Charity registration number 328432
Company registration number 02333474 (England and Wales)
DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST
(A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees Mr B T Burnie

Mr Christopher Potts (Appointed 1 January 2022)
Mr AM Chuhan (Appointed 13 June 2022)
Mr A Butler (Appointed 1 January 2023)
Dr I Pedley (Appointed 1 January 2023)

Secretary Mr B T Burnie

Charity number 328432

Company number 02333474

Registered office Daft As A Brush House

Great North Road

Gosforth

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE3 2DR

Auditor Sumer Auditco Limited

The Beehive Beehive Ring Road

London Gatwick Airport

Gatwick United Kingdom RH6 0PA

Bankers Santander

San Uk Corporate New

Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR43 4ET

Solicitors PGS Law LLP

Law Court Chambers 22 Denmark Centre Fowler Street South Shields NE33 2LR

Investment advisors CCLA

One Angel Lane London EC4R 3AB

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TRUSTEES REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's [governing document], the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are;

To relieve the suffering and improve the condition of life of persons suffering from cancer as the charity may think fit and insofar as the same are entirely ancillary to such object but not further or otherwise the charity shall have the following powers:-

- to provide transport for any persons suffering from cancer to attend hospital appointments and/or other appointments for treatment of, therapy for and/or rehabilitation from their illness;
- to assist financially or otherwise any charitable body or bodies having such purposes as aforesaid;
- to obtain, collect and receive money, and funds by way of contributions, donations, affiliation fees, subscriptions, legacies, grants and any other lawful method, and accept and receive gifts of property of any description (whether subject to any special trusts or not) and to administer and utilise such funds for the furtherance of the objects of the charity.

The charity offers staffed custom-made vehicles to transport outpatients who are undergoing Chemotherapy and/or Radiotherapy cancer treatment, free of charge, to and from hospital. The service entails collecting and transporting the patients in a safe and comfortable environment, from where they are living, taking them to where they are having their treatment and if required staying with the patient whilst they have their treatment, then taking the patient back home.

We have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing our aims and objectives and in planning our future activities.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

During the year under review the Government decree reference Covid-19 and the lockdown brought pressure on all our staff to immediately reorganise the work of transporting cancer patients to and from hospital. Working in partnership with the hospital staff new ways were devised of bringing the cancer patients onto the hospital to suit the changes in the way patients were now to be treated whilst the threat of the virus existed. The main activities of the charity have centered around the transportation of outpatients, free of charge, to and from hospital who were undergoing Chemotherapy and/or Radiotherapy cancer treatment. In 2022 the whole of the DAAB Team (which includes: DAAB Staff/Volunteers, an independent software development company, both the Freeman Hospital senior management staff/operational staff and external management consultancy advising the DAAB trustees etc) have spent extensive time and resources in hopefully/successfully devising a bespoke systems programme, albeit it is at the early stage of the integration of the integration of the patients hospital treatment and transportation to hospital. This will ensure that the patient always arrives on time for their appointment, allowing them to ring that bell. The charity still managed to transport some 55,000 (2020: 50,000) patient journeys.

Our volunteer staff

The charity is very involved in the community and relies on voluntary help. The number of volunteers have increased since the end of Covid and are therefore able to assist in various areas of the charity, a key area being the transport of persons suffering from cancer to attend appointments using our custom-made vehicles. We wish to thank all volunteers for their loyal support and service.

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)(INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Financial review

The charity has obtained sufficient funding to ensure that the charity can operate for the foreseeable future. The charity aims to use the funds generated to make 55,000 patient journeys per year to and from hospital appointments. The charity estimates that it will cost £550,000 per year to operate and hopes that this level of funding can be achieved in future from a combination of donations from NHS invoicing, donations from the general public and income from investments.

In April 2013, the charity invested £1,000,000 in a COIF Investment Fund held and managed by CCLA. A further £700,000, £400,000, £75,000, £100,000, £200,000, £200,000 and £77,000 were invested in the COIF Investment Fund in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 respectively. £200,000 was withdrawn during 2021. There has been no additions or withdrawals during 2022. At the end of the current year the investment was valued at £4,812,584 and an unrealised loss of £483,353 has been recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

In August 2013 the charity moved from its rented premises on Hood Street in Newcastle to its own freehold property, Daft as a Brush House, in Gosforth. Costs of over £270,000 were incurred during the year relating to the renovation of the property and bringing it up to a state that is fit for the charity's purpose. The renovation works were completed in early 2014.

The charity made a deficit of £325,477 (2021: surplus £675,411) and at the year end had total funds carried forward of £6,209,822 (2021: £6,535,299).

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees considers that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

Reserves policy and going concern

Reserves are needed to bridge the gap between the spending and receiving of income and to cover unplanned emergency repairs and other expenditure.

The trustees have reviewed the circumstances of charity and consider that adequate resources continue to be available to fund the activities of the charity for the foreseeable future. The trustees are of the view that the charity is a going concern.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Risk management

Where appropriate, systems or procedures have been established to mitigate the risks the charity faces. Internal control risks are minimised by the implementation of procedures for authorisation of all transactions and projects. Procedures are in place to ensure compliance with health and safety of staff, volunteers, clients and visitors to the premises.

COVID-19 risk

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic continues to generate a significant level of uncertainty in the global economy. The management team and Board regularly assess the likely effects on the charity's operations in an attempt to mitigate the risk as far as possible.

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)(INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Plans for the future

The charity plans to continue the activities outlined above in the forthcoming years and has satisfactory funding arrangements in place.

The organisation now has a small team of dedicated full and part time paid staff based at Daft as a Brush House and the Freeman Hospital along with over approximately 350 (2020: 350) volunteer workers. All new staff undergo an initial induction and then move on to a training programme, and a DBS Enhanced Certificate check from the NHS, that will lead to an in depth knowledge of the Hospital cancer departments, the workings and management of the Ambulance Fleet and the management of cancer patients that are being transported to and from hospital. On satisfactory completion of these three separate training programmes the staff are then awarded a Certificate of Achievement.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 9 January 1989 and registered as a charity on 1 December 1989. The company was established under a Memorandum of Association which established the objects and powers of the charitable company and is governed under its Articles of Association. In the event of the company being wound up members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1.

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr B T Burnie

Ms J Ross (Resigned 31 December 2022)
Mr Christopher Potts (Appointed 1 January 2022)
Mr AM Chuhan (Appointed 13 June 2022)
Mr A Butler (Appointed 1 January 2023)
Dr I Pedley (Appointed 1 January 2023)

Appointment of trustees

The directors of the company are also charity trustees for the purposes of charity law and under the company's Articles are known as members of the Management Committee. Under the requirements of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, each year at the Annual General Meeting, at least one-third of members are required to retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

None of the trustees has any beneficial interest in the company. All of the trustees are members of the company and guarantee to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 in the event of a winding up.

Organisation

Daft as a Brush Cancer Patient Care Charitable Trust has a Management Committee of 5 members (2019: 5) who meet quarterly and are responsible for the strategic direction and policy of the charity.

A scheme of delegation is in place and day to day responsibility for the provision of the services rest with the Chief Executive, Mr B T Burnie. The Chief Executive is responsible for ensuring that the charity delivers the services specified and that key performance indicators are developed and met. The Chief Executive also has responsibility for the day to day operational management of the Charity, individual supervision of the staff team and also ensuring that the team continues to develop their skills and working practices in line with good practice.

Trustee induction and training

New trustees undergo an induction day to brief them on: their legal obligations under charity and company law, the Charity Commission guidance on public benefit, and inform them of the content of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, the committee and decision-making processes, the business plan and recent financial performance of the charity. The trustees are encouraged to attend appropriate external training events where these will facilitate the undertaking of their role.

Related parties and co-operation with other organisations

None of the trustees received remuneration or other benefit from working with the charity. Any connection between a trustee or senior manager of the charity must be disclosed to the full board of trustees in the same way as any other contractual relationship with a related party. Related parties transactions are disclosed in note 23 to these financial statements.

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)(INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Statement of Trustees responsibilities

The trustees, who are also the directors of Daft As A Brush Cancer Patient Care Charitable Trust for the purpose of company law, are responsible for preparing the Trustees Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company Law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Sumer Auditco Limited be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the trustees has confirmed that there is no information of which they are aware which is relevant to the audit, but of which the auditor is unaware. They have further confirmed that they have taken appropriate steps to identify such relevant information and to establish that the auditor is aware of such information.

The Trustees report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Mr B T Burnie Trustee

Dated: 31 May 2023

DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Daft As A Brush Cancer Patient Care Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE TRUSTEES OF DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the Trustees report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the Trustees report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the Trustees report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Trustees report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustees responsibilities, the trustees, who are also the directors of the charity for the purpose of company law, are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE TRUSTEES OF DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST

Capability of the audit in detecting irregularities, including fraud

Based on our understanding of the charitable company and the sector in which it operates, we identified that the following laws and regulations are significant to the entity:

- Those laws and regulations considered to have a direct effect on the financial statements including UK financial reporting standards, Company Law and Charity Law.
- Those laws and regulations for which non-compliance may be fundamental to the operating aspects of the charity and
 therefore may have a material effect on the financial statements include compliance with charitable objectives, public
 benefit, fundraising regulations, safeguarding and health and safety legislation.

These matters were discussed amongst the engagement team at the planning stage and the team remained alert throughout the audit.

Audit procedures undertaken in response to the potential risks relating to irregularities (which include fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations) comprised of: inquiries of management and the Trustees as to whether the entity complies with such laws and regulations; enquiries with the same concerning any actual or potential litigation or claims; inspection of relevant legal correspondence and legal costs incurred; review of Trustee meeting minutes; testing the appropriateness of journal entries; and the performance of analytical review to identify unexpected movements in account balances which may be indicative of fraud.

No instances of material non-compliance were identified. However, the likelihood of detecting irregularities, including fraud. is limited by the inherent difficulty in detecting irregularities, the effectiveness of the entity's controls, and the nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed. Irregularities that result from fraud might be inherently more difficult to detect than irregularities that result from error. As explained above, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatements may not be detected, even though the audit has been planned and performed in accordance with ISAs (UK).

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Stephen Slater (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Sumer Auditco Limited Statutory Auditor The Beehive Beehive Ring Road Gatwick RH6 0PA

Date: 6 June 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2022 Notes £	£
Income and endowments from:	000 005
Donations and legacies 3 865,795	280,395
	205,000 9,036
•	9,036
•	-
Other income 7 86,967	66,896
Total income 997,401	570,341
Expenditure on:	
Raising funds 8 108,246 — — —	99,056
Charitable activities 9 731,279	597,889
Total expenditure 839,525	696,945
Net gains/(losses) on investments 13 (483,353)	802,015
Net movement in funds (325,477)	675,411
Fund balances at 1 January 2022 6,535,299 5,	5,859,888
Fund balances at 31 December 2022 6,209,822 6	5,535,299

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities also complies with the requirements for an income and expenditure account under the Companies Act 2006.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		2022		2021		
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	14		1,345,892		1,174,089	
Investments	15		4,812,584		5,295,937	
			6,158,476		6,470,026	
Current assets						
Debtors	17	68,748		64,953		
Cash at bank and in hand		269,900		47,494		
		338,648		112,447		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	18	(287,302)		(47,174)		
Net current assets			51,346		65,273	
Total assets less current liabilities			6,209,822		6,535,299	
Income funds						
Unrestricted funds			6,209,822		6,535,299	
			6,209,822		6,535,299	

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 31 May 2023

Mr B T Burnie Trustee

Company registration number 02333474

DAFT AS A BRUSH CANCER PATIENT CARE CHARITABLE TRUST (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	2022 £	e £	2021 £	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from/(absorbed by) operations	23		418,275		(87,919)
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(301,499)		(222,249)	
Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets		00 004		00.000	
Purchase of investments		96,601		86,300	
Proceeds from disposal of investments		-		(77,000) 200,000	
Investment income received		9,029		9,014	
Net cash used in investing activities			(195,869)		(3,935)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equi	valents		222,406		(91,854)
			222,400		(31,034)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			47,494		139,348
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			269,900		47,494

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Daft As A Brush Cancer Patient Care Charitable Trust is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Daft As A Brush House, Great North Road, Gosforth, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE3 2DR.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's [governing document], the Companies Act 2006, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the accounts, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the Trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the accounts.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

Incoming resources from charitable trading activities is accounted for when earned.

