Directors' Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 1999

Registered number 2337791

31 Beaufort Court Admirals Way Waterside South Quay London E14 9XL

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Directors' Report and Financial Statements

Contents	Page
Directors, Officers and Advisers	1
Report of the Directors	2
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	5
Auditors' Report	6
Profit and Loss Account	7
Company Balance Sheet	8
Cash Flow Statement	9
Notes on the Accounts	10

Directors

J J Cassese

Chairman & Chief Executive Officer (USA)

W J Murphy

Chief Finance Officer (USA)

D DiVenuta

Corporate Counsel (USA)

D F Allan

Managing Director (UK)

WAR Spargo Director (UK)

C P Gouveia F.C.C.A. Finance Director (UK)

Secretary

C P Gouveia F.C.C.A.

Registered office

31 Beaufort Court Admirals Way Waterside South Quay London, E14 9XL

Auditors

Grant Thornton Grant Thornton House Melton Street **Euston Square**

London, NW1 2EP

Lawyers

Norton Rose Kempson House **Camomile Street** London

EC3A 7AN

John Photiades & Co Longmire House 36-38 London Road St Albans

Hertfordshire, AL1 1NG

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 38 Threadneedle Street

London EC2P 2EH

Barclays Bank 99 Hatton Garden

London EC1N 8DN

Report of the Directors

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the supply of computer software consultancy services.

Business review

Following the acquisition in 1998 CHC International Limited is part of the USA based Computer Horizons Corp. group. Computer Horizons is a public company quoted on the NASDAQ providing information technology strategic services and employing over 3,800 people internationally operating from a network of 50 offices throughout the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom.

The year of 1999 has been a transitional period for both Computer Horizons and the IT Services industry. In recognition of the rapid changes in technology and in response to industry needs the company has undergone various changes to its workforce. To meet the requirements of new technology which is fuelled by the significant developments in the internet environment the company reviewed the skills it employs and engaged a programme of restructuring during the second half of the year. This resulted in restructuring costs associated with severance commitments and investment in engaging new skills and senior management. Many of the new appointments have come from joining forces with our associate company Computer Horizons E-Solutions (Europe) Ltd. with whom we share offices at both our London, Docklands headquarters and at our facilities management centre at Windsor.

The second half of the year was disappointing due mainly to a freeze on client orders as a result of Y2k concerns. As the Y2k millennium work was being completed many of our customers through their IT directors decided to put a hold on new projects and development work until the new year arrived. Notwithstanding that this caused a downturn in turnover, it gave the company the opportunity to review its workforce and commence its restructuring programme.

In line with its parent, the company is dedicated to respond to the critical Information Technology challenges that exist amongst many of the UK's largest organisations. The company will continue to promote itself as an important IT Services provider which has long since been established. In addition, having already set the stage for the new millennium, the company is committed to extending the successes that the group has already achieved in the United States by selling Customer Relationship Management (CRM) and E-Solutions business in the UK and in continental Europe. This broader base approach will enable the company to extend its offerings and widen its business capabilities.

Since becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of Computer Horizons Corp., the company has amended its title from "Plc" to "Limited".

Results

Turnover for the year was £11.29 million compared with £13.10 million for the previous year representing a decrease of 13.8 per cent. At the half-year point revenue was up on the first six months of the previous year by 11.0 percent. The decrease for the full year reflects the freeze on customer orders due to Y2K concerns previously referred to.

As a result of reconstruction and restructuring there were exceptional operational costs amounting to £419,000. The full cost has been charged against earnings for 1999.

The operating profit before charging reconstruction-related expenses was £1,149,000 (1998: £2,711,000), a decrease of 57.6 per cent on the previous year. This fall in profits was partly due to the fall in revenue and partly due to the investment in the overhead structure designed to deliver a much wider package of services. These include investments in recruitment, sales and marketing, and delivery processes. After charging reconstruction related-expenses of £419,000 and parent company royalty fees for the use of the name, 'Computer Horizons', operating profit totalled £730,000 (1998: £2,144,000) representing a net decrease over previous year of 66.0 per cent.

The profit for the financial year after taxation and after the deduction of reconstruction related-expenses was £541,000 (1998: £1,417,000), a decrease on previous year of 62.0 per cent. The profit retained in the company and transferred to reserves was also £541,000 (1998: £1,417,000), there being no distributions or payments of dividends during the year.

The company is extremely well supported by the dedication and hard work of many talented individuals. We would like to convey our appreciation and thanks to all the consultants and support staff for their commitment and enthusiasm in maintaining the company's strength in a year that has seen significant changes in the industry. The company intends to continue strengthening its base to accommodate the exciting challenges and opportunities of the new millennium.

Copies of the parent company's financial statements can be obtained from this company's registered office.

Directors and Directors' interests

The names of the Directors currently in office are shown on page 1. Towards the end of the year Tony Spargo retired from his daily duties on the board. Tony founded the company in 1989 and we thank him for his tremendous work and support during his period of office.

On 21 December 1999 the main board appointed Dennis Allan as Managing Director. Dennis was previously managing director of our sister company, Computer Horizons E-Solutions (Europe) Ltd.

The interests of the directors who are also the directors of the parent undertaking are shown in the financial statements of that company.

The directors' interests in the shares of the company and its parent, as at 31 December 1999 and 31 December 1998 are included below.

W.A.R Spargo	31 December 1999	31 December 1998
Computer Horizons Corp. Common Stock of US \$0.10 each	300,000	754,800

Directors' and Officers' Insurance

The Company maintains insurance cover for all its Directors and Officers against liabilities which may be incurred by them while acting as Directors and Officers.

Employment Policy

It is the policy of the Company that there shall be no unfair discrimination in considering applications for employment, including those from disabled persons. All employees are given equal opportunities so that their developing experience and expertise can be encouraged, and where appropriate, training and career development is offered.

Although one of the company's strengths is to promote the recruitment of permanent employees, the company continues to supplement its work force by the use of freelance subcontractors where necessary. The Company encourages a policy of employees sharing in and contributing to the progress of the Company and continues to develop more emphasis on staff benefits and training.

Year 2000 compliance

The company reviewed its computer systems for the impact of the Year 2000 date change, prepared an action plan to address the issue and carried out all necessary measures. All systems have continued to operate properly over the Year 2000 date change and through any roll-over procedures that occurred at a later date.

The issue is complex, and no business can guarantee that there will be no Year 2000 problems. As all businesses are dependent on the compliance of their major customers, suppliers and other trading partners, any impact that has occurred on their systems will affect the company's business to a greater or lesser extent.

Auditors

Grant Thornton have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution, under Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, for their re-appointment as auditors, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

C P Gouveia

Secretary

3 February 2000

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to

- -select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors confirm that they have complied fully with these requirements in preparing the financial statements on pages 7 to 17.

Report of the auditors to the members of CHC International Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 17 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 10.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 5 the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 December 1999 and of the profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Grant ThorntonChartered Accountants

Registered Auditors

London

3 February 2000

Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 31 December 1999

		Note	199	99	199	8
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Turnover	-continuing operations	2		11,291		13,099
Cost of sales				(7,053)		(7,854)
Gross profit				4,238	_	5,245
Selling and distributed Administrative experience	enses		(2,711)	(378)	(2,133)	(401)
Operating profit	arising on reconstruction of the business - continuing operations		(419) _ _	(3,130)	(567)	2,144
Interest receivable Interest payable an	and similar income id similar charges	6 7		103 (7)		169 (4)
Profit on ordinary	activities before taxation	3	_	826		2,309
Taxation on profit of	on ordinary activities	8		(285)		(892)
Profit for the finar	ncial year			541		1,417
No dividends were	paid or proposed in the year			-		-
Retained profit fo	r the financial year		- =	541	=	1,417
Statement of mov	rement on reserves					
Retained profit bro Retained profit for				2,969 541		1,552 1,417
Retained profit ca	arried forward		- -	3,510		2,969

The Company had no recognised gains or losses other than those reported in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet at 31 December 1999

at 51 December 1999		1999		1998	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets Tangible assets Fixed asset investment	Note 9 10		280 32		200 32
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11 12	2,906 1,698 4,604	_	2,829 2,407 5,236	02
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(1,236)		(2,355)	
Net current assets			3,368	_	2,881
Total assets less current liabilities			3,680		3,113
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(28)		(2)
Net assets			3,652	-	3,111
Capital and Reserves Called up share capital Share premium Profit and loss account	15		125 17 3,510		125 17 2,969
Shareholders' Funds	16		3,652		3,111

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 3 February 2000 and signed on its behalf by

W J Murphy

C P Gouveia

Directors

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form part of these financial statements

Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 December 1999					
·		1999	CIOOO	1998	CIOOO
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	17		484		1,293
Returns on investments and servicing of finance					
Interest received Interest element of finance lease rental payments	_	103 (7)		169 (4)	
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			96		165
Taxation			(1,149)		(552)
Investing activities					
Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets Purchase of tangible fixed assets		38 (99)	(61)	9 (83)	(74)
Acquisitions & Disposals					
Purchase of investments			0		(32)
Equity dividends paid			0		(469)
Net cash inflow before use of liquid resourses and financing			(630)		331
Management of Liquid Resourses					
Decrease/(Increase) in Term Deposits			1,493		(245)
Financing					
Receipts from new allotments of shares Capital element of finance lease rental payments			0 (79)		17 (43)
Increase in cash	18		784		60
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds (Note	e 18)				
•	·		1999 £'000		1998 £'000
Increase in cash in the period			784		60
Cash outflow from change in liquid resources			(1,493)		245
Cash outflow from investment in finance leases			79		43
Change in net funds resulting from cash flows			(630)		348
New finance leases			(124)		(36)
Change in net funds in the period			(754)		312
Net Funds 1 January			2,371		2,059
Net Funds 31December			1,617	 -	2,371

Notes on the Accounts

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided by the Company to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Computer equipment
Office equipment

between 20% and 33% per annum. between 20% and 50% per annum.

Motor vehicles Leasehold improvements 25% per annum. 10% per annum.

