for the period amounted to £123,712 (1999 - £134,232). A dividend of £148,581 has been paid (1999 - £11,733) and the remainder has been transferred to reserves.

Directors

The directors of the Company are set out on page 1. All of the directors served throughout the period.

None of the directors have a beneficial interest in the shares of the Company as defined by the Companies Act 1985.

The interest of the directors in the shares of the ultimate holding company Bumalda Investments are discussed in the financial statements of that company.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Directors Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true & fair view of the state of the affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors have;

- Selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently.
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- Followed applicable accounting standards and
- Prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

The auditors, Michael J. O'Connor & Co., are willing to continue in office, and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

The report of the directors was approved by the Board on 24th September 2001 and signed on its behalf by;

Pierce G Molony

Director

AUDITORS REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

COFTON IRISH INVESTMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 12 which have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies set out on page 8.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 3 the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31st December 2000 and of it's profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

M J. O'Connor & Co.,

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Certified Public Accountants

64 North Strand Road, Dublin 3. 24th September 2001.

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COFTON IRISH INVESTMENTS LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Note	Period ended 31 st December 2000	Period ended 31st December 1999
			£
Turnover – continuing operations	2	173,546	189,666
Gross Profit		173,546	189,666
Administrative expenses		(24,965)	(47,909)
Operating profit – continuing operations	3	148,581	141,757
		140 501	141.858
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	148,581 (24,869)	141,757
Dividend paid	0	(148,581)	(7,525) (11,733)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial period		(24,869)	<u>122,499</u>

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the period stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

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COFTON IRISH INVESTMENTS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS & LOSSES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Period ended 31 December 2000	Period ended 31 December 1999
Profit/(Loss) for the financial period Foreign currency exchange differences	£ (24,869) (24,465)	£ 122,499 20,572
Total Recognised gains / (losses)	(53,334)	143,071

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Period ended 31 December 2000	Period ended 31 December 1999
Total recognised gains/losses Opening Shareholders funds	£ (53,334) 353,344	£ 143,071 210,273
Closing Shareholders funds	300,010	353,344

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COFTON IRISH INVESTMENTS LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Note	Period ended 31 December 2000	Period ended 31 December 1999
		£	£
Fixed Assets Investment Properties	9	1,866,003	1,866,003
Current Assets Debtors Cash at bank & in hand	10	12,898 28,574	- 163,730
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	41,472 (1,607,365)	163,730 (1,703,901)
Net current liabilities		(1,565,893)	(1,540,171)
Total assets less current liabilities		300,110	325,832
Net Assets		<u>300,110</u>	<u>325,832</u>
Capital & Reserves Called up share capital Investment revaluation reserve Profit & loss account	12 13 13	100 339,538 (39,528)	100 339,538 13,806
Equity Shareholders' funds		300,110	325,832

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 24th September 2001 and signed on its behalf by:

Pierce & Molony

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2000

1. <u>ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain land and buildings.

Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The trading results are translated into sterling at the average rate for the period. Exchange differences arising in respect of the revenue transactions in the accounting period are included in the profit and loss account. Other exchange differences are taken to reserves.

Turnover

Turnover comprises rent and charges to clients and the invoiced value of properties sold excluding value added tax.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period for the period and takes into account taxation deferred or accelerated because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounting and taxation purposes.

Provision for deferred taxation is made under the liability method only to the extent that it is probable that the liability will become payable in the foreseeable future.

Investment Properties

Investment properties are re-valued annually and the surplus or deficit is transferred to Revaluation Reserve. In accordance with SSAP 19 no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold properties with over 20 years to run.

The directors consider that this accounting policy results in the accounts giving a true & fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount, which might otherwise have been shown, cannot be separately identified & quantified.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2000

2. TURNOVER

Period ended	Period ended	
31 December	31 December	
2000	1999	

Rents receivable

175,546

189,666

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is arrived at after charging

Period ended	Period ended
31 December	31 December
2000	1999

Auditors remuneration

928

1,335

4. EMPLOYEES

The company had no employees during the period

5. DIRECTORS

The directors did not receive any emoluments during the period (1999 - £nil)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2000

6.	TAXATION		
		Period ended 31 December 2000	Period ended 31 December 1999
	Corporation tax	24,869	7,525
7.	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		
		Period ended 31 December 2000	Period ended 31 December 1999
	At 31 December 1999	1,866,003	1,866,003
	At 31 December 2000	1,866,003	1,866,003
8.	DEBTORS		
		Period ended 31 December 2000	Period ended 31 December 1999
	Trade debtors	12,898	-
		12,898	