MOTTRAM HALL LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 16 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2021 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 APRIL 2021

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	3	834,642		834,642	
Net current assets			34,642		834,642
		=			
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss reserves		8	34,641		834,641
		-			
Total equity		8	34,642		834,642
		=			

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23-2011 and accordance on its behalf by:

Mr & Purdew Director

Company Registration No. 02288402

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 16 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Mottram Hall Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Palladium House, 1-4 Argyll Street, London, W1F 7LD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future based upon the ongoing support of the group. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Reporting period

The financial statements are presented for the period 1 January 2020 to 30 April 2021. This is in order to bring the year end in line with the rest of the group.

1.4 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the 16 month period or the preceding financial period. During this time, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE 16 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the 16 month period was:

		2020 Number	2019 Number
	Total		3
3	Debtors	2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	834,642	834,642

4 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was James Leigh.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE 16 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2021

4 Audit report information

(Continued)

The auditor was Azets Audit Services.

5 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The company is party to a cross guarantee for the bank borrowings of the group. The borrowings are secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. At the year end the liabilities covered by theses guarantees totalled £91,900,000 (2019: £77,900,000).

6 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS102 Section 33.1A "Related party disclosures" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with any other wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the Champneys Henlow Limited group.

7 Parent company

The company is a subsidiary of Champneys Henlow Limited which is the immediate and ultimate parent company.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Champneys Henlow Limited, incorporated in the UK. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

The ultimate controlling party is the Purdew family.