Company Registration No: 02392350

## **PATALEX II PRODUCTIONS LIMITED**

# DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 September 2009

WEDNESDAY

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31/03/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Group Secretariat
The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc
Gogarburn
P.O. Box 1000
Edinburgh
EH12 1HQ

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## **OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS**

DIRECTORS: S'Caterer

P Sullivan R Warren J Rogers

SECRETARY: C Whittaker

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Quadrangle

The Promenade Cheltenham Gloucestershire

**Deloitte LLP** 

GL50 1PX

Bristol

Registered in England and Wales.

**AUDITORS:** 

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009

#### **ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW**

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 417 (1) of the Companies Act 2006

The principal activity of the Company is to carry on the business of developing, making, producing, distributing, exhibiting (by any means now or hereafter becoming known) and otherwise exploiting cinematograph films and video and sound recordings, manufacturing, buying, selling and otherwise dealing in cinematograph films, video recordings and any material on which video or sound recordings can be made and all types of equipment capable of being used in connection with the manufacture or processing of cinematograph films or such material for the production, exhibition or playing of cinematograph films or video or sound recordings

The retained profit for the period was £117,000 (2008 £98,000) and this was transferred to reserves. The directors do not recommend that a final dividend be paid (2008 £nil)

The directors do not anticipate any material change in either the type or level of activities of the Company

The directors, having made such enquiries as they considered appropriate, including regarding the continuing availability of sufficient resources from the Group, have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. They considered the financial statements of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc for the year ended 31 December 2009, approved on 24 February 2010, which were prepared on a going concern basis.

#### **DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY**

The present directors and secretary, who have served throughout the year except where noted below, are listed on page 1

From 1 October 2008 to date the following changes have taken place

	Appointed	Resigned
Directors		
l Shephard		10 February 2009
J Rogers	16 March 2009	-

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued**

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, International Accounting Standard 1 requires that directors.

- properly select and apply accounting policies,
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information,
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance, and
- make an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- a) so far as he/she is aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- b) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006

## **AUDITORS**

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

R Warren

Director

Date 31 March 2010

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PATALEX II PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Patalex II Productions Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 September 2009 which comprise the income statement, the statement of recognised income and expense, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related Notes 1 to 19. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,

have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or

the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or

the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors report

Simon Cleveland (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

**Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors** 

Bristol, United Kingdom

31 March 2010

## INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 30 September 2009

	Note	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
CONTINUING OPERATIONS		2000	2000
Revenue	3	900	942
Administrative expenses	4	-	(11)
OPERATING PROFIT	4	900	931
Finance costs	6	(738)	(780)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		162	151
Tax charge	7	(45)	(53)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16	117_	98_

## STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE for the year ended 30 September 2009

	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Profit for the year	117	98
Total recognised income and expense for the year	117	98

BALANCE SHI	EET
-------------	-----

as at 30 September 2009			
	Note	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Finance lease receivables	9	20,431	21,749
CURRENT ASSETS			
Finance lease receivables	9	2,144	2,042
Trade and other receivables	10	2	3
Cash and cash equivalents	11	2,116	2,015
		4,262	4,060
TOTAL ASSETS		24,693	25,809
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	(315)	(321)
Borrowings	13	(2,490)	(905)
		(2,805)	(1,226)
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	13	(14,397)	(16,896)
Deferred tax liabilities	14	(6,882)	(7,195)
		(21,279)	(24,091)
TOTAL LIABILITIES		(24,084)	(25,317)
		(2.1,00.1)	(25,5)
NET ASSETS		609	492
EQUITY			
Share capital	15	-	-
Retained earnings	16	609	492
TOTAL EQUITY			400
TOTAL EQUIT		609	492

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2010 and signed on its behalf by

R Warren Director

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 30 September 2009

	Note	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	17	1,015	3,064
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayments of borrowings		(914)	(1,072)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(914)	(1,072)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		101	1,992
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,015	23
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	11	2,116	2,0 <u>15</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the EU. The Company in addition to complying with its legal obligation to comply with IFRS as adopted for use in the European Union, also complies with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies are set out below

The directors do not believe the adoption of any Standards or Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective will have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company

The judgements and assumptions involved in the Company's accounting policies which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are those that relate to the criteria for assessing whether substantially all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of leased assets are transferred to other entities

The accounts, which should be read in conjunction with the Directors' Report, are prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with IFRS

#### b INCOME UNDER FINANCE LEASES

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Finance lease income, which includes the amortisation of the investment in the lease, is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the leases

#### c BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred

#### d TAXATION

Provision is made for taxation at current enacted rates on taxable profits

Deferred taxation is accounted for in full for all temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability for accounting purposes and its carrying amount for tax purposes. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered.

#### e FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial asset categories are finance lease receivables and loans and receivables. Loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet

The Company's financial liabilities are all categorised as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. This comprises 'Borrowings' and 'trade and other payables' in the balance sheet.

The Company does not account for any financial asset or trabilities at fair value through profit or loss

#### f AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE UNDER FINANCE LEASES

A lease is recognised when there is a contractual right to the asset's cash flows and derecognised when all contractual rights and obligations expire. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the net investment in the leases. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income.

Progress payments made prior to the commencement of the primary lease are included at cost together with the amount of any interest charged on such payments

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

#### a TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are measured on initial recognition at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value.

#### h CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

#### BORROWINGS

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

#### TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

#### k OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated before charging or crediting investment income and finance costs

#### 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### a Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates

The Company's policy is to avoid interest rate risk by matching the maturity of the lease and its associated loan finance and fixing the cost of borrowing at the inception of the lease when the effective interest rate in the lease is determined

#### b Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company minimises currency risk by ensuring its leases and associated financing is in the same currency.

#### c Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk arising from the possibility that the Company will incur losses from the failure of counterparties to meet their obligations. Credit risk is managed through The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Group Credit Risk Management Framework to enable the Group to achieve appropriate risk versus reward performance whilst maintaining credit risk exposure in line with approved risk appetite on a Group basis. The Framework encompasses credit risk assessment prior to the approval of any credit exposure, and the control and monitoring of these exposures against approved limits.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - continued

#### d Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due

Any maturity mis-match within the overall long-term structure of the Company's assets and liabilities is managed to ensure that term asset commitments may be funded on an economic basis over their life. The short-term maturity structure of the Company's liabilities and assets is managed on a daily basis to ensure that all cash flow obligations can be met as they arise.

#### e Capital management

The Company is a member of a group with regulatory disciplines over the use of its capital. Although the Company itself is not regulated it aims to maintain capital resources commensurate with the nature, scale and risk profile of its business. It regards its capital as the total equity as shown on the balance sheet.

3	REVENUE	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Finance leases		
	Rentals receivable Amortisation	2,020 (1,120)	1,924 (982)
	<u> </u>	900	942
	The Company did not enter into any new leasing transactions during the year (2008 £n	ıl)	
4	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Operating profit has been arrived at after charging	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Fees & commissions Management charge	<u> </u>	10 1
	==		11
	Costs incurred in respect of audit services to the Company are included in the manager	nent charge as show	n below
		£	£
	Auditors' remuneration - for audit services	564	651
5	STAFF COSTS		
	All directors are employed and remunerated by The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, which company in the year (2008 nil)	did not make a recha	rge to the
	The average monthly number of employees was nil (2008 nil)		
6	FINANCE COSTS	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Interest payable to group undertakings	738	780

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7 TAXATION	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
A) ANALYSIS OF TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
Current tax charge - Group relief payable on profit for the year	358	328
	358	328
Deferred tax - origination and reversal of timing differences - Current year	(313)	(275)
Tax charge	45	53
B) FACTORS AFFECTING THE TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
Profit before tax	162	151
Tax on profit at the rate of 28% (2008 blended rate of 29%) Impact of rate change from 30% to 28%	45	44 9
Tax charge	45	53
The standard corporation tax rate changed from 30% to 28% effective from 1 April	2008	

## 8 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by category

	Carrying value 2009 £'000	Fair value 2009 £'000	Carrying value 2008 £'000	Fair value 2008 £'000
Finance lease receivables	22,575	23,490	23,791	23,242
Loans and receivables				
Trade and other receivables	2	2	3	3
Cash and cash equivalents	2,116	2,116	2,015	2,015
Financial assets	24,693	25,608	25,809	25,260
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cos	t			
Trade and other payables	315	315	321	321
Borrowings	16,887	17,802	17,801	15,237
Financial liabilities	17,202	18,117	18,122	15,558_

Where the interest rate on the finance lease and the borrowings have been fixed by way of an interest rate swap in the parent company the fair value has been calculated by adjusting the carrying value by the associated mark to market ansing on the swap

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - Continued

b) Financial instrument - carrying amount by market risk exposure	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Interest rate risk	2000	2000
Financial assets		
- variable rate	2,116	2,015
- fixed rate	22,575	23,791
- non-interest bearing	2	3
	24,693	25,809
Financial liabilities		
- fixed rate	16,887	17,801
- non-interest bearing	315	321
	17,202	18,122

If market interest rates had been 2% (2008 1%) higher or lower the profit or loss and equity of the Company would have been £8,000 higher or lower (2008 no material affect on profit or loss)

	quality and concentration of credit risk sure and neither past due nor impaired	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Sector	No of counterparties		
Fılm	1	22,575	23,791
Group undertak	ings	2,118	2,018
		24.693	25.809

Based on counterparty payment history the Company considers all the above financial assets to be of good credit quality

In respect of the film lease ABN Amro has issued to the Company a letter of credit for a credit exposure of £21,823,000 (2008 £22,929,000)

## d) Liquidity risk

Contractual cash flows payable to maturity on financial liabilities on an undiscounted basis

2009	Less than 1 year £'000	In the 2nd year £'000	3 to 5 years £'000	Over 5 years £'000
Trade payables Borrowings	315 3,244 3,559	1,850 1,850	5,893 5,893	12,039
2008				
Trade payables Borrowings	321 1,646 1,967	1,728 1,728	5,665 5,665	12,508 12,508

