Company Registration No. 02343739 (England and Wales)

JOHN TURNER CONSTRUCTION GROUP LTD ANNUAL REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

John J Clarke - Chairman / Managing Director

Nigel A Sharp - Operations Director

Julian D Haigh, BSc, MRICS - Commercial Director

Pauline M Clarke - Non-Executive Director

Michael T Davies, FCCA (Appointed 01/07/2019)

(Appointed 1 July 2019)

Secretary

Michael T Davies, FCCA

Company number

02343739

Registered/Head office

2 Preston Road Grimsargh Preston Lancashire PR2 5SD

Manchester office

Suite 3b, Paragon House

Seymour Grove Old Trafford Manchester M16 0LN

Liverpool office

15 Hurricane Court

Hurricane Drive

Speke Liverpool L24 8RL

Auditor

Baldwins Audit Services

5th Floor

Ship Canal House 98 King Street Manchester M2 4WU

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Salford Shopping Centre (A) Branch

115 Mather Way

Salford Shopping Centre

Salford M6 5EH

Email address

administration@johnturner.co.uk

Website

www.johnturner.co.uk

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

In the year ended 31 March 2019, the Group has returned another good performance. Turnover reached £76.8m with pre-tax profits at £1.85m. Our Balance Sheet remains strong with key performance measures all improving. Cash now stands at £10.491m and we continue to have no bank or other financial borrowings.

We worked extremely hard throughout the year to maintain our good reputation with various key clients across the region. This has resulted in numerous opportunities for repeat business and in many situations we continue to be the contractor of choice.

All of our staff are extremely proud of the excellent reputation we have earned in the industry. Whilst we maintained our strong public sector presence within the year, in both Health and Education projects, I was extremely pleased to report our excellent performance in new private sector schemes. This element of our business continues to provide up to 40% of turnover. The value of our single project has also increased and recently we have again been awarded contracts where the value of each project exceeds £10m.

Diversity in the sectors in which we work is a priority and enables us to cope with the challenges that are presented in the marketplace.

Again our specialist divisions of bespoke manufactured joinery, electrical works and maintenance returned good results and increased their turnover across the region.

The well-respected career development scheme within the business continued and our yearly intake of apprentices was evident and we now have 20 such personnel employed across our divisions.

The performance of the activities within the business is key to our success and maintaining our ISO accreditations, covering Quality, Health & Safety, Environment and Energy Management, is critical to this. All the above standards were successfully audited and renewed within the year.

We also achieved our 14th Gold Medal in a row from ROSPA and received another President's Award for this exceptional performance – well done to everyone!

Employee engagement is an important aspect of our business and our employee lead charity group (TLC) continued to work tirelessly in raising fund for many good causes. Throughout the year these included Cardiac Risk for the Young, Macmillan and various charities for the homeless to name but a few.

For the year to 31 March 2020 over £73m of Group turnover is currently secured, with also over £28m already secured for the year to 31 March 2021.

I look forward to the future of the business with confidence.

John J Clarke Chairman

12 November 2019

STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Review of the Business

The principal activity of the Group throughout the year continued to be as a building contractor.

The Group has returned a good performance in the current challenging and competitive market. Turnover of £76.8m was achieved (2018: £76.1m) with gross margins of 7.9%. Retained earnings increased the Group's net asset total from £9.054m to £10.195m, an increase of 12.6%.

The Balance Sheet remains strong with key performance measures all improving. Cash has increased by 7.3% to £10.491m and net current assets increased by 9.8% to £9.670m. The Group continues to have no bank or other financial borrowings.

Negotiations regarding the two development projects that the Group is associated with (see note 16) have progressed during the year. With Planning Permission having been granted for a District Centre on the Cottam Site, where we are employed as an Agent for BXB Cottam Properties Limited, negotiations are progressing satisfactorily with both potential key anchor tenants and house builders. Plans continue for new build housing on our Nelson site, utilising the opportunities offered by the Government to boost new housing. The Group remains confident of achieving satisfactory commercial results to both projects.

