Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

Michael Dufty Partnership Limited
59-61 Charlotte Street
St Pauls Square
Birmingham
West Midlands
B3 1PX



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07/09/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE #115

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Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

DIRECTORS:

D Cass

A P Dallaway A J Mustill P S Spears J D Swain B G Swain

SECRETARY:

A P Dallaway

REGISTERED OFFICE:

70 Bordesley Street

Birmingham England B5 5QA

REGISTERED NUMBER:

02325889 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Michael Dufty Partnership Limited

59-61 Charlotte Street St Pauls Square Birmingham West Midlands

B3 1PX

ANOPOL (SOUTH) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 02325889)

Balance Sheet 31 December 2016

		2016		2015	
EIVEN ACCETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		72,705		49,660
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	_	3,916		2,325	
Debtors Cash at bank	5	151,949 42,022		183,902 37,453	
Casii at balik		42,022			
CDEDITORS		197,887		223,680	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	6	115,522		142,533	
Amounts faming due within one year	U				
NET CURRENT ASSETS			82,365		81,147
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			155,070		130,807
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one	_		(15.160)		
year	7		(17,163)		-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(10,928)		(5,851)
NET ASSETS			126,979		124,956
					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Retained earnings			125,979		123,956
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			126,979		124,956
SHAREHOUDERS FUNDS			====		====

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2016.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

ANOPOL (SOUTH) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 02325889)

Balance Sheet - continued 31 December 2016

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 5 September 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

D Cass - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Anopol (South) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

The company's principal activity is that of surface treatment of metal products.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Anopol (South) Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company has taken the option under Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery

- 10% to 20% on reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

- 33% on cost and 10% on reducing balance

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 14.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings £	Totals £
	COST			
	At 1 January 2016 Additions	347,336 38,749	37,824	385,160 38,749
	Additions	<u> </u>		
	At 31 December 2016	386,085	37,824	423,909
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2016	305,104	30,396	335,500
	Charge for year	14,948	756	15,704
	At 31 December 2016	320,052	31,152	351,204
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2016	66,033	6,672	72,705
	At 31 December 2015	42,232	7,428	49,660
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEA	R	2016 £	2015 £
	Trade debtors	•	139,259	171,382
	Prepayments		12,690	12,520
			151,949	183,902
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE Y	EAR		
	·		2016 £	2015 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors		13,216 15,951	43,256
	Tax		26,345	42,170
	Social security and other taxes		8,436	9,820
	VAT		26,954	30,502
	Accrued expenses		24,620	16,785
			115,522	142,533
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE T	HAN ONE		
			2016 £	2015 £
	Bank loans - 1-2 years		17,163	-
	· ·		====	***

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

8. SECURED DEBTS

Bank loans

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

2016	2015
£	£
30,379	-

The bank loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the business.

9. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

There is no ultimate controlling party.