Leases

Where the Company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a 'finance lease'. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included with creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments. All other leases are accounted for as 'operating leases' and the rental payments are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of each lease.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of services to customers during the year.

Contributions to pension funds

The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes for which such tax is expected to crystallise.

Notes (continued)

2 Turnover

The Company has one class of business, being the supply of computer software consultancy services. Analyses of the Company's turnover, operating profit and net assets by geographical origin and market are not produced as all operations are within the United Kingdom.

3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	1999	1998
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:	£.000	£'000
Auditors' remuneration Non-audit fees paid to the auditors and its associates	11 8	10 4
Depreciation	120	109
Operating lease rentals paid:		
- Other	246	103

The exceptional restructuring costs were associated with severance committments and investment in engaging new skills and senior management.

Notes (continued)

4	Staff numbers and costs		
	Average number of persons employed by the Company (including directors) during the year were as follows:		
		1999	1998
	Consultants	116	126
	Management, sales and administration	16	20
		132	146
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
		1999	1998
		£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries	5,455	5,415
	Social security costs Pension costs	592 400	570
	Pension costs	132	45
		6,179	6,030
5	Remuneration of Directors		
		1999	1998
		£'000	£'000
	Directors' remuneration	362	421
	Compensation for loss of office Personal pension scheme	0	39
	1 Gradual pension scrience	5	1
		367	461
	The highest paid director received £283,599 (1998: £240,156). I pension scheme of one director (1998 : one) during the year.	The company contributed	to a defined
6	Interest receivable and similar income		
		1999	1998
		£'000	£,000
	Bank interest receivable	103	169
7	Interest payable and similar charges		
		1999	1998
		£'000	£'000
	Finance lease interest		4
8	Taxation		
		1999	1998
		£'000	£'000
	UK Corporation Tax at 34.5% (1998 : 38.6%)	285	892
	Adjustment relating to prior year Corporation Tax	•	-
		285	892

Notes (continued)

9 Tangible fixed assets

£*000	Leasehold Improvements	Office Equipment Furniture Fittings	Computer Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Total
Cost At 31 December 1998	28	140	105	251	524
At 31 December 1930	20	140	103	231	J24
Additions	_	106	33	84	223
Disposals	-	-	-	(179)	(179)
At 31 December 1999	28	246	138	156	568
Depreciation At 31 December 1998	25	83	60	156	324
Charge for the year Disposals	3 -	32	32 -	53 (156)	120 (156)
At 31 December 1999	28	115	92	53	288
Net book value At 31 December 1999	0	131	46	103	280
At 31 December 1998	3	57	45	95	200

The total net book value of motor vehicles of £102,000 (1998 : £95,000) is in respect of assets acquired under finance lease purchase contracts. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £53,000 (1998: £67,000) .

10 Fixed asset investment

The fixed asset investment of £31,500 (1998 : £31,500) is held at cost and represents an unlisted trade investment. The directors are of the opinion that market value is equivalent to cost.

Notes (continued)

11 Debtors	1999	1998
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income	1,006 1,351 549	2,445 233 151
	2,906	2,829
12 Cash at bank and in hand	1999	1998
	£'000	£'000
Cash Short term deposits	1,691 7	907 1,500
	1,698	2,407
13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	1999	1998
	£'000	£'000
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Trade creditors Other creditors including taxation and social security:	53 104	34 315
Corporation Tax Other taxes and social security	(85) 391	778 597
Amounts owed to group undertakings	391 181	587 -
Accruals and deferred income	592	641
	1,236	2,355

Notes (continued)

14 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

The maturity of obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts net of finance charges, is as follows:		
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	£'000	£'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years	53 28	34 2
	<u>81</u>	36
15 Called up share capital and share premium account		
	1999	1998
Share capital:	£'000	£'000
Authorised	167	167
Allotted,called up and fully paid :		
Ordinary shares of 1p each	125	125
16 Reconciliation of Movement in Shareholders' Funds		
	1999	1998
	£'000	£'000
At 1January	3,111	1,677
Profit for the financial year	541	1,417
Share premium	-	17
Dividends paid and proposed	•	-
At 31 December	3,652	3,111

Notes (continued)

17 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	1999	1998
	£'000	£'000
Operating profit	730	2,144
Depreciation charge	120	109
Increase in debtors	(77)	(1,526)
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	(274)	. 571 [°]
Profit on sale of fixed assets	(15)	(5)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	484	1,293

18 Analysis of changes in net funds

	Balance at 1.1.99	Cash Flow	Other Non Cash Changes	Balance at 31.12.99
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand :	907	784	-	1,691
Term Deposits	1,500	(1,493)	-	7
Finance leases	(36)	79	(124)	(81)
Net funds	2,371	(630)	(124)	1,617

Notes (continued)

19 Financial commitments

Contracted capital expenditure at the year end amounted to £29,230 (1998 : £2,975)

Annual commitments under operating leases were as follows:

	1999 Land and Buildings	Other	1998 Land and Buildings	Other
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire:				
In the second to fifth years	290	1	247	1_

20 Controlling related party

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling related party of this company is Computer Horizons Corp. incorporated in the United States of America.

The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by Computer Horizons Corp. incorporated in the United States of America.