Developments and future outlook

The directors of the Group continue to look ahead and view the future with confidence. For the year to 31 March 2020, over £73m of Group turnover is currently secured, with also over £28m already secured for the year to 31 March 2021.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Our continuing financial strength enables the Group to successfully manage the key risks and uncertainties facing the sector, in particular the supply chain, by ensuring that both sub-contractors and suppliers are paid on a timely basis.

On behalf of the board

Chairman

12 November 2019

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

John J Clarke - Chairman / Managing Director Nigel A Sharp - Operations Director Julian D Haigh, BSc, MRICS - Commercial Director Pauline M Clarke - Non-Executive Director Michael T Davies, FCCA (Appointed 01/07/2019)

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 8.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £700,000. The directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

Auditor

The auditor, Baldwins Audit Services (previously trading as CLB Coopers Audit Services), is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company, and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's and Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the company is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the company is aware of that information.

Mission statement

The aim of the Group is to provide a professional building service which best meets the needs of our clients.

Through working closely with our clients and their agents, we will aim to find solutions to meet and exceed their requirements.

We shall address resourcefully all types of projects and apply the highest standards of workmanship and integrity in their performance.

In all our activities we shall respect and if possible enhance the environment. The service shall be delivered by:

- employing a competent committed workforce who understand clearly and contribute to the aims of the Group;
- emphasising the highest quality of management, financial strength, and stringent control throughout our operations to provide security for the benefit of clients, shareholders and employees;
- treating respectively all our business relationships to obtain the benefits of the business;
- · rewarding merit by recognition within the Group.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group holds or issues financial instruments in order to achieve three main objectives, being:

- (a) to finance its operations;
- (b) to manage its exposure to interest and currency risks arising from its operations and from its sources of finance; and
- (c) for trading purposes.

In addition, various financial instruments (e.g. trade debtors and trade creditors) arise directly from the Group's operations.

Transactions in financial instruments result in the company assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below.

Credit risk

The investment of cash surpluses is made through banks which must fulfil credit rating criteria approved by the Board. The Group has no borrowings.

All customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. Trade debtors are reviewed on a regular basis and provision is made for doubtful debts when necessary.

Liquidity risk

The Group manages its cash in order to maximise interest income, whilst ensuring the Group has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the business.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Employee involvement

During the year, the policy of providing employees with information about the Group has been continued through the company's newsletter in which employees have also been encouraged to present their suggestions and views on the Group's performance. Regular meetings are held between management and employees to allow a free flow of information and ideas.

Disabled employees

The Group gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person.

Where existing employees become disabled, it is the Group's policy whenever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever appropriate.

By order of the board

Michael T Davies, FCCA

Secretary

12 November 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF JOHN TURNER CONSTRUCTION GROUP LTD

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of John Turner Construction Group Ltd (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the group statement of comprehensive income, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of changes in equity, the group statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF JOHN TURNER CONSTRUCTION GROUP LTD

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF JOHN TURNER CONSTRUCTION GROUP LTD

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's shareholder, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholder those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareolders, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David Clift (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Baldwins Audit Services

12 November 2019

5th Floor Ship Canal House 98 King Street Manchester M2 4WU

GROUP STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	3	76,835,894	76,094,898
Cost of sales		(70,774,441)	(70,076,611)
Gross profit		6,061,453	6,018,287
Distribution costs		(290,664)	(217,144)
Administrative expenses		(3,981,604)	(3,768,479)
Other operating income		10,400	38,969
Operating profit	4	1,799,585	2,071,633
Interest receivable and similar income	8	48,787	36,706
Profit before taxation		1,848,372	2,108,339
Taxation	10	23,670	(415,225)
Profit for the financial year		1,872,042	1,693,114
Other comprehensive income			
Actuarial loss on defined benefit pension		(00.000)	(2.2.2.2.)
scheme		(22,000)	(215,000)
Movement in pension surplus reserve		(15,000)	80,000
Movement on deferred tax relating to pension surplus		6,290	23,000
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,841,332	1,581,114

Total comprehensive income for the year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

GROUP BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

		20	2019)18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	13		1,185,907		1,198,042
Current assets					
Stocks	16	2,252,907		2,384,103	
Debtors	17	16,511,835		14,694,086	
Cash at bank and in hand		10,490,735		9,773,520	
		29,255,477		26,851,709	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	18	(19,585,863)		(18,045,982)	
Net current assets	-		9,669,614		8,805,727
Total assets less current liabilities			10,855,521		10,003,769
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	19		(402,601)		(688,434)
Provisions for liabilities	20		(257,725)		(261,472)
Net assets			10,195,195		9,053,863
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		50,000		50,000
Revaluation reserve			130,762		130,762
Profit and loss reserves			10,014,433		8,873,101
Total equity			10,195,195		9,053,863
					=======

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 November 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

John J Charke

Chairman

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

		20	2019		18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	13		965,878		1,023,986
Investments	14		784,617		784,617
			1,750,495		1,808,603
Current assets					
Stocks	16	2,109,803		2,124,974	
Debtors	17	15,150,620		13,861,619	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,699,372		9,137,385	
		26,959,795		25,123,978	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	18	(18,637,489)		(17,521,793)	
one year		(10,007,400)			
Net current assets			8,322,306		7,602,185
Total assets less current liabilities			10,072,801		9,410,788
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	19		(402,601)		(688,434)
Provisions for liabilities	20		(249,308)		(253,055)
Net assets			9,420,892		8,469,299
Camital and recompa					
Capital and reserves	22		E0 000		E0 000
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve	22		50,000 130,763		50,000
Profit and loss reserves			130,762		130,762
From and loss reserves			9,240,130		8,288,537
Total equity			9,420,892		8,469,299

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 November 2019 and are signed on its/behalf by:

John J Olarke

Director

Company Registration No. 02343739

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Share R capital	evaluation reserve	Profit and loss reserves	Total
Notes	£	£	£	£
	50,000	130,762	7,891,987	8,072,749
•				
	-		1,693,114	1,693,114
	_	-	(215,000)	(215,000)
	-	_		80,000
	-	-	23,000	23,000
-			1,581,114	1,581,114
11	-	-	(600,000)	(600,000)
•	50,000	130,762	8,873,101	9,053,863
•	·			
	-	-	1,872,042	1,872,042
	_	_	(22,000)	(22,000)
	-	_	•	(15,000)
	-	-	6,290	6,290
•			1,841,332	1,841,332
11	-	-	(700,000)	(700,000)
•	50,000	130,762	10,014,433	10,195,195
	11	Capital Notes £ 50,000 -	Notes £ £ 50,000 130,762 11	Notes £ £ £ £ 50,000 130,762 7,891,987 - 1,693,114 - (215,000) - 80,000 - 23,000 - 1,581,114 11 - (600,000) 50,000 130,762 8,873,101 - 1,872,042 - (22,000) - (15,000) - 6,290 - 1,841,332 11 - (700,000)

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

		Share R capital	evaluation reserve	Profit and loss reserves	Total
•	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2017		50,000	130,762	7,334,899	7,515,661
Year ended 31 March 2018:					
Profit for the year		-	-	1,665,638	1,665,638
Other comprehensive income:					
Actuarial losses on defined benefit plans		-	-	(215,000)	(215,000)
Movement on pension surplus reserve		-	-	80,000	80,000
Deferred tax on defined benefit pension scheme		-	-	23,000	23,000
Total comprehensive income for the year				1,553,638	1,553,638
Dividends	11	-	-	(600,000)	(600,000)
Balance at 31 March 2018		50,000	130,762	8,288,537	8,469,299
Year ended 31 March 2019:					
Profit for the year		-	_	1,682,303	1,682,303
Other comprehensive income:					
Actuarial losses on defined benefit plans		-	-	(22,000)	(22,000)
Movement on pension surplus reserve		-	-	(15,000)	(15,000)
Deferred tax on defined benefit pension scheme		-	-	6,290	6,290
Total comprehensive income for the year				1,651,593	1,651,593
Dividends	11	-	-	(700,000)	(700,000)
Balance at 31 March 2019		50,000	130,762	9,240,130	9,420,892

GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

		20	119	20	18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	27		1,992,878		4,395,312
Income taxes paid			(400,750)		(351,237)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	5		1,592,128		4,044,075
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(250,063)		(250,257)	
Proceeds on disposal of tangible fixed					
assets		26,363		66,937	
Interest received		48,787		36,706	
Net cash used in investing activities			(174,913)		(146,614)
Financing activities					
Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(700,000)		(600,000)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(700,000)		(600,000)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalen	ıts		717,215		3,297,461
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	year		9,773,520		6,476,059
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	ar		10,490,735		9,773,520

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

John Turner Construction Group Ltd ("the Company") is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 2 Preston Road, Grimsargh, Preston, Lancashire, PR2 5SD.

The Group consists of John Turner Construction Group Ltd and all of its subsidiaries.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The Company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements for parent company information presented within the consolidated financial statements:

- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A;
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29:
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's profit for the year was £1,682,303 (2018 - £1,665,638 profit).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Group and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they form a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between Group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Balance Sheet, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Group in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Revenue on long-term contracts is ascertained in a manner appropriate to the stage of completion of the contract at the balance sheet date, with due regard to anticipated future costs. Amounts recoverable on such contracts are included within debtors. Payments on account in excess of turnover are included within creditors. Full provision is made for losses on all contracts in the year in which the loss is first foreseen.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property

Motor vehicles

40-50 years

Short term leasehold improvements

15% reducing balance 2-10 years and 25 years

Plant and machinery

4-8 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The group took advantage of the arrangements under FRS 102 which allows the retention of the carrying value of the revalued freehold land and buildings before the transition date of 1 April 2014 to be deemed cost. All additions since this date are stated at cost.

1.6 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at the cost less provision for impairment.

1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Long term work in progress is valued at direct cost. Gross margins on long term contracts are taken when the outcome of a contract can be reasonably foreseen, as a proportion of the estimated profit on the contract which is appropriate to the work carried out in the period. A prudent view is taken of credit for claims made by the Group until agreed. Provision is made for anticipated losses on contracts and claims against the Group as soon as these are identified.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

1.9 Financial instruments

The Group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price including transaction costs, less any impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.11 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement Of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

1.12 Pensions

The Group operates a defined benefits pension scheme and the pension charge is based on a full actuarial valuation dated 5 April 2017. From 31 July 2004 the accrual of benefits for this defined benefit pension scheme ceased.

A defined contribution scheme has been put in place by John Turner Construction Group Ltd as an alternative to the defined benefit scheme and a further defined contribution scheme for the benefit of a director. Wright Build Limited operates two defined contribution schemes. Both companies operate auto enrolment schemes. Defined contribution scheme contributions are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

In relation to the defined benefit scheme, the service cost of the pension provision relating to the period, together with the cost of any benefits relating to past service, is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. A charge equal to the increase in the present value of the scheme liabilities and a credit equivalent to the company's long-term expected return on assets (based on the market value of the scheme assets at the start of the period), are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The difference between the market value of the assets of the scheme and the present value of the accrued pension liabilities is shown as an asset or liability in the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets on the pension liability are recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable. Any difference between the expected return on assets and that actually achieved is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income along with differences which are from experience, gains and losses and changes of assumptions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.13 Operating leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

1.14 Government grants

Government grants are credited to the consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income as the related expenditure is incurred.

1.15 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Provisions for loss making contracts

Where losses on contracts are expected, an appropriate provision is recognised immediately within the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Development projects

The directors consider that the book value of these development projects remain appropriate in the light of the likely development of the sites for which active negotiations are currently taking place and which are expected to result in a full recovery of the costs incurred to date.

3 Turnover and other revenue

Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the group's principal activities.

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

4 Operating profit

	2019	2018
	£	£
Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	252,043	254,578
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(16,208)	(31,529)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Auditor's remuneration	2019	2018
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:	£	£
	For audit services	07 700	07.500
	Audit of the financial statements of the group and company Audit of the company's subsidiaries	27,700 6,710	27,520 6,710
		34,410	34,230
6	Employees		
	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed	by the Group during th	ne year was:
		2019	2018
		Number	Number
	Construction and service	151	143
	Administration and supervision	41	42
	Management	71	72
		263	257
	Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Wages and salaries	9,099,461	8,664,206
	Social security costs	689,879	631,545
	Pension costs	415,796	467,006
		10,205,136	9,762,757
	Directors' remuneration		
7	Directors remuneration	2019	2018
7		2019	20.0
7		£	
7	Remuneration for qualifying services Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes		385,831 103,346

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amounted to 2 (2018 - 3).

455,302

489,177

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

7	Directors' remuneration	(Continued)
	Remuneration disclosed above includes the following amounts paid to the hig	nest paid director:	
		2019 £	2018 £
	Remuneration for qualifying services	176,192	141,749
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	17,090 	51,632
8	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Interest income		
	Interest on bank deposits	48,720	36,406
	Other interest income	67 	300
		48,787	36,706
_			
9	Other finance costs	2019	2018
		£	£
	Fair value gains/(losses) on financial instruments	_	_
	Expected return on pension scheme assets	60,000	73,000
	Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(60,000)	(73,000)
		-	-
	•		
10	Taxation	2019	2018
		2019 £	2018 £
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	344,107	408,400
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(30,588)	8,129
	R&D tax credits in respect of previous periods	(343,479)	
	Total current tax	(29,960)	416,529
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax relating to defined benefit pension scheme	6,290	23,000
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	(24,304)
	Total deferred tax	6,290	(1,304)
	Total tax charge	(23,670)	415,225
			====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

10 Taxation (Continued)

The actual (credit)/charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

		2019 £	2018 £
	Profit before taxation	1,848,372	2,108,339
	Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)	351,191	400,584
	Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	9,881	-
	R&D tax credits in respect of previous periods	(343,479)	-
	Adjustments in respect of prior years	(30,588)	(8,129)
	Other non-reversing timing differences	(7,405)	(31,436)
	Differences between capital allowances and depreciation	(9,560)	31,206
	Deferred tax relating to defined benefit pension scheme	6,290	23,000
	Tax expense for the year	(23,670)	415,225
11	Dividends		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Equity dividends paid	700,000	600,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

12	Intangible fixed assets	
	Group	Goodwill
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	455,170
	Amortisation and impairment	
	At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	455,170
	Carrying amount	
	At 31 March 2019	-
	At 31 March 2018	
	•	
	Company	Goodwill
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	167,452
	Amortisation and impairment	
	At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	167,452
	Carrying amount	
	At 31 March 2019	-
	At 31 March 2018	
	ALST WAIGH 2010	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

13 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Freehold property in	Leasehold nprovements	Plant and M machinery	otor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 April 2018	550,000	129,599	1,432,594	1,001,263	3,113,456
Additions	-	-	132,664	117,399	250,063
Disposals			(33,000)	(107,534)	(140,534)
At 31 March 2019	550,000	129,599	1,532,258	1,011,128	3,222,985
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 April 2018	51,261	106,569	1,165,243	592,341	1,915,414
Depreciation charged in the year	12,816	3,455	100,759	135,013	252,043
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	-	(33,000)	(97,379)	(130,379)
At 31 March 2019	64,077	110,024	1,233,002	629,975	2,037,078
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2019	485,923	19,575	299,256	´ 381,153	1,185,907
At 31 March 2018	498,739	23,030	267,351	408,922	1,198,042
Company		Freehold		otor vehicles	Total
Company		Freehold property £	Plant and M machinery £	otor vehicles ${f \pounds}$	Total £
Cost		property £	machinery £	£ .	£
Cost At 1 April 2018		property	machinery £ 1,265,273	£ . 792,449	£ 2,607,722
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions		property £	machinery £ 1,265,273 125,133	£ 792,449 26,949	£ 2,607,722 152,082
Cost At 1 April 2018		property £	machinery £ 1,265,273	£ . 792,449	£ 2,607,722
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions		property £	machinery £ 1,265,273 125,133	£ 792,449 26,949	£ 2,607,722 152,082
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals		550,000 -	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000)	£ 792,449 26,949 (84,589)	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589)
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019		550,000 -	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000)	£ 792,449 26,949 (84,589)	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589)
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation and impairment		550,000 - - 550,000	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000) 1,357,406	792,449 26,949 (84,589) 734,809	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589) 2,642,215
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2018		550,000 - - 550,000 - 51,261	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000) 	792,449 26,949 (84,589) 734,809	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589) 2,642,215 1,583,736
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2018 Depreciation charged in the year		550,000 - - 550,000 - 51,261	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000) 	792,449 26,949 (84,589) 734,809 498,718 97,710	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589) 2,642,215 1,583,736 205,422
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2018 Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals		550,000 - - 550,000 51,261 12,816	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000) 1,357,406 1,033,757 94,896 (33,000)	£ 792,449 26,949 (84,589) 734,809 498,718 97,710 (79,821)	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589) 2,642,215 1,583,736 205,422 (112,821)
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2018 Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals At 31 March 2019		550,000 - - 550,000 51,261 12,816	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000) 1,357,406 1,033,757 94,896 (33,000)	£ 792,449 26,949 (84,589) 734,809 498,718 97,710 (79,821)	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589) 2,642,215 1,583,736 205,422 (112,821)
Cost At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2018 Depreciation charged in the year Eliminated in respect of disposals At 31 March 2019 Carrying amount		550,000 550,000 550,000 51,261 12,816 	1,265,273 125,133 (33,000) 1,357,406 1,033,757 94,896 (33,000) 1,095,653	792,449 26,949 (84,589) 734,809 498,718 97,710 (79,821) 516,607	£ 2,607,722 152,082 (117,589) 2,642,215 1,583,736 205,422 (112,821) 1,676,337

