Registration number: 02383522

PARHAM INVESTMENT LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Edwards & Keeping

Chartered Accountants

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr J R Drax

Mr P S Dove Mr E Q Drax Mrs L H Catford

Company secretary Mr J R Drax

Registered office Unity Chambers

34 High East Street

Dorchester Dorset DT1 1HA

Auditors Edwards & Keeping

Chartered Accountants

Unity Chambers 34 High East Street

Dorchester Dorset DT1 1HA

(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02383522) BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 Note		2019	
	11010	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investment property	<u>4</u>		74,485,000		65,660,000
Investments		_	70	_	70
			74,485,070		65,660,070
Current assets					
Debtors	<u>6</u>	14,000,885		14,748,798	
Creditors : Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(16,733,867)	_	(19,840,831)	
Net current liabilities		_	(2,732,982)	_	(5,092,033)
Total assets less current liabilities			71,752,088		60,568,037
Provisions for liabilities		_	(4,258,052)	_	(1,875,727)
Net assets		=	67,494,036	=	58,692,310
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital		15,000,000		15,000,000	
Revaluation reserve		28,137,760		22,227,784	
Profit and loss account		24,356,276	_	21,464,526	
Total equity		=	67,494,036	=	58,692,310

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 20 September 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mrs L H Catford Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Unity Chambers 34 High East Street Dorchester Dorset DT1 1HA

The principal place of business is: 3rd Floor 18 Wells Street London W1T 3PG

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Audit report

The Independent Auditor's Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report on 20 September 2021 was Howard Jones BA (Hons) FCCA, who signed for and on behalf of Edwards & Keeping.

Exemption from preparing group accounts

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements, on the grounds that it is a small sized group.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for rents receivable on properties held as investment properties in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

The Company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, derived from the current market prices for comparable real estate determined annually. The valuers use observable market prices, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the Group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment. Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 4 (2019 - 4).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

4 Investment properties

	2020 £
At 1 January	65,660,000
Additions	20,846
Disposals	(550,000)
Fair value adjustments	9,354,154
At 31 December	74,485,000

The investment properties class of fixed assets was revalued on 1 July 2020 by Colliers International Valuation UK LLP who are external to the company. The basis of this valuation was market value. This class of assets has a current market value of £74,485,000 (2019 - £65,660,000).

The directors consider the value of the investment properties at 31 December 2020 to be unchanged from the valuation figures provided by Colliers International on 1 July 2020.

5 Investments

	2020 £	2019 £
Investments in subsidiaries	70	70
Subsidiaries		£
Cost At 1 January 2020		70
Provision		
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2020		70
At 31 December 2019		70

Details of undertakings

Details of the investments in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Undertaking	Registered office	Holding	Proportion of voting rights and shares held	
			2020	2019
Subsidiary undertakings				
The Royce Trading Estate				
and Management Company	England & Wales	Ordinary	70%	70%
Limited		•		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Subsidiary undertakings

The Royce Trading Estate and Management Company Limited

The principal activity of The Royce Trading Estate and Management Company Limited is to manage the amenity premises on the Royce Trading Estate. The company is a not for profit mutual trading company. Its financial period end is 31 March. The profit for the financial period of The Royce Trading Estate and Management Company Limited was £- and the aggregate amount of capital and reserves at the end of the period was £100.

6 Debtors

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the	10		
company has a participating interest	10	13,657,412	13,652,409
Other debtors		343,473	1,096,389
	_	14,000,885	14,748,798
7 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the	10		
company has a participating interest	10	15,533,959	18,683,641
Accruals and deferred income		1,199,908	1,146,123
Other creditors		<u> </u>	11,067
		16,733,867	19,840,831

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of guarantees not included in the balance sheet is £24,750,000 (2019 - £25,750,000). The group has a bank loan facility; the loan capital is secured on the investment and development properties held within the group and the investment in shares of the subsidiary companies held by Parham Holdings Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

10 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with parent

Parham Holdings Limited - 100% parent company

Inter company loan account

Balance is repayable on demand

All transactions of the company are made via the parent company and transferred to the subsidiary via an inter-company loan account transfer. The parent has also recharged interest charges of £597,000 and management charges of £1,484,000 to this company.

Summary of transactions with all subsidiaries

Parham Development Limited - a fellow 100% subsidiary of Parham Holdings Limited Inter-company loan account Transfer of property

Balance is repayable on demand

Loans from related parties

Parent	Total
Ł	£
18,683,641	18,683,641
1,484,000	1,484,000
(5,230,682)	(5,230,682)
597,000	597,000
15,533,959	15,533,959
Parent	Total
£	£
21,407,000	21,407,000
(3,547,443)	(3,547,443)
824,084	824,084
18,683,641	18,683,641
	£ 18,683,641 1,484,000 (5,230,682) 597,000 15,533,959 Parent £ 21,407,000 (3,547,443) 824,084

Terms of loans from related parties

Inter-company loans are repayable on demand

Loans to related parties

	Subsidiary	Total
2020	£	£
At start of period	13,652,409	13,652,409
Advanced	9,872	9,872
Repaid	(4,868)	(4,868)
At end of period	13,657,413	13,657,413
2019	Subsidiary £	Total £
At start of period	13,575,419	13,575,419
Advanced	162,526	162,526

 Repaid
 (85,536)
 (85,536)

 At end of period
 -8 13,652,409
 13,652,409

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

100% subsidiary

The company's immediate parent is Parham Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The immediate parent company is exempt from preparing consolidated group accounts as the group is small.

The ultimate parent is Beaulieu Property Management Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company is exempt from preparing consolidated group accounts as the group is small.

The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Beaulieu Property Management Limited. These financial statements are available upon request from Companies House

The ultimate controlling party is Mr J R Drax (Director).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.