COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 02331173

Macob Scaffolding Contracts Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2022

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2022

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Chartered Accountant's Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Macob Scaffolding Contracts Limited Year ended 31 March 2022

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Macob Scaffolding Contracts Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance. Our work has been undertaken in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at www.icaew.com/compilation.

CLAY SHAW THOMAS LTD Chartered accountants

2 Oldfield Road Bocam Park Bridgend CF35 5LJ

22 December 2022

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2022

		2022		2021
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		32,726	38,180
Investments	6		2,500	2,500
			35,226	40,680
Current assets				
Debtors	7	177,162		124,151
Cash at bank and in hand		6,702		3,443
		183,864		127,594
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	410,410		439,711
Net current liabilities			226,546	312,117
Total assets less current liabilities			(191,320)	(271,437)
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			755	_
Net liabilities			(192,075)	(271,437)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	9		100	100
Profit and loss account	10		(192,175)	(271,537)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered. For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 December 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P C Roberts

Director

Company registration number: 02331173

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 2 Oldfield Road, Bocam Park, Bridgend, Bridgend County Borough, United Kingdom, CF35 5LJ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The directors have assessed whether there are any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, the directors have taken in to account all available information about the future, including liabilities owed to the company director, and conclude that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts received during the period in respect of the hire of equipment, exclusive of Value Added Tax, in line with the company's principal activity.

Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided for under the liability method using the rates estimated to arise when the timing differences reverse and is accounted for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 10% straight line
Fixtures & Fittings - 15% straight line

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	423,275
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	423,275
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2022	_
At 31 March 2021	-

During the prior year, impairment provisions of £141,798 were made in respect of the carrying value of goodwill.

5. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Total
-	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	1	385,000	199	385,200
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2021	_	346,821	199	347,020
Charge for the year	_	5,454	_	5,454
At 31 March 2022	_	352,275	199	352,474
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2022	1	32,725	_	32,726
At 31 March 2021	1	38,179		38,180

6. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £	s of	er investments ther than loans	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	162,500)	2,500	165,000
Impairment		-		
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	162,500)	-	162,500
Carrying amount		-		
At 31 March 2022	- 2	2,500	2,500	
At 31 March 2021	- 2	2,500	2,500	

During the previous year, impairment provisions of £162,500 were made in respect of the cost of investment in the company's subsidiary undertaking, Macob Scaffolding Limited.

7. Debtors

			2022	2021
			£	£
Trade debtors			_	543
Amounts owed by group undertakings			1,703	41,458
Other debtors			175,459	82,150
			177,162	124,151
8. Creditors: amounts falling due wit	thin one year			
			2022	2021
			£	£
Trade creditors			3,439	3,326
Social security and other taxes			32,132	61,546
Other creditors			374,839	374,839
			410,410	439,711
9. Called up share capital Authorised share capital				········
-	2022		2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	250,000	250,000	250,000	250,000

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2022		2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100	100	100	100

10. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

11. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

Included in other debtors are amounts owed from the directors:

	M r	P	CMr	D	J
	Roberts Rol		Robe	erts	
	£		£		
Amount owed to the company 1 April 2021		2,	700	2,9	900
Advanced		32,4	496	63,2	208
Interest charged			175	3	331
Amount owed to the company 31 March 2022		35,3	371	66,4	439

These loans are charged at an effective interest rate of 2% and have no fixed terms of repayment.

12. Related party transactions

During the year the company charged for hire of equipment to Macob Scaffolding Limited £38,500 (2021: £38,500). As at the year end, an amount of £1,702 (2021: £41,457) was due from Macob Scaffolding Limited. Macob Scaffolding Limited is a 95% subsidiary of the company. Included within other creditors are loans from a former director and shareholder of £372,000 (2021: £372,000). These loans are interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

13. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors there is no ultimate controlling party.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.