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the Bank.

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified under the following activity headings:

 Costs of raising funds comprise the costs associated with attracting voluntary income and the costs of trading for fundraising.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Expenditure on charitable activities comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities
and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those
costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Support costs are those functions that assist the work of the charity but do not directly undertake charitable activities. Support costs include back office costs, finance, personnel, payroll and governance costs which support the charity and its activities. These costs have been allocated between cost of raising funds and expenditure on charitable activities. The bases on which support costs have been allocated are set out in note 10.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property straight line over 50 years
Property improvements straight line over 50 years
Fixtures and fittings straight line over 3 years
Motor vehicles 20% straight line

Freehold land is not depreciated.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially measured at transaction price excluding transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Changes in fair value are recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

1.8 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.10 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

NOTES TO THE THANGIAL STATEMENTS (CONTI

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.11 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements

Assessing indicators of impairment

In assessing whether there have been any indicators of impairment of assets, the trustees have considered both external and internal sources of information such as market conditions and experience of recoverability.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

(Continued)

Unrestricted Unrestricted

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Determining residual values and useful economic lives of tangible fixed assets

The company depreciates tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. The estimation of the useful lives of assets is based on historic performance as well as expectations about future use and therefore requires estimates and assumptions to be applied by management. The actual lives of these assets can vary depending on a variety of factors, including technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes.

Judgement is applied by trustees when determining the residual values for tangible fixed assets. When determining the residual value trustees aim to assess the amount that the company would currently obtain for the disposal of the asset, if it were already of the condition expected at the end of its useful economic life. Where possible this is done with reference to external market prices.

3 Donations and legacies

Unrestricted	Unrestricted
funds	funds
2022	2021
£	£
Donations and gifts 865,795	280,395

4 Charitable activities

Unrestricted Un	restricted
funds fun	ds
2022	2021
£	£
-	205,000

5 Other trading activities

	funds 2022 £	funds 2021 £
Fundraising events	35,180	8,052
Shop income	430	984
Other trading activities	35,610	9,036

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

6	Investments		
		Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Unrestricted funds 2021 £
	Rental income Interest receivable	9,000 29 9,029	9,000 14
7	Other income		
		Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Unrestricted funds 2021 £
	Net gain on disposal of tangible fixed assets Other income	83,243 3,724 86,967	66,896
8	Raising funds		
		Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Unrestricted funds 2021 £
	Fundraising and publicity Advertising Other fundraising costs	83,265 24,981	43,729 55,327
	Fundraising and publicity	108,246	99,056
		108,246	99,056

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

9 Charitable as	ctivities
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	2022	2021
	£	£
Depreciation and impairment	86,069	64,317
Fuel and oil	117,041	80,249
Repairs and servicing	16,615	8,815
Vehicle insurance	38,434	39,803
Misc motor expenses	17,106	23,468
Travelling	5,063	3,206
Clothing costs	681	283
	281,009	220,141
Share of support costs (see note 10)	447,495	375,348
Share of governance costs (see note 10)	2,775	2,400
	731,279	597,889

10 Support costs

Current financial year

	Support	Governance	2022	2021	Basis of allocation
	costs	costs			
	£	£	£	£	
Staff costs	221,809	-	221,809	171,638	Staff time
Depreciation	30,269	-	30,269	21,263	Staff/volunteer time
Telephone	11,334	-	11,334	9,093	Staff/volunteer time
Entertainment	34,780	-	34,780	42,620	Staff/volunteer time
Premises	13,515	-	13,515	13,525	Staff/volunteer time
Repairs and renewals	49,562	-	49,562	70,747	Staff/volunteer time
Premises expenses	40,233	-	40,233	14,729	Staff/volunteer time
Printing, postage and stationery	29,064	-	29,064	22,779	Staff/volunteer time
Insurance	11,728	-	11,728	7,926	Staff/volunteer time
Sundries	3,407	-	3,407	1,028	Staff/volunteer time
Legal and professional	1,794	-	1,794	-	Staff/volunteer time
Audit fees	-	1,200	1,200	1,200	Governance
Accountancy	-	1,575	1,575	1,200	Governance
	447,495	2,775	450,270	377,748	
Analysed between					
Charitable activities	447,495	2,775	450,270	377,748	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

11 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

12 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Administrative staff	5	4
Employment costs	2022	2021
	£	£
Wages and salaries	200,353	154,894
Social security costs	17,492	12,920
Other pension costs	3,964	3,824
	221,809	171,638

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was £60,000 or more.

13 Net gains/(losses) on investments

Unrestricted	Unrestricted
funds	funds
2022	2021
£	£
Revaluation of investments (483,353)	802,015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Tangible fixed assets	Freehold	Property	Fixtures and	Motor	Total
		property	improvements	fittings	vehicles	•
	Cost	£	£	£	£	£
	At 1 January 2022	722,990	322,768	130,523	524,966	1,701,247
	Additions		-	55,499	246,000	301,499
	Disposals	-	-	-	(156,413)	(156,413
	At 31 December 2022	722,990	322,768	186,022	614,553	1,846,333
	Depreciation and impairment					
	At 1 January 2022	86,099	49,541	124,323	267,195	527,158
	Depreciation charged in the year	12,300	6,455	11,514	86,069	116,338
	Eliminated in respect of disposals			<u>.</u>	(143,055)	(143,055
	At 31 December 2022	98,399	55,996	135,837	210,209	500,441
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 December 2022	624,591	266,772	50,185	404,344	1,345,892
	At 31 December 2021	636,891	273,227	6,200	257,771	1,174,089
5	Fixed asset investments				Comm	
5	Fixed asset investments Cost or valuation					non ment fund £
5						ment fund £
5	Cost or valuation					ment fund £ 5,295,937
5	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022					5,295,937 (483,353
5	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Valuation changes At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount					5,295,937 (483,353 4,812,584
5	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Valuation changes At 31 December 2022					5,295,937 (483,353 4,812,584
5	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Valuation changes At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount					5,295,937 (483,353 4,812,584 4,812,584
5	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Valuation changes At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022					ment fund
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Valuation changes At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021				invest	5,295,937 (483,353 4,812,584 4,812,584 5,295,937
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Valuation changes At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021	impairment			invest	5,295,937 (483,353 4,812,584 4,812,584 5,295,937
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 Valuation changes At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021 Financial instruments Carrying amount of financial assets	impairment			invest 2022 £	5,295,937 (483,353 4,812,584 4,812,584 5,295,937

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

17	Debtors		
		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Other debtors	23,113	30,516
	Prepayments and accrued income	45,635	34,437
		68,748	64,953
18	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021
		2022 £	2021 £
			-
	Other taxation and social security	4,605	7,108
	Other taxation and social security Trade creditors	-	
	·	4,605	7,108
	Trade creditors	4,605 23,245	7,108

19 Corporation taxation

The charity is exempt from tax on income and gains falling within section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or section 252 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent these are applied to its charitable objects.

20 Retirement benefit schemes

Defined contribution schemes

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the charity in an independently administered fund.

The charge to SOFA in respect of defined contribution schemes was £3,964 (2021: £3,824).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Unrestricted general funds Prior financial year	Balance at 1 January 2022 £ 6,535,299 Balance at 1 January 2021 £ 5,859,888	Incoming resources £ 997,401	expended £ (839,525) ———	Revaluations, gains and Dolosses £ (483,353)	Balance at 31 ecember 2022 £ 6,209,822 Balance at 31 ecember 2021
Unrestricted general funds Prior financial year	£ 6,535,299 Balance at 1 January 2021 £	997,401 Mo Incoming resources	Resources expended £ (839,525) evement in fun Resources expended	Revaluations, gains and Dolosses £ (483,353) ds Revaluations, gains and Do	£ 6,209,822
Unrestricted general funds Prior financial year	£ 6,535,299 Balance at 1 January 2021 £	997,401 Mo Incoming resources	expended £ (839,525) evement in fun Resources expended	gains and Do losses £ (483,353) ds Revaluations, gains and Do	£ 6,209,822
Prior financial year	6,535,299 Balance at 1 January 2021	997,401 Mo Incoming resources	(839,525) evement in fun Resources expended	£ (483,353) ds Revaluations, gains and Do	6,209,822 ===================================
Prior financial year	Balance at 1 January 2021 £	Mo Incoming resources	evement in fun Resources expended	ds Revaluations, gains and Do	Balance at 31
	January 2021 £	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Revaluations, gains and De	
	January 2021 £	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Revaluations, gains and De	
	January 2021 £	resources	expended	gains and D	
	£		•		ecember 2021
Inrestricted general funds		£		losses	
Inrestricted general funds		~		£	£
Inrestricted general funds	5,859,888		~	~	4
		570,341 ———	(696,945)	802,015 ————	6,535,299
Analysis of net assets between funds					
					Unrestricted
					funds 2021
					£021
und balances at 31 December 2022 are	represented by	<i>r</i> :		~	_
angible assets	,			1,345,892	1,174,089
nvestments				4,812,584	5,295,937
Current assets/(liabilities)				51,346	65,273
				6,209,822	6,535,299
Cash generated from operations				2022 £	2021 £
Deficit)/surpus for the year				(325,477)	675,411
djustments for:					
nvestment income recognised in statem	ent of financial a	ctivities		(9,029)	(9,014)
Sain on disposal of tangible fixed assets				(83,243)	(66,896)
				483,353	(802,015)
epreciation and impairment of tangible	fixed assets			116,338	85,582
Novements in working capital:				(0.70E)	
•					4,444
ncrease in creditors				240,128 	24,569
cash generated from/(absorbed by) o	perations			418,275	(87,919)
	und balances at 31 December 2022 are angible assets ovestments urrent assets/(liabilities) ash generated from operations Deficit)/surpus for the year djustments for: ovestment income recognised in statement in on disposal of tangible fixed assets air value gains and losses on investment epreciation and impairment of tangible dovements in working capital: increase)/decrease in debtors increase in creditors	und balances at 31 December 2022 are represented by angible assets expestments urrent assets/(liabilities) ash generated from operations Deficit)/surpus for the year djustments for: exestment income recognised in statement of financial asian on disposal of tangible fixed assets air value gains and losses on investments epreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets elovements in working capital: encrease)/decrease in debtors	und balances at 31 December 2022 are represented by: angible assets avestments urrent assets/(liabilities) ash generated from operations Deficit)/surpus for the year djustments for: avestment income recognised in statement of financial activities ain on disposal of tangible fixed assets air value gains and losses on investments epreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets lovements in working capital: ncrease)/decrease in debtors acrease in creditors	und balances at 31 December 2022 are represented by: angible assets ivestments urrent assets/(liabilities) ash generated from operations Deficit)/surpus for the year djustments for: ivestment income recognised in statement of financial activities iain on disposal of tangible fixed assets air value gains and losses on investments epreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets lovements in working capital: increase)/decrease in debtors icrease in creditors	Unrestricted funds 2022 £ und balances at 31 December 2022 are represented by: angible assets Investments Investment income recognised in statement of financial activities Investment income recognised investments Investment investment of tangible fixed assets Investment in working capital: Increase)/decrease in debtors Increase in creditors Increase in creditor

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

24 Related party transactions

Remuneration of key management personnel

The key management personnel of the charity comprise the trustees. Remuneration for key management personnel was £nil (2021: £nil).

Transactions with related parties

During the year the charity entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Donations received		Rental income	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Trustees	29,525	10,000	9,000	9,000
	29,525	10,000	9,000	9,000

During the year no loans were received from related parties. In the prior year, loans from B Burnie (trustee) totalling £55,000 and Bluebell Cancer Patient Care (a charity of which B Burnie is a trustee) of £40,000 were received. Both were fully repaid at the prior year end. During the year Bluebell Cancer Patient Care made donations to the charity of £333,197 (2021: £10,000).

No guarantees have been given or received.

Rent receivable was charged at market rate as identified by an independent professional surveyor. Purchases were made at market rates

An amount of £7,500 (2021: £9,000) in relation to rent paid in advance has been included in creditors falling due within one year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.