Registered number: 02361563

HANSON (CGF) FINANCE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors N Benning-Prince R C Dowley

R C Dowley E A Gretton Dr C M Wendt

Company secretary W F Rogers

Registered number 02361563

Registered office Hanson House

14 Castle Hill Maidenhead SL6 4JJ

Independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

2 Glass Wharf Bristol BS2 0FR

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Principal activities and business review

The Company is a group investment holding company.

The profit and loss account and fixed asset investments have been restated as at 1 January 2019 to reduce each by £30,197,000, in order to recognise an additional impairment of £30,197,000 against the Company's investment in Hanson Financial Services Limited to bring the carrying value of the investment in line with the underlying net assets. This restatement was required following a reduction in the underlying net assets of an indirect subsidiary by £30,197,000, due to a restatement of that company's net assets as at 1 January 2019.

During the year, the Company impaired its investment in Hanson Financial Services Limited by £624,000 to bring the carrying value in line with the underlying net assets. This has been treated as an exceptional item.

On 26 August 2020 the Company was assigned intercompany receivables totalling £76,300,000 due from Houserate Limited by several group undertakings to fully settle their liabilities to the Company.

On 1 December 2020 the Company was assigned an intercompany receivable of £443,134,000 due from Houserate Limited by Hanson (CGF) Holdings Limited to fully settle its liability to the Company.

On 3 December 2020 the Company reduced its share capital from £1,676,456 to £2, by the cancellation of 1,676,454 ordinary shares of £1 each, and also reduced its share premium account from £1,174,779,544 to £nil. Subsequently, a dividend in specie of £688,966,000 was declared, which was satisfied by the assignment of an intercompany receivable from Houserate Limited.

These transactions are part of a wider plan to simplify the group structure in the UK.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £624,000 (2019 - £452,000).

A dividend in specie of £688,966,000 (2019 - £nil) was paid during the year. The Directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend (2019 - £nil).

Future developments

The Directors anticipate that the Company will continue as a group investment holding company for the foreseeable future.

Going concern

The impact of COVID-19 on UK businesses is changing on a daily basis and the measures being adopted by the UK Government could have a significant impact in the foreseeable future. On the basis of their assessment of the Company's financial position and relevant enquiries, the Directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

Thus the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Directors

The Directors of the Company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

N Benning-Prince R C Dowley E A Gretton Dr C M Wendt

Directors' indemnity

HeidelbergCement AG has indemnified, by means of directors' and officers' liability insurance, one or more Directors of the Company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force during the year and is in force as at the date of approving the Directors' Report.

The articles of association also provide for the Directors to be indemnified by the Company subject to the provisions of the Companies Act.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

Due to the introduction of EU Regulations regarding audit rotation of the Company's ultimate parent company, HeidelbergCement AG, the Company's previous auditors, Ernst & Young LLP, did not seek re-appointment.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP were appointed as auditors for the year ended 31 December 2020. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP having indicated their willingness to act will continue in office, as auditors of the Company, in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Strategic Report exemption

Wendy F Roys

The Company has taken advantage of section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare a Strategic Report.

This report was approved by the board on 14 October 2021 and signed on its behalf.

W F Rogers Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This Responsibilities Statement was approved by the board on 14 October 2021 and signed on its behalf.

W F Rogers Secretary

Wendy F Kogs

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON (CGF) FINANCE LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Hanson (CGF) Finance Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020; the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON (CGF) FINANCE LIMITED

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2020 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON (CGF) FINANCE LIMITED

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to UK tax legislation, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management basis in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- · Reading board minutes for evidence of breaches of regulations and reading relevant correspondence
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular journal entries posted with unexpected account combinations
- Inquiries of management in respect of any known or suspected instances of non compliance with Laws and Regulations and Fraud

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HANSON (CGF) FINANCE LIMITED

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

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Stuart Couch (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Bristol

Date:

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 £000	2019 £000
Exceptional items - Impairment of fixed asset investment	7	(624)	(452)
Loss before taxation	_	(624)	(452)
Taxation on loss	8	-	-
Loss for the financial year		(624)	(452)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year	_	(624)	(452)

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

HANSON (CGF) FINANCE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02361563

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 £000	As restated 2019 £000
Fixed assets			
Investments Current assets	10	135,081	135,705
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	11	-	688,966
Net assets		135,081	824,671
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	-	1,676
Share premium account	13	-	1,174,780
Profit and loss account	13	135,081	(351,785)
Total equity		135,081	824,671

See note 4 for details of the prior year restatement.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

14" October 2021

R C Dowley Director

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2019	1,676	1,174,780	(321,136)	855,320
Prior year adjustment	•	-	(30,197)	(30,197)
At 1 January 2019 (as restated)	1,676	1,174,780	(351,333)	825,123
Comprehensive expense for the year		•		
Loss for the year	-	-	(452)	(452)
At 1 January 2020	1,676	1,174,780	(351,785)	824,671
Comprehensive expense for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(624)	(624)
Contributions by and distributions to owners				
Capital reduction during the year	(1,676)	(1,174,780)	-	(1,176,456)
Transfer to profit and loss account	-	-	1,176,456	1,176,456
Dividend paid	-	-	(688,966)	(688,966)
Total transactions with owners	(1,676)	(1,174,780)	487,490	(688,966)
At 31 December 2020	-	-	135,081	135,081

See note 4 for details of the prior year adjustment.

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. General information

Hanson (CGF) Finance Limited ("the Company") is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is disclosed in the Company Information.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is also the Company's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand pounds (£'000) unless otherwise stated.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have, unless otherwise stated, been consistently applied to all periods presented.

The Company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group financial statements by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of HeidelbergCement AG as at 31 December 2020 and these financial statements may be obtained from Berliner Strasse 6, D 69120 Heidelberg, Germany.

2.3 Going concern

The impact of COVID-19 on UK businesses is changing on a daily basis and the measures being adopted by the UK Government could have a significant impact in the foreseeable future. On the basis of their assessment of the Company's financial position and relevant enquiries, the Directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

Thus the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

2.5 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable legal right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.6 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2.7 Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Income tax is charged or credited to other comprehensive income if it relates to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income. Similarly, income tax is charged or credited directly to equity if it relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity. Otherwise income tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.8 Exceptional items

The Company presents as exceptional items those material items of income and expense which, because of their nature and expected infrequency of the events giving rise to them, merit separate presentation to allow shareholders to understand better the elements of financial performance in the year, so as to facilitate comparison with prior periods and to assess better trends in financial performance.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Impairment of investments

The Company reviews investments in subsidiaries and other investments for impairment if there are any indications that the carrying values may not be recoverable. The carrying value of the investment is compared to the recoverable amount and where a deficiency exists, an impairment charge is considered by management.

The recoverable amount represents the net assets of the investment at the time of the review or where applicable is represented by an estimate of future cash flows expected to arise from the investment. A suitable discount rate is applied to the future cash flows in order to calculate the present value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies (continued)

Reversals of impairments are recognised where there is a favourable change in the economic assumptions in the period since the provision was made.

Recoverability of amounts owed by group undertakings

The Company reviews the recoverability of amounts owed by group undertakings by reviewing the net assets of the counterparty. If the counterparty has net liabilities a provision is made by management for the amount considered irrecoverable.

4. Prior period adjustment

The profit and loss account and fixed asset investments have been restated as at 1 January 2019 to reduce each by £30,197,000, in order to recognise an additional impairment of £30,197,000 against the Company's investment in Hanson Financial Services Limited to bring the carrying value of the investment in line with the underlying net assets. This has resulted in an increase to the fixed asset impairment as at 1 January 2019 from £337,739,000 to £367,936,000. This restatement was required following a reduction in the underlying net assets of an indirect subsidiary by £30,197,000, due to a restatement of that company's net assets as at 1 January 2019.

5. Auditors' remuneration

Fees for audit services provided to the Company have been borne by other group undertakings. It is not practicable to ascertain what proportion of such fees relates to the Company.

