REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2003

Registered Number:

2376164

Registered Office:

Charlton Place Andover Hampshire SP10 1RE

Directors:

P D Loney (Managing Director)
J A Green

Company Secretary:

S N Slattery

Member of Lloyds TSB Group

AZKHHUF2

A08
COMPANIES HOUSE

0317 01/07/04

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Principal activity and business review

In the year ended 31 December 2003, the company did not trade. Its only income was interest receivable in respect of cash on deposit.

Results and dividends

The profit after taxation for the year ended 31 December 2003 amounted to £178,000 (2002: £(122,000) loss), as set out in the profit and loss account on page 5. No dividend is proposed for the year ended 31 December 2003 (2002: £nil).

Directors

The names of the present directors of the company are shown on page 1.

Mr G W Fillery and Mr J C Pain resigned as directors on 7 February and 1 September 2003, respectively. Mrs J A Green was appointed a director on 7 February 2003. Mr P D Loney was appointed a director and managing director on 1 September 2003.

Reference is made in note 13 on page 11 to the interests of the directors in the capital of Lloyds TSB Group plc, the ultimate parent company, and its subsidiaries.

On behalf of the board

2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF TSB GENERAL INSURANCE SERVICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11, which have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report including, as described below, the financial statements. The United Kingdom Companies Act 1985 requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the year and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute and the auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing. We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the United Kingdom Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company at 31 December 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Pricewate homeloupes UP

Bristol

25 July 2004

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

	Note	2003	2002
		£'000	£'000
Cost of sales		63	(406)
Operating profit / (loss)	3	63	(406)
Interest receivable and similar income	4	191	231
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		254	(175)
Taxation on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	5	(76)	53
Retained profit / (loss) for the financial period	11	178	(122)
Profit brought forward		311	433
Profit carried forward		489	311

The results for the year are wholly attributable to continuing activities.

A reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds is given in note 12 on page 11 to these accounts.

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these accounts.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2003

	Note	As at	As at
		31 December	31 December
		2003	2002
		£'000	£'000
Current assets			
Debtors	6	29	73
Cash and short term deposits with group undertakings		946	5,194
Deferred taxation	7	8	11
		983	5,278
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(494)	(4,561)
Net current assets		489	717
Provision for liabilities and charges	9	-	(406)
Net assets		489	311
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	=	-
Profit and loss account	11	489	311
Equity shareholder's funds	12	489	311

J A Green Director 25 June 2004

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1985.

Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation liabilities arising from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in a taxation computation. Deferred taxation assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured at the average taxation rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on taxation rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Cash flow statement and related party transactions

The company is exempt from producing a cash flow statement since a consolidated cash flow statement prepared in accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 1 is included in the accounts of its ultimate parent undertaking.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

2. Directors' emoluments

No remuneration was paid or is payable by the company to the directors (2002: £nil). The directors are employed by other companies in the Lloyds TSB group and consider that their services to this company are incidental to their other activities within the group.

No directors exercised share options during the year (2002: one).

3. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The company does not directly employ any staff. The costs of employees' services provided to the company are borne by a fellow subsidiary, Lloyds TSB Insurance Services Limited.

Remuneration payable to the auditors for audit work has been borne by a fellow subsidiary company, Lloyds TSB General Insurance Limited, in respect of the year ended 31 December 2003 (2002: £ nil).

4. Interest receivable and similar income

Interest receivable includes £191,000 (2002: £231,000) from group companies.

5. Taxation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

	2003	2002
	£000	£000
UK corporation taxation:		
Current taxation on profit / (loss) for the year	73	(56)
Current taxation charge / (credit)	73	(56)
Deferred taxation charge	3	3
	76	(53)

The charge for taxation on the profit / (loss) for the year is based on a United Kingdom corporation taxation rate of 30% (2002: 30%).

A reconciliation of the current taxation charge for the year to the charge that would result from applying the standard United Kingdom corporation taxation rate to profit before taxation is given below:

	2003	2002
	£000	£000
Taxation charge / (credit) at UK corporation taxation rate of 30%	76	(53)
Other deferred taxation timing differences	(3)	(3)
Current taxation charge / (credit)	73	(56)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

6.	Debtors	-	2002	2002
			2003	2002
			£'000	£'000
	Corporation tax receivable		17	56
	Other debtors		12	17
		=	29	73
— 7.	Deferred taxation			
		Balance at 1 January 2003	(Charge) to the profit and loss account	Balance at 31 December 2003
		£'000	£.000	£'000
	Accelerated capital allowances	11	(3)	8
	Total	11	(3)	8
	There is no unprovided deferred taxation at the year	end (2002: £ nil).	-
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	J J		2003 £'000	2002 £'000
	Amounts falling due within one year:		2000	2000
	Amounts owing to fellow subsidiary undertakings		494	4,561
			494	4,561

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

	Disputed claim
	£'000
Provision brought forward at 1 January 2003	406
Settlement of claim	(343)
Credit to profit and loss account	(63)
Provision carried forward at 31 December 2003	-
The provision relates to a claim against the company, wh 2003.	ich was instigated during 2002 and settled

1000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000 1,000

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

2 Ordinary shares of £1 each 2 2

2003

£

2002

£

The company regarded by the directors as the ultimate parent company is Lloyds TSB Group plc, which is also the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up and of which the company is a member. Lloyds TSB Bank plc is the parent company of the smallest such group of undertakings. Copies of the accounts of both companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary's office, Lloyds TSB Group plc, 25 Gresham Street, London, EC2V 7HN.

11. Reserves

Authorised:

	Profit and loss
	account
	£000
At 1 January 2003	311
Transfer from profit and loss account for the year	178
At 31 December 2003	489

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (continued)

12.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds		
		2003	2002
		£'000	£'000
	Profit / (loss) after tax for the year	178	(122)
	Net increase / (decrease) in shareholder's funds	178	(122)
	Opening shareholder's funds	311	433
	Closing shareholder's funds	489	311

13. Directors' interests

The interests of those who were directors at the end of the year in the capital of Lloyds TSB Group plc are disclosed in the accounts of Lloyds TSB General Insurance Holdings Limited.

14. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard 8, not to disclose details of transactions with the Lloyds TSB Group plc or the subsidiaries and associated undertakings thereof.

In the opinion of the directors, there have been no other transactions with any related parties other than those covered by the above exemption.

15. Contingent liabilities and commitments

In the opinion of the directors, there were no contingent liabilities or commitments requiring disclosure.

16. Date of approval

The directors approved the accounts on 25 June 2004.