## Company Registration No. 2280993

**Taylor & Francis Group Limited** 

**Report and Financial Statements** 

**31 December 2010** 



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## Report and financial statements

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## Report and financial statements 2010

## Officers and professional advisers

### **Directors**

R G Horton P S Rigby J W Burton A C Walker

M Kerswell (resigned 31 March 2011) G R Wright (appointed 31 March 2010) R Jacobs (appointed 27 May 2010)

### Secretary

J L Woollard

### **Registered Office**

Mortimer House 37-41 Mortimer Street London W1T 3JH

### Auditors

Deloitte LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
2 New Street Square,
London
EC4A 3BZ
United Kingdom

## Directors' report

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

This Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under s418 of the Companies Act 2006

#### Principal activity

During the year the Company's principal activity was acting as an intermediate holding company and the Directors expect the Company to continue in this role for the foreseeable future

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

Due to the nature of the company's business and the assets and liabilities contained within the Company's balance sheet, the Directors consider the principal risk is the valuation of investments and that the amounts due to the Company may not be recoverable. The Directors monitor the risk associated with these investments and the credit risk associated with amounts due from group companies having regard for the underlying performance of those entities.

#### Going concern

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as set out in Note 1.

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk and cash flow risk. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments

#### Credit risk

The Company's principal financial assets are intercompany receivables. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the receivable.

As the exposure is with companies also owned by its ultimate parent company the Directors consider that there is no significant credit risk

## Cash flow risk

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates in relation to sterling. The majority of the Company's business is conducted in US\$ but it is still exposed to exchange risk as certain balances with other group entities remain in sterling.

#### Dividends

The Directors do not recommend the payment of an ordinary dividend for the year ended 31 December 2010 (2009 \$nil)

## Directors' report (continