Rule 4.223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 **S.192**

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

02337791

Name of Company

Instant People Limited

I / We Steven Leslie Smith Gloucester House 72 London Road St Albans Herts AL1 1NS

the Liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of myleur statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986.

Mercer & Hole Gloucester House 72 London Road St Albans Herts AL1 1NS

Ref: IPL50/JRH/DLH

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Insolvency Sect

Post Room

For Official Use

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LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company Instant People Limited

Company Registered Number __02337791____

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

15 January 2004

Date to which this statement is

brought down

14 January 2005

Name and Address of Liquidator

Steven Leslie Smith Gloucester House 72 London Road St Albans Herts

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

FORM AND CONTENTS OF STATEMENT

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the amount of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on Page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

TRADING ACCOUNTS

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

DIVIDENDS

- (3) When dividends, instalments of composition, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the Liquidation Committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations					
Date	Received from	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount		
		Brought Forward	0.00		
09/02/2004 28/05/2004 26/07/2004 12/08/2004 19/08/2004 05/11/2004	National Westminster Spargonet Consulting Vantis Business Recovery Clydesdale Bank 01/07/04 H M Customs & Excise Clydesdale Bank - 01/10/2004	Cash at Bank Refund from Spargonet of cash at ba Bank Interest Gross Bank Interest Gross VAT Refund Bank Interest Gross	6,868.57 8,200.00 1.67 31.13 6,730.94 46.19		
		Carried Forward	21,878.50		

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Paid to	Nature of Disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	0.00
19/02/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	Preparation of S. of A.	5,000.00
19/02/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	Liquidator's Expenses	482.24
19/02/2004	Courts Advertising	Statutory Advertising	275.85
19/02/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	VAT Receivable	875.00
19/02/2004	Courts Advertising	VAT Receivable	48.28
19/02/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	VAT Receivable	84.39
29/03/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	Telephone & Fax	25.00
29/03/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	Stationery & Postage	22.20
29/03/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	VAT Receivable	3.88
29/03/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	VAT Receivable	4.38
30/06/2004	Mercer & Hole	Liquidators' Remuneration	1,500.00
30/06/2004	Mercer & Hole	VAT Receivable	262.50
30/06/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	Liquidators' Remuneration	4,540.00
30/06/2004	Vantis Business Recovery	VAT Receivable	794.50
12/08/2004	Clydesdale Bank 01/07/04	Corporation Tax	6.23
08/09/2004	S L Smith Bordereau Account	Specific Bond	15.00
12/10/2004	Mercer & Hole	Liquidators' Remuneration	5,500.00
12/10/2004	Mercer & Hole	VAT Receivable	962.50
05/11/2004	Clydesdale Bank - 01/10/2004	Corporation Tax	902.30

Analysis of Balance

Total Realisations Total Disbursements		£ 21,878.50 20,411.19
	Balance £	1,467.31
This balance is made up as follows 1. Cash in hands of liquidator 2. Balance at Bank 3. Amount of Insolvency Services Account		0.00 1,467.31 0.00
 4. *Amounts invested by Liquidator Less; The cost of investments realised Balance 5. Accrued Items 	£ 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
Total Balance as shown above		1,467.31

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential & Unsecured creditors

£

13,617.00

0.00

30,130.00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash 125,000.00 Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash 0.00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None, subject to any recoveries from investigations

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be conducted

Liquidator's investigations to be completed.

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Uncertain, dependent upon completion of investigations

^{*} The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of Regulations.