

Company registration number: 02285993

Carrob Controls & Services Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 October 2021

Carrob Controls & Services Limited

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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr David Corrigan

Mr Lee Corrigan

Company number

02285993

Registered office

4 Avebury Court

Mark Road

Hemel Hempstead

Herts

HP2 7TA

Business address

4 Avebury Court

Mark Road

Hemel Hempstead

Herts

HP2 7TA

Accountants

Hicks And Company

Chartered Accountants

83 High Street

Hemel Hempstead

Herts

HP1 3AH

Carrob Controls & Services Limited

Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Carrob Controls & Services Limited

Year ended 31 October 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Carrob Controls & Services Limited for the year ended 31 October 2021 which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/>.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Carrob Controls & Services Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Carrob Controls & Services Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Carrob Controls & Services Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Carrob Controls & Services Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Carrob Controls & Services Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Carrob Controls & Services Limited. You consider that Carrob Controls & Services Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Carrob Controls & Services Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Hicks And Company

Chartered Accountants

83 High Street

Hemel Hempstead

Herts

HP1 3AH

23 June 2022

Carrob Controls & Services Limited

Statement of financial position

31 October 2021

		31 October 2021	31 October 2020
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	233,550	236,201
		<u>233,550</u>	<u>236,201</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		129,279	75,542
Debtors	6	410,097	356,957
Cash at bank and in hand		869,198	590,047
		<u>1,408,574</u>	<u>1,022,546</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	458,890	278,529
Net current assets		<u>949,684</u>	<u>744,017</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,183,234</u>	<u>980,218</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	30,738	30,738
Net assets		<u>1,152,496</u>	<u>949,480</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Capital redemption reserve		(500)	(500)
Profit and loss account		1,151,996	948,980
Shareholders funds		<u>1,152,496</u>	<u>949,480</u>

For the year ending 31 October 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 June 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Lee Corrigan

Director

Company registration number: 02285993

Carrob Controls & Services Limited

Statement of changes in equity

Year ended 31 October 2021

	Called up share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
At 1 November 2019	500	(500)	798,819	798,819
Profit for the year			231,746	231,746
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>231,746</u>	<u>231,746</u>
Issue of shares	500			500
Dividends paid and payable			81,585	81,585
Total investments by and distributions to owners	<u>500</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>81,585</u>	<u>81,085</u>
At 31 October 2020 and 1 November 2020	1,000	(500)	948,979	949,479
Profit for the year			313,017	313,017
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>313,017</u>	<u>313,017</u>
Dividends paid and payable			110,000	110,000
Total investments by and distributions to owners	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>110,000</u>	<u>110,000</u>
At 31 October 2021	<u>1,000</u>	<u>(500)</u>	<u>1,151,996</u>	<u>1,152,496</u>

Carrob Controls & Services Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 October 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 4 Avebury Court, Mark Road, Hemel Hempstead, Herts, HP2 7TA.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Long leasehold property	- No provision has been made for depreciation
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 25 % reducing balance
Motor vehicles	- 25 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 12 (2020: 16).

5. Tangible assets

	Long leasehold property £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 November 2020	155,246	51,107	102,861	309,214
Additions	-	1,049	22,991	24,040
At 31 October 2021	155,246	52,156	125,852	333,254
Depreciation				
At 1 November 2020	429	46,958	25,627	73,014
Charge for the year	-	1,278	25,412	26,690
At 31 October 2021	429	48,236	51,039	99,704
Carrying amount				
At 31 October 2021	154,817	3,920	74,813	233,550
At 31 October 2020	154,817	4,149	77,234	236,200

6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	384,112	319,170
Other debtors	25,985	37,787
	410,097	356,957

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	356,686	117,684
Corporation tax	43,124	24,638
Social security and other taxes	14,003	82,351
Other creditors	45,077	53,856
	458,890	278,529

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other creditors	30,738	30,738
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9. Events after the end of the reporting period

The company entered in to an agreement with Mr David Corrigan to buy back his shares.

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2021

	Balance brought forward £	Advances /(credits) to the directors £	Balance o/standing £
Mr David Corrigan	(21,547)	1,184	(20,363)
Mr Lee Corrigan	(10,000)	(3,593)	(13,593)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	(31,547)	(2,409)	(33,956)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

2020

	Balance brought forward £	Advances /(credits) to the directors £	Balance o/standing £
Mr David Corrigan	(24,518)	2,970	(21,548)
Mr Lee Corrigan	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	(24,518)	(7,030)	(31,548)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.