6. Staff costs

The average monthly number of employees, including the Directors, during the year was nil (2019 - nil).

The Directors of the Company are also directors of a number of the group's fellow subsidiaries. The Directors received total remuneration of £918,000 (2019 - £876,000), which was paid by various fellow subsidiaries. The Directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as Directors of the Company and their services as directors of fellow subsidiary companies.

7. Exceptional items

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Impairment of fixed asset investment	(624)	(452)

During the current and prior year, the Company partially impaired its investment in Hanson Financial Services Limited to bring the carrying value in line with the underlying net assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8. Taxation

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Current income tax		
Current tax on loss for the year	-	-
Total current tax		

Reconciliation of the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2019 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Loss before tax	(624)	(452)
Loss multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	(119)	(86)
Effects of:		
Non-tax deductible amortisation of goodwill and impairment	119	86
Group relief	(492)	(1,761)
Transfer pricing adjustments	492	1,761
Total tax charge for the year	<u> </u>	-

Change in corporation tax rate

The main rate of corporation tax is 19% (2019 - 19%). On 3 March 2021, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced that the main rate of corporation tax would increase from 19% to 25% from 1 April 2023.

9. Dividends

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Dividend paid	688,966	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

10. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary company £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	503,641
Impairment	
At 1 January 2020 (as previously stated)	337,739
Prior Year Adjustment	30,197
At 1 January 2020 (as restated)	367,936
Charge for the period	624
At 31 December 2020	368,560
Net book value	
At 31 December 2020	135,081
At 31 December 2019 (as restated)	135,705

Fixed asset investments have been restated to reduce the net book value of investments by £30,197,000, as a result of an increase to the brought forward impairment by £30,197,000 from £337,739,000 to £367,936,000, in order to recognise an additional impairment of £30,197,000 against the Company's investment in Hanson Financial Services Limited to bring the carrying value of the investment in line with the underlying net assets. This restatement was required following a reduction in the underlying net assets of an indirect subsidiary by £30,197,000, due to a restatement of that company's net assets as at 1 January 2019.

During the current and prior year, the Company partially impaired its investment in Hanson Financial Services Limited to bring the carrying value in line with the underlying net assets.

Direct subsidiary undertakings

The investment in which the Company directly held any class of share capital is as follows:

Name Hanson Financial Services Limited	incorporation England and Wales	shares Ordinary	Holding 67%	Principal activity Investment holding company
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

10. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Indirect subsidiary undertakings and associated undertakings

The investments in which the Company indirectly held any class of share capital are as follows:

Name Hanson Finance (2003) Limited	Country of incorporation England and Wales	Class of shares Ordinary	Holding 100%	Principal activity Investment holding company
Marnee Limited V.E.A. Limited *	England and Wales Guernsey	Ordinary B Preference	100% 100%	Dormant Investment holding company

^{*} Registered as UK establishment

The registered office of the investments incorporated in England and Wales is Hanson House, 14 Castle Hill, Maidenhead, SL6 4JJ.

The registered office of V.E.A. Limited is 22 Havilland Street, St Peter Port, Guernsey, Channel Islands, GY1 2QB.

11. Debtors

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	688,966

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

12. Share capital

	2020	2019
Allotted, called up and fully paid	4	~
2 (2019 - 1,676,456) ordinary shares of £1 each	2	1,676,456

During the year, the Company reduced its share capital from £1,676,456, divided into 1,676,456 ordinary shares of £1 each to £2, by cancelling 1,676,454 ordinary shares of £1 each.

13. Reserves

Share premium account

During the year the share premium account of £1,174,779,544 was reduced to £nil and the amount of the reduction was credited to the reserves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

14. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 not to disclose transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries in the group headed by HeidelbergCement AG. Balances outstanding at 31 December with related parties, are as follows:

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	-	7,367
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	-	681,599
	-	688,966

15. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Hanson Overseas Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is HeidelbergCement AG, a company registered in Germany. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by HeidelbergCement AG. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of HeidelbergCement AG may be obtained from Berliner Strasse 6, D 69120 Heidelberg, Germany.