Company Registration Number: 2313772

Cafe Rouge Limited

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 March 1994



Mercers Bryant Chartered Accountants 45 Crawford Place, London WIH 2AD

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Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 1994

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 1994.

Principal Activities and Review of the Business

The principal activity of the company during the year was operating restaurants.

The company intends to continue its present restaurant operations. The directors are satisfied with the results for the year.

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4.

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

It is proposed that the retained profit of £318,725 is transferred to reserves.

Fixed Assets

Details of movements in fixed assets during the year are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

Directors and their Interests

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the company were as stated below.

	Class of s		Number of si 1994	hares 1993
R.Myers	Ordinary s	chares		_
K.E.D.Jones	Ordinary s			-
L.I.Ross	Ordinary s	shares	_	
(Appointed 16	September 1993)			

The directors interests in the shares of the ultimate holding company are shown in the accounts of that company.

Auditors

A resolution to appoint Mercers Bryant, Chartered Accountants and BDO Binder Hamlyn, Chartered Accountants as joint auditors of the Company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the Board on 29 July 1994.

Bekay Secretaries Limited

Secretary

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the filancial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors' Report to the shareholders of Cafe Rouge Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 14 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on pages 6 and 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Foard. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence colevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently included and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Fundamental uncertainty

As explained more fully in note 11 to the financial statements the company is dependent on the continued financial support of its parent company. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, the validity of which depends on that support continuing to be available and do not contain any adjustments which would result from the support being withdrawn. We have considered the adequacy of disclosures in relation to this fundamental uncertainty in forming our opinion. Our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 1994 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Mercers Bryant

Marcan Bry .

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 45 Crawford Place

London W1H 2AD

29 July 1994

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 1994

-	Notes	1994 £	19\$3 £
Turnover	2	E 1776 + 45	2.
Cost of sales	-	5,176,143	4,277,222
Gross profit		(1,501,477)	(1,201,088)
Administrative expenses		3,674,666	3,076,134
outset operating income		(3,475,888) 139,666	(2,725,064)
Operating profit	3		
Other interest receivable and		338,444	351,070
Interest payable and	4	42,611	Ding
similar charges	5	(42,330)	(15.000)
Profit on ordinary			(15,862)
activities before taxation		338,725	335,208
ordinary activities	6	(20,000)	
Profit on ordinary		(20,000)	
activities after taxation		318,725	335,208
here are no many			

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 1994

	Notes	•	994 £	£ :	1993 €
Fixed Assets					
Tangible assets	7		4,770,619		3,998,446
Current Assets					
Strong .S Co. at bank and in hand	8 9	169,628 429,734 742,599		206,843 413,267 36,829	7
		1,341,961		656,939)
creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10(2,151,235) (2,323,728))
Net Current Liabilities			(809,274)		(1,666,789)
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			E3,961,345		£2,331,657
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		4,409,308		3,098,345
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account:	13 14 15	100 130,802 (578,865))	100 130,802 (897,590	
Shareholders' Funds	16		(447,963)		(766,688)
		5	23,961,345		£2,331,657

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 29 July 1994.

R.Myers Director

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

1. Accounting Policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain properties, and include the results of the company's operations as indicated in the directors' report, all of which are continuing.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement on the grounds that it is the wholly owned subsidiary of a parent undertaking that has published consolidated financial statements.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.3 Tumover

Turnover represents receipts from operating activities and is stated exclusive of value added tax.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

No depreciation is provided on freehold properties or leasehold properties with twenty years and over to run at the Balance Sheet date. It is the Group's practice to maintain these assets in a continual state of sound repair and to extend and make improvements thereto from time to time and accordingly the directors consider that the lives of these assets are so long and residual values, based on prices prevailing at the time of acquisition or subsequent revaluation, so high that their depreciation is insignificant. Any permanent diminution in the value of such properties is charged to the Profit and Loss Account as appropriate.

All leasehold properties of less than twenty years are amortised over the unexpired terms. Depreciation is provided on all other tangible fixed assets on a reducing balance basis of 12.5% for furniture, fittings and equipment, and 25% for motor vehicles. Pre-opening expenditure incurred on new restaurants is written off over five years.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

1.5 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and the outstanding obligations, net of finance charges, are included as liabilities. Depreciation is charged to the Profit and Loss Account in accordance with the Group's depreciation policy. Finance charges are taken to the Profit and Loss Account in constant proportion to the remaining balance of capital repayments or net obligations outstanding.

1.6 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Deferred taxation

Provision for deferred taxation is made only where a liability is likely to arise in the future. No provision has been made for deferred taxation in respect of the tax that would be payable if revalued properties were sold at their revalued amounts because there is no current intention to dispose of these properties.

2. Turnover

Turnover is wholly represented by restaurant operating activities carried on in the United Kingdom.

