Registration number: 02371246

Companion's Haven Ltd.

Annual Report and Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Burton Sweet
Chartered Accountants & Business Advisers
Spencer House
Morston Court
Aisecome Way
Weston-super-Mare
North Somerset
BS22 8NG

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Company Information

Directors H Burgin

K W Pawsey

M H Pawsey

Company secretary KW Pawsey

Registered office 200 Westerleigh Road

Pucklechurch

Bristol BS16 9PY

Accountants Burton Sweet

Chartered Accountants & Business Advisers

Spencer House Morston Court Aisecome Way Weston-super-Mare North Somerset BS22 8NG

(Registration number: 02371246) Balance Sheet

31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	42,757	31,631
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	8,000	8,000
Debtors	<u>6</u>	42,089	44,153
Cash at bank and in hand		37,412	35,217
		87,501	87,370
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(51,632)	(42,921)
Net current assets		35,869	44,449
Net assets		78,626	76,080
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		101	101
Profit and loss account		78,525	75,979
Total equity		78,626	76,080

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 02371246)

Balance Sheet 31 March 2019

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 31 December 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

M H Pawsey Director

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 200 Westerleigh Road Pucklechurch Bristol BS16 9PY

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 March 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Motor Vehicles Depreciation method and rate

NIL and 20% on cost 25% on cost

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 March 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend cistribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2018 - 5).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 March 2019

4 Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals	65,264 1,810 	30,055 18,799 (15,500)	95,319 20,609 (15,500)
At 31 March 2019	67,074	33,354	100,428
Depreciation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal	40,921 1,144 	22,767 8,339 (15,500)	63,688 9,483 (15,500)
At 31 March 2019	42,065_	15,606	57,671
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	25,009	17,748	42,757
At 31 March 2018	24,343	7,288	31,631
5 Stocks		2019 £	2018 £
Other inventories	=	8,000	8,000
6 Debtors		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors Prepayments Other debtors	- -	19,861 1,228 21,000 42,089	21,039 1,210 21,904 44,153
	=	42,089	44,153

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 March 2019

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	2,398	4,560
Taxation and social security	17,259	11,756
Accruals and deferred income	2,150	1,250
Other creditors	29,825	25,355
	51,632	42,921

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.