Buckley Jewellery Limited
Report and Accounts
31 January 2013



Buckley Jewellery Limited Report and accounts Contents

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Buckley Jewellery Limited Company Information

Directors

Mr A J L Buckley (Chief Executive)
Sir W E Peacock (Non Executive Chairman)
Mr N J Thompson
Mrs R E Buckley

Secretary

Mr A Henderson

Auditors

Michael Dack & Company 75 Great George Street Leeds LS1 3BR

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc 33 Park Row Leeds LS1 1LD

Solicitors

Gordons LLP Riverside West Whitehall Road Leeds West Yorkshire LS1 4AW

Registered office

Unit G3, Wyther Lane Industrial Estate Wyther Green Leeds West Yorkshire LS5 3AR

Registered number

02343583

Buckley Jewellery Limited

Registered number

02343583

Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 January 2013

Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be the design and distribution of jewellery

Results and dividends

There was a profit for the year after taxation amounting to £1,427,754 (2012 loss £359,102)

During the year interim dividends of 82 3p per share totalling £1,060,078 were paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend

Review of the business

Turnover for the year ended 31 January 2013 was £13,114,981 an increase of £587,856 compared to last year (2012 £12,527,125) Operating profit was £1,920,288 which is an increase of £616,882 compared to the prior year profit (2012 £1,303,406)

The directors are satisfied with this performance during the year having continued to focus the business on profitable contracts and new customers

Future developments for the business / future outlook

The directors continue to focus the business on product design, innovation and buying expertise in order to further develop sales of the Buckley brand product including the launch of new brands. The directors remain confident that the business will continue to improve profitability in the next financial year.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company uses various financial instruments, these include cash and various items, such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the company's operations. The existence of these financial instruments exposes the company to a number of financial risks, which are reviewed regularly by the directors.

In reviewing these risks the directors take into account all available information covering current and future interest rates and exchange rates. They then set the policy to be adhered to for a set period, at which time they will review the situation and set a new policy if required.

Liquidity risk

The company seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably. Short-term flexibility is achieved by utilising existing cash resources

Credit risk

The principal credit risk arises from the company's trade debtors

In order to manage credit risk the directors set limits for customers based on a combination of payment history and third party credit references. Credit limits are reviewed by the financial controller on a regular basis in conjunction with debt ageing and collection history.

Buckley Jewellery Limited

Registered number

02343583

Directors' Report

Directors

The following persons served as directors during the year

Mr A J L Buckley (Chief Executive)
Sir W E Peacock (Non Executive Chairman)
Mr N J Thompson
Mrs R E Buckley

Political and charitable donations

Donations to charitable organisations amounted to £76,022 (2012 £22,033)

Description of individual charitable donations over £2,000

Amount £

Adrian Buckley Charitable Trust 68,828

Description of political donations over £2,000

UK Independence Party 6,500

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts,
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Buckley Jewellery Limited

Registered number:

02343583

Directors' Report

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each person who was a director at the time this report was approved confirms that

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

This report was approved by the board on 19 April 2013 and signed on its behalf

Mr AJ D Buckley

Director

Buckley Jewellery Limited Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Buckley Jewellery Limited

We have audited the accounts of Buckley Jewellery Limited for the year ended 31 January 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the accounts

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on the accounts

in our opinion the accounts

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2013 and of its profit for the year then
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- · adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Michael Dack FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Michael Dack & Company Accountants and Statutory Auditors

19 April 2013

75 Great George Street

Leeds

LS1 3BR

Buckley Jewellery Limited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 January 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	2	13,114,981	12,527,125
Cost of sales		(8,712,820)	(8,111,993)
Gross profit		4,402,161	4,415,132
Administrative expenses		(2,481,873)	(3,111,726)
Operating profit	3	1,920,288	1,303,406
Exceptional items costs of a fundamental reorganisation	4	-	(1,353,378)
		1,920,288	(49,972)
Interest receivable Interest payable	7	548 (18)	4,320 (219)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		1,920,818	(45,871)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8	(493,064)	(313,231)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		1,427,754	(359,102)

Continuing operations

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit/(loss) for the above two financial years

Buckley Jewellery Limited Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2013