3.	Operating Profit	199 4 £	1.993 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets Hire of equipment	114,899 8,947	242,957
	Directors' remuneration Operating lease rentals	224,385	179,211
	- Land and buildings	411,811	336,762
	and after crediting:		
	Rents receivable	39,666	-
	•		
4.	Other Interest Receivable and Similar Income	1994 £	1993 £
	Bank interest received	42,611	-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

5.	Interest Payable		1994 £	1993 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts Lease finance charges and hire purchase interest On overdue tax		9,385 18,176 14,769	15,862
		£ =	42,330 £	15,862
5.	Taxation U.K. Current year taxation		1994 £	1993 £
	U.K. Corporation tax at 33% (1993 - 25%)		20,000	-
		£	20,000 £	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

7. Tangible Assets

raiding vasers				
_	Land and buildings :		Motor vehicles	Total
	Leasehold ((short)	equipment		
	(BIDLC)	£	£	£
Cost or valuation	~	~	-	-
At 1 April 1993	3,698,891	790,598	43,785	4,533,274
Additions	755,095	261,925		1,098,661
Disposals	(209,276)		(5,000)	(214,276)
At 31 March 1994	4,244,710	1,052,523	120,426	5,417,659
Depreciation				~~~~~~
At 1 April 1993	316,553	193,512	24,763	534,828
On disposals	• -	·	(2,187)	
Charge for year	9,405	88,769	16,225	114,399
At 31 March 1994	325,958	282,281	38,801	647,040
Net book values				
At 31 March 1994	3,918,752	770,242	81,625	4,770,619
At 31 March 1993	3,382,338	597,086	19,022	3,998,446

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows:

	Net book Depreciation		
	value £	charge £	
Fixtures, fittings & equipment Motor vehicles	82,874 50,026	11,840 16,676	
	£ 132,900	£ 28,516	

Assets included at valuation would have been included on a historical cost basis at:

Short leasehold properties:	
Cost	1,354,546
Aggregate depreciation	(190,517)
	1,164,029
•	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

8.	Stocks	199 4 £	1993 £
	Food, beverages and consumables	169,628	206,843
		£ 169,628	£ 206,843
	The replacement value at 31 March 1994 is conside to be not materially different from the Balance S		
ą,	Debtors	1994 £	1993 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	100,965 219,292 55,006	508
	Prepayments and accrued income	54,471 £ 429,734	408,029 £ 413,267
			1 -
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	1994 £	1953 £
	Bank overdraft Net obligations under finance lease	116,996	204,771
	and hire purchase contracts Trade creditors Corporation tax	46,104 1,023,468 20,000	1,236,865
	Other taxes and social security costs Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	750,962 6,725 186,980	706,071 -
			2,323,728

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

11.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	1994 19 £ 9	993 E
	Amounts owed to parent undertaking Net obligations under finance leases	4,361,110 3,059,	432
	and hire purchase contracts	48,198 38,	913
		4,409,308 3,098,	345
	Net obligations under finance leases and hime purchase contracts Repayable within one year Repayable between one and five years		863 914
	Included in current liabilities	94,302 87, (46,104) (48,	777 864)
		£ 48,198 £ 38,	913

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and using the going extern basis. The going concern basis is thought to be appropriate because the parent company The Pelican Group Plc has provided a written undertaking not to withdraw existing funds and to provide additional funds in the event that this becomes necessary. The directors are confident that the promised support will be forthcoming and so the financial statements do not contain any adjustments that might arise if the promised support is withdrawn.

12. Provisions for Liabilities and Charges

As a result of the continued high level of expenditure on additions to fixed assets which attract capital allowances, the timing differences between depreciation and taxation allowances will not reverse in the foreseeable future and consequently a provision for deferred taxation is not required. The full potential liability is as follows:

Differences between accumulated	1994 £	1993 £
depreciation and capital allowances Arising as the result of revaluation	97,000 50,000	-
•	£ 147,000	£ -

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

13.	Share Capital	1994 £	199∄ £
	Authorised 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
14.	Revaluation Reserve	1994 £	1993 £
	Balance brought forward at 1 April 1993	130,802	130,802
	Balance carried forward at 31 March 1994	£ 130,802	£ 130,802
15.	Profit And Loss Account	1994 £	1993 £
	Accumulated losses at 1 April 1993 Retained profit for the year	(897,590) 318,725	(1,232,798) 335,208
	Accumulated losses at 31 March 1994	£(578,865)	£(897,590)
16.	Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Fu	nds 1994 £	1993 £
	Profit for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	318,725 (766,688)	335,208
	Closing shareholders' funds	£(447,963)	£(766,688)

17. Contingent Liabilities

The company is a party to a guarantee given in respect of the group's bank facilities. The total amount outstanding at the end of the year was £1,750,000 (1993: £3,000,000).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 1994

18. Financial Commitments

At 31 March 1994 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Expiry date:	Land and 1994 £	
	In over five years	470,500	499,000
		£ 470,500	£ 499,000
19.	Directors' Emoluments	1994 £	1993 £
	Directors' remuneration (excluding pension contributions)		
	The chairman and the highest-paid director	£ 99,231	£ 91,411
	The chairman's remuneration is represented by consa company in which he is materially interested as shareholder.	sultancy fe a director	es paid to and
	Other directors' emoluments (excluding pension contributions) were in the following ranges:	Number	Number
	£30,001 - £35,000 £80,001 - £85,000 £90,001 - £95,000	1	1

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year exced 31 March 1994

20. Employees

Number of employees

The average weekly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:

directors) during the year was:	1994 Number	1993 Number
Administration	21	11
Restaurant	194	190
	215	201
		5 71111
Employment costs		
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,908,946	1,296,339
Social security costs	196,820	
	2,105,766	1,430,835

21. Ultimate Parent Company

The ultimate parent company is The Pelican Group Plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain.