Registered number: 02329031

## **SLEDGEHAMMER HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED**

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



23/09/2019 **COMPANIES HOUSE** 

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors

B Ackerman

N Ackerman

Registered number

02329031

Registered office

113 Brent Street

London NW4 2DX

Independent auditors

Wilder Coe Ltd

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

1st Floor Sackville House 143-149 Fenchurch Street

London EC3M 6BL

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## SLEDGEHAMMER HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02329031

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Investment properties	4		5,515,050		5,475,000
Investments	5		60,100		60,100
			5,575,150	•	5,535,100
Current assets					
Debtors	6	1,190,358		1,213,278	
Cash at bank and in hand		16,250		6,527	
		1,206,608		1,219,805	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,622,847)		(1,629,392)	
Net current liabilities			(416,239)		(409,587)
Total assets less current liabilities		•	5,158,911	•	5, 125, 513
Provision for liabilities	8		(727,609)		(727,609)
Net assets			4,431,302	•	4,397,904
Capital and reserves					
Allotted, called up and fully paid share capital			10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account	9		4,421,302		4,387,904
Total equity		•	4,431,302	•	4,397,904

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The Company has opted not to file the Directors' Report and Profit and Loss Account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime, under section 444 of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

B Ackerman Director

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 1. Company information

Sledgehammer Holdings Company Limited (Company number: 02329031) is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 113 Brent Street, London, NW4 2DX. The trading address is the same as the registered office.

## 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in GBP sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £ (GBP).

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102, Section 1A.7 from the requirement to produce a Statement of Cash Flows on the grounds that it is a small company.

The Company has taken advantage from the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 102, Section 33.1A not to disclose transactions with group entities which are wholly owned by a member of the group.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

## 2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises rental and other property related income exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Turnover in respect of rental income, lease premiums, insurance and other recharges of property related expenditure is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding Value Added Tax.

## 2.3 Investment properties

Investment properties are carried at fair value, determined annually by the directors on the basis of open market values for its current use. No depreciation is provided in relation to investment properties. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

## 2.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the Company's Balance Sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occured after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occuring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and other loans including loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price.

Short-term creditors are measured at cost/transaction price and not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

The current corporation tax charge is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Freehold

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

## 4. Investment properties

	property £
Fair value	
At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	5,475,000
Additions	40,050

The fair value of investment property has been determined by one of the directors of the Company, who is a chartered surveyor.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 5. Fixed asset investments

			Shares in group undertakings £
	Cost At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018		60,100
	At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016		
6.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade debtors	7,081	3,327
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,171,123	1,197,090
	Other debtors	7,287	5,734
	Prepayments and accrued income	4,867	7,127
		1,190,358	1,213,278
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	10,045	19,071
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,597,678	1,597,678
	Other creditors	1,198	207
	Accruals and deferred income	13,926	12,436
		1,622,847	1,629,392

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 8. Deferred taxation

	2018 £	2017 £
At beginning of year	727,609	514,296
Charged to profit and loss	-	213,313
At end of year	727,609	727,609
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	2018 £	2017 £
Revaluation of investment property	727,609	727,609

## 9. Reserves

As at 31 December 2018 there were distributable reserves of £588,339 (2017: £554,941). The non-distributable component as at 31 December 2018 was £3,832,963 (2017: £3,832,963).

## 10. Parent company

The immediate parent company is Abbey Commercial Ltd, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking is Bana One Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Bana One Limited prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from 113 Brent Street, London, NW4 2DX.

## 11. Auditors' information

The company was subject to an audit for the year ended 31 December 2018. The audit report issued by Mark Saunders BA FCA, as senior statutory auditor of Wilder Coe Ltd, was issued with an unqualified opinion.