	Notes		2013 £		2012 £
Fixed assets			-		~
Tangible assets	9		124,631		66,046
Current assets					
Stocks	10	2,363,478		1,496,494	
Debtors	11	2,876,525		1,723,349	
Cash at bank and in hand		644,444		1,502,875	
		5,884,447		4,722,718	
Creditors: amounts falling di	ue				
within one year	13	(3,364,365)		(2,448,279)	
Net current assets			2,520,082		2,274,439
Total assets less current		-		-	
liabilities			2,644,713		2,340,485
Provisions for liabilities					
Other provisions	14		-		(63,448)
Net assets		_	2,644,713	_	2,277,037
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		128,806		128,806
Share premium	16		85,374		85,374
Capital redemption reserve	17		44,276		44,276
Profit and loss account	18		2,386,257		2,018,581
		_	_	-	
Shareholders' funds	20	_	2,644,713		2,277,037

Mr \(\) Buckley (Chief Executive)
Director

Approved by the board on 19 April 2013

Buckley Jewellery Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 January 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities		_	_
Operating profit		1,920,288	1,303,406
Costs of a fundamental reorganisation		-	(1,353,378)
Depreciation and amortisation		67,540	1,232,341
Increase in stocks		(866,984)	(76,444)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors		(1,168,124) 658,855	499,302 (283,261)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors		030,000	(203,201)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		611,575	1,321,966
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
Net cash inflow from operating activities		611,575	1,321,966
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	21	530	4,101
Taxation		(284,333)	(259,652)
Capital expenditure	21	(126,125)	(45,039)
·		201,647	1,021,376
Equity dividends paid		(1,060,078)	-
		(858,431)	1,021,376
(Decrease)/increase in cash		(858,431)	1,021,376
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in ne	t debt		
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period		(858,431)	1,021,376
Change in net debt	22	(858,431)	1,021,376
Net funds at 1 February		1,502,875	481,499
Net funds at 31 January		644,444	1,502,875_

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards

Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows

Improvements to leasehold property
Plant and machinery

over 3 to 5 years over 2, 3 or 4 years

Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse, and discounted to reflect the time value of money using rates based on the post-tax yields to maturity that could be obtained at the balance sheet date on government bonds with similar maturity dates

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, which are those where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding lease or hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability.

The interest element of the rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight line basis over the lease term

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

2	Analysis of turnover	2013 £	2012 £
	By activity		
	The design and distribution of jewellery	13,114,981	12,527,125
	By geographical market		
	UK Europe North America Rest of world	7,826,091 1,907,988 780,006 2,600,896 13,114,981	9,370,698 1,114,881 520,738 1,520,808 12,527,125
3	Operating profit	2013 £	2012 £
	This is stated after charging	_	_
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery Operating lease rentals - land buildings Auditors' remuneration for audit services	67,540 8,914 86,007 15,000	72,258 11,350 110,856 15,000
4	Exceptional items	2013 £	2012 £
	Impairment of goodwill Redundancy costs	-	1,159,790 193,588
			1,353,378

5	Directors' emoluments	2013 £	2012 £
	Emoluments	243,113	493,052
	Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	-	1,353
	Payments to third parties for director's services	27,000	27,000
		270,113	521,405
	Highest paid director	004.400	225 024
	Emoluments	221,400	225,924
	Number of directors in company pension schemes:	2013	2012
		Number	Number
	Money purchase schemes		1
6	Staff costs	2013	2012
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	1,410,982	2,230,286
	Social security costs	167,744	235,979
	Other pension costs	87,738	66,053
		1,666,464	2,532,318
	Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
	Administration	22	30
	Distribution	9	9
	Sales	8	10
		39	49_
7	Interest payable	2013	2012
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	18	219

8

Taxation	2013 £	2012 £
Analysis of charge in period	_	_
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits of the period	478,120	284,337
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(4)	5,900
	478,116	290,237
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	14,948	22,994
	400004	040.004
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	493,064	313,231
Factors offerting toy above for paying		
Factors affecting tax charge for period	and and the standard rate of co	ernoration tax
The differences between the tax assessed for the peri	ou and the standard rate of co	n poration tax

The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the standard rate of corporation tax are explained as follows

	2013 £	2012 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	1,920,818	(45,871)
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	24%	26%
	£	£
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	460,996	(11,926)
Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation UK tax not at standard rate Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	20,404 (9,724) 6,444 (4)	313,242 (14,437) (2,542) 5,900
Current tax charge for period	478,116	290,237

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed to 23% with effect from 1 April 2013