FRS 102 prescribes that the Group may take the open market value of the freehold land and property at the transition date as the 'deemed cost' of the freehold land and property with the uplift being a non distributable reserve to be held up until eventual disposal, as per FRS 102 Section 35.10d.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

14	Fixed asset investments		Company	
		Notes	2019 £	2018 £
	Investments in subsidiaries	15	784,617 ======	784,617 ———
	Movements in fixed asset investme Company	ents	·	Shares in group undertakings £
	Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019			784,617
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2019			784,617
	At 31 March 2018			784,617 ————

15 Subsidiaries

The company owned 100% of the ordinary share capital of the following subsidiaries at 31 March 2019:

Name of undertaking	Country of incorporation	Nature of business
TL Electrical Services (2002) Limited Wright Build Holdings Limited Wright Build Limited *	United Kingdom United Kingdom United Kingdom	Dormant Non-trading holding company Maintenance and building contractors

^{*} Held indirectly via Wright Build Holdings Limited.

The registered office of every subsidiary above is the same as that disclosed on the contents page for John Turner Construction Group Limited.

16 Stocks

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Raw materials and WIP	129,294	122,698	38,059	37,846
Long term development project	800,003	1,008,336	800,003	1,008,336
Development property and land	1,271,741	1,078,792	1,271,741	1,078,792
Long term contract balances	51,869	174,277		-
,	2,252,907	2,384,103	2,109,803	2,124,974
	=		=======	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

16 Stocks (Continued)

The directors believe that the book value of these development projects remain appropriate in the light of the likely development of the sites for which active negotiations are currently taking place and which are expected to result in a full recovery of the costs incurred to date.