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9 FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES	Gross investment in lease		Present value of minimum lease payments	
	2009 £'000	2008 £'000	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Amounts receivable under finance leases				
Within one year	2,222	2,116	2,144	2,042
In the second to fifth years inclusive	10,055	9,577	8,823	8,404
After five years	15,669	18,370	11,608	13,345
	27,946	30,063	22,575	23,791
Less unearned finance income	(5,371)	(6,272)	N/A	N/A
Present value of minimum lease payments receivable	22,575	23,791	22,575	23,791
Analysed as				
Non-current finance lease receivables (recoverable after 12 months)			20,431	21,749
·	ase receivables (recoverable within 12 months)		2,144	2,042
			22,575	23,791

The Company has entered into finance leasing arrangements for a large film deal. The average term of the finance leases entered into is 16 years

Unguaranteed residual values of assets leased under finance leases at the balance sheet date are estimated at £nil (2008 £nil)

The interest rate inherent in the leases is determined at the contract date for all the lease term. The average effective interest rate contracted approximates 3.8% (2008–3.8%) p.a.

10 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Other debtors	2	3
11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Bank account with group undertakings Short term deposits with group undertakings	2,116 	2,015
	2,116	2,015

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Amounts due to group undertakings	315	321
13	BORROWINGS	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Loan amount due to group undertakings	16,887	17,801
	The borrowings are repayable as follows		
	On demand or within one year In the second year In the third to fifth year inclusive After five years	2,490 1,145 4,259 8,993	905 1,022 3,836 12,038
	Less Amounts due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	(2,490)	(905)
	Amounts due for settlement after 12 months	14,397	16,896
	A right of set-off exists over the Company's bank account with The Royal Bank of Sco advances made to the Company's immediate holding company and its subsidiaries.  The effective interest rate on the loan is 4 5% (2008 4 5%) p a	iana pio againsi	
14	DEFERRED TAX		
	Movements during the year		Deferred taxation £'000
	At 1 October 2007 Credit to income statement		7,470 (275)
	At 1 October 2008 Credit to income statement		7,195 (313)
	At 30 September 2009		6,882
	Full provision has been made for the potential amount of deferred taxation shown belo	ow 2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Accelerated capital allowances on assets financed Other temporary differences	6,819 63	7,122 73
		6,882	7,195

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15	SHARE CAPITAL	2009	2008	2009	2008
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	Numb	er of shares	£	£
	Authorised	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	Issued, called up and fully paid	2	2	2	2
	The Company has one class of ordinary voting	shares which carr	y no right to fixed in	come	
16	RETAINED EARNINGS				
				000.3	
	Balance at 1 October 2007			394	
	Profit for the financial year			98	
	Balance at 1 October 2008			492	
	Profit for the financial year			117	
	Balance at 30 September 2009			609	
17	NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT			2009	2008
				£'000	£'000
	Profit before tax			162	151
	Adjustments for				
	Interest expense			738	780
	Decrease in receivables Decrease in payables			1,217 (3)	1,073 (4)
	·				
	Cash generated by operations			2,114	2,000
	Income taxes (paid)/received			(363)	1,855
	Interest paid			(736 <u>)</u>	(791)
	Net cash from operating activities			1,015	3,064

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 18 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On 1 December 2008, the UK Government through HM Treasury became the ultimate controlling party of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group pic The UK Government's shareholding is managed by UK Financial Investments Limited, a company wholly owned by the UK Government

The Company's ultimate holding company is The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and its immediate parent company is Royal Bank Leasing Limited Both companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland

As at 30 September 2009, The Royal Bank of Scotland Group pic heads the largest group in which the Group is consolidated and The Royal Bank of Scotland pic heads the smallest group in which the Group is consolidated. Copies of the consolidated accounts of both companies may be obtained from The Secretary, The Royal Bank of Scotland Group pic, Gogarburn, PO Box 1000, Edinburgh EH12 1HQ

	2009	2008
Royal Bank Leasing Limited	£'000	£'000
,		
Transactions during the period		
- Management charge paid to related party	-	1
- Interest on loan paid to related party	736	780
<ul> <li>Group relief paid to/(received from) related party</li> </ul>	363	(1,855)
- Loan repaid to related party	(914)	(1,072)
- Reimbursement of deposit	(2,015)	
Balances at year end		
Group relief owed to related party	(282)	(286)
Outstanding balance owed to related party	(16,920)	(15,821)
The Royal Bank of Scotland plc		
Bank account with group undertakings	2,116	-
The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees has no provisions have been made for doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by	•	eceived.

ABN AMRO bank NV

Letter of credit issued to Patalex II Productions Limited 21,823 22,929

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, ABN AMRO Bank NV and Royal Bank Leasing Limited are fellow subsidiaries of the ulitimiate holding company The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc

#### 19 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company currently has an ongoing enquiry from HMRC in relation to the lease within this Company. At this stage it is not possible to quantify any potential cost that may arise