Prepayments and accrued income

Deferred taxation

9	Tang	ıble	fixed	assets
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9	Tangible fixed assets			
		Short leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 February 2012	102,111	512,850	614,961
	Additions	8,952	117,173	126,125
	Disposals	-	(245,030)	(245,030)
	At 31 January 2013	111,063	384,993	496,056
	Depreciation			
	At 1 February 2012	65,993	482,922	548,915
	Charge for the year	20,227	47,313	67,540
	On disposals	<u> </u>	(245,030)	(245,030)
	At 31 January 2013	86,220	285,205	371,425
	Net book value			
	At 31 January 2013	24,843	99,788	124,631
	At 31 January 2012	36,118	29,928	66,046
10	Stocks		2013 £	2012 £
	Raw materials and consumables		255,102	55,342
	Finished goods and goods for resale		2,108,376	1,441,152
	-		2,363,478	1,496,494
	The difference between purchase price or produnot material	action cost of stocks	s and their replac	cement cost is
11	Debtors		2013 £	2012 £
	Toods dabbase		2 621 206	1 252 205
	Trade debtors		2,631,206 7,728	1,253,305 206,872
	Other debtors		1,120	405.074

184,641

2,876,525

52,950

195,274

67,898 1,723,349

12	Deferred taxation			2013 £	2012 £
	Excess of depreciation on fixed assets	over taxation	allowances	52,950	67,898
			-	52,950	67,898
	The movement in the deferred taxation	account durir	ng the year was		
				2013 £	2012 £
	Balance brought forward			67,898	90,892
	Profit and loss account movement arisi	ing during the	year	(14,948)	(22,994)
			•	52,950	67,898
13	Creditors: amounts falling due withi	n one year		2013	2012
				£	£
	Trade creditors			752,997	510,007
	Corporation tax			478,120	284,337
	Other taxes and social security costs			87,943	258,175
	Other creditors			49,981	4,746
	Accruals and deferred income			1,995,324	1,391,014
			,	3,364,365	2,448,279
14	Provisions for liabilities				
					Onerous
					property
					lease
					liabilities £
	At 1 February 2012				63,448
	Amounts used				(34,614)
	Amounts reversed unused				(28,834)
	A4 04 January 0042				
	At 31 January 2013				
15	Share capital	Nominal	2013	2013	2012
		value	Number	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares	10p	1,288,066	128,806	128,806
	Cramary onarco	100	1,200,000	. = 0,000	

16	Share premium	2013 £	
	At 1 February 2012	85,374	
	At 31 January 2013	85,374	
17	Capital redemption reserve	2013 £	
	At 1 February 2012	44,276	
	At 31 January 2013	44,276	
18	Profit and loss account	2013 £	
	At 1 February 2012 Profit for the financial year Dividends	2,018,581 1,427,754 (1,060,078)	
	At 31 January 2013	2,386,257	
19	Dividends	2013 £	2012 £
	Dividends for which the company became liable during the year Dividends paid	1,060,078	
20	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	2013 £	2012 £
	At 1 February Profit/(loss) for the financial year Dividends	2,277,037 1,427,754 (1,060,078)	2,636,139 (359,102)
	At 31 January	2,644,713	2,277,037

21	Gross cash flows			2013 £	2012 £
	Returns on investments and serv Interest received Interest paid	ricing of financ	e	548 (18) 530	4,320 (219) 4,101
	Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets			(126,125) - (126,125)	(46,279) 1,240 (45,039)
22	Analysis of changes in net debt Cash at bank and in hand	At 1 Feb 2012 £ 1,502,875	Cash flows £ (858,431)	Non-cash changes £	At 31 Jan 2013 £ 644,444
	Total	1,502,875	(858,431)		644,444

23 Other financial commitments

At the year end the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	Land and buildings 2013 £	Land and buildings 2012 £	Other 2013 £	Other 2012 £
Operating leases which expire				
within one year	15,750	-	2,662	3,940
within two to five years	103,500	124,500	6,515	12,956
	119,250	124,500	9,177	16,896
24 Loans to directors				
Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
	£	£	£	£
Mr A J L Buckley (Chief Executive	•			
Current account	156,343	895,349	(1,052,658)	(966)
	156,343	895,349	(1,052,658)	(966)

25 Related party transactions

2013 2012 £ £

Mr A J L Buckley, Mrs R E Buckley and Mr W E Peacock

Directors Dividends paid of £1,060,078

26 Ultimate controlling party

The company was under the control of Mr A J Buckley throughout the current and previous year