17 Debtors

18

Amounts falling due within one year:	Group 2019 £	2018 £	Company 2019 £	2018 £
Amounts failing due within one year:	L	£	£	L
Trade debtors	1,251,142	814,192	-	-
Amounts recoverable on long term contracts	9,304,304	8,738,958	9,304,304	8,756,304
Corporation tax recoverable	29,274	-	29,274	-
Amounts due from fellow group undertakings	3,078,254	3,078,267	3,078,254	3,078,267
Other debtors	354,066	21,821	352,996	20,751
Prepayments and accrued income	2,242,319	811,216	2,133,316	776,665
	16,259,359	13,464,454	14,898,144	12,631,987
Amounts falling due after one year:				
Amounts recoverable on long term contracts	252,476	314,641	252,476	314,641
Prepayments and accrued income	-	914,991	-	914,991
	252,476	1,229,632	252,476	1,229,632
Total debtors	16,511,835	14,694,086	15,150,620	13,861,619
Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	ar			•
	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Payments received on account	2,124,027	568,722	2,124,027	568,722
Trade creditors	9,542,154	8,264,278	9,026,907	7,836,435
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	_	197,797	200,976
Corporation tax payable	32,784	92,120	-	85,204
Other taxation and social security	1,957,564	2,276,662	1,695,049	2,085,604
Other creditors	224,419	217,109	197,236	178,561
Accruals and deferred income	5,704,915	6,627,091	5,396,473	6,566,291
	19,585,863	18,045,982	18,637,489	17,521,793
		====		=====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Creditors: amounts falling due af		Group		Company	
			2019	2018	2019	2018
			£	£	£	£
	Trade creditors		302,601	588,434	302,601	588,434
•	Amounts owed to group undertaking	gs	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
			402,601 	688,434	402,601	688,434
20	Provisions for liabilities			•		
			Group		Company	
			2019	2018	2019	2018
		Notes	£	£	£	£
	Other provisions		191,612	195,359	191,612	195,359
	Deferred tax liabilities	21	66,113	66,113	57,696 	57,696
			257,725	261,472	249,308	253,055
	Movements on provisions apart from Group	n deferred tax	liabilities:			Other provisions £
	Эгоир					L
	At 1 April 2018			•		195,359
	Net movement in provisions					(3,747
	At 31 March 2019	•				191,612 ———
						Other provisions
	_					£
	Company					
	At 1 April 2018					
						195,359 (3,747)
	At 1 April 2018					195,359 (3,747) ———————————————————————————————————

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

21 Deferred taxation

22

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the Group or Company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	Liabilities 2019	Liabilities 2018
Group	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	49,000	49,000
Revaluations	26,152	26,152
Short term and other timing differences	(9,039)	(9,039)
	66,113	66,113
		
	Liabilities	Liabilities
	2019	2018
Company	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	40,583	40,583
Revaluations	26,152	26,152
Short term and other timing differences	(9,039)	(9,039)
	57,696	57,696
There were no deferred tax movements in the year.		
Share capital		
	-	nd company
	2019	2018
Ordinary share capital	£	£
Issued and fully paid		
50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

23 Retirement benefit schemes

Defined benefit schemes

The Group operates a defined benefit pension scheme for the benefit of a director and certain employees, the assets of which are held in separately administered funds managed by Friends Provident Life and Pensions Limited and the defined benefit scheme trustees. Contributions to the scheme are determined with the advice of independent qualified actuaries on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method. In the course of 2004/05 the accrual of the benefits under the scheme ceased.

The last full actuarial valuation was carried out as at 5 April 2017 and concluded that, subject to the group continuing to make contributions in accordance with the actuary's recommendations set out below, the resources of the scheme are likely in the normal course of events to meet in full liabilities of the scheme as they fall due.

The actuary recommended contributions of £88,000 per annum from 5 April 2014, £79,000 per annum from 6 April 2015 to 5 April 2017 and £85,000 per annum from 6 April 2017 to 5 April 2020 in order to clear the scheme's funding deficit by 5 April 2020 as anticipated in the scheme Recovery Plan arising from this actuarial valuation. A special contribution of £50,000 was made on 5 April 2017, and a further contribution of £254,000 was made in January 2018.

	2019	2018
Key assumptions	%	%
Discount rate	2.46	2.68
Rate of increase in pension payments	3.50	3.40
Rate of increase in deferred pensions	2.50	2.40
Inflation assumptions	3.30	3.20
•	2019	2018
Amounts recognised in the profit and loss account	£	£
Other costs and income	48,000	-
	•	
	2019	2018
Amounts taken to other comprehensive income	£	£
Actual return on scheme assets	(144,000)	(63,000)
Less: calculated interest element	57,000	60,000
Return on scheme assets excluding interest income	(87,000)	(3,000)
Actuarial changes related to obligations	139,000	58,000
Movement in unrecognised plan surplus	(15,000)	80,000
Total costs	37,000	135,000
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

23	Retirement benefit schemes		(Continued)
	The amounts included in the balance sheet arising from obligations in respect of defined benefit plans are as follows:		
		2019	2018
	Group	£	£
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	2,332,000	2,088,000
	Fair value of plan assets	(2,404,000)	(2,175,000)
	Deficit in scheme	(72,000)	(87,000)
	Asset not recognised due to asset ceiling	72,000	87,000
	Total liability recognised	<u>-</u>	
		2019	2018
	Company	£	£
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	2,332,000	2,088,000
	Fair value of plan assets	(2,404,000)	(2,175,000)
	Surplus in scheme	(72,000)	(87,000)
	Asset not recognised due to asset ceiling	72,000	87,000
	Total liability recognised	-	-
	·		
		Group	Company
		2019	2019
	Movements in the present value of defined benefit obligations	£	£
	Liabilities at 1 April 2018	2,088,000	2,088,000
	Past service cost	48,000	48,000
	Actuarial gains and losses	139,000	139,000
	Interest cost	57,000	57,000
	At 31 March 2019	2,332,000	2,332,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

3	Retirement benefit schemes				(Continued)
				Group 2019	Company 2019
	Movements in the fair value of plan as	sets		£	£
	Fair value of assets at 1 April 2018			2,175,000	2,175,000
	Interest income			57,000	57,000
	Return on plan assets (excluding amount	unts included in net intere	st)	87,000	87,000
	Contributions by the employer			85,000	85,000
	At 31 March 2019			2,404,000	2,404,000
	The actual return on plan assets was £ Fair value of plan assets at the reporting	•).		
		Group		Company	
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		£	£	£	£
	Equity instruments	722,000	650,000	722,000	650,000
	Debt instruments	30,000	33,000	30,000	33,000
	Cash	217,000	132,000	217,000	132,000
	Other	13,000	-	13,000	-
	With-Profits policy	1,422,000	1,360,000	1,422,000	1,360,000
		2,404,000	2,175,000	2,404,000	2,175,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

24 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the Group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£,	£	£	£
Within one year	95,610	98,874	90,057	90,057
Between two and five years	304,091	331,524	279,283	304,340
In over five years	298,133	369,830	287,083	352,083
	697,834	800,228	656,423	746,480

25 Related party transactions

During the year, the group carried out development work on behalf of Cottam Hall Properties Limited, a company in which John J Clarke has a controlling interest. At the balance sheet date, work in progress and accrued income relating to Cottam Hall Properties Limited was £1,078,792 (2018: £1,078,792) and £914,991 (2018: £914,991) respectively.

During the year, an amount of £65,000 (2018: £65,000) in relation to rent payable, was paid to Clarke JJ Redswan SIPP, a pension scheme in which John J Clarke is the main beneficiary.

During the year, the group made sales of £113,500 (2018: £49,225) to John J Clarke, a director of the company, in relation to the construction and refurbishment of property. An amount of £1,427 was outstanding from John J Clarke at the balance sheet date (2018: £nil).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7. not to disclose details of transactions with other members of the group.

The following amounts were outstanding with group companies that do not form part of these consolidated accounts at the reporting end date:

	2019 £	2018 £
John Turner Holdings Limited	3,078,254	3,078,254
John Turner Group Limited	(100,000)	(100,000)
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

26 Controlling party

The immediate holding company is John Turner Group Limited. The ultimate controlling company is John Turner Holdings Limited and the ultimate controlling party is John J Clarke by virtue of his majority shareholding.

Copies of John Turner Holdings Limited consolidated financial statements, which include the company, are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

27 Cash generated from group operations

	2019	2018
	£	£
Profit for the year after tax	1,872,042	1,693,114
Adjustments for:		
Taxation (credited)/charged	(23,670)	415,225
Investment income	(48,787)	(36,706)
Gain on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(16,208)	(31,529)
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	252,043	254,578
Pension scheme non-cash movement	(37,000)	(135,000)
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	(3,747)	40,814
Movements in working capital:		
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	131,196	(169,731)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(1,446,375)	1,778,206
Increase in creditors	1,313,384	586,341
Cash generated from operations	1,992,878	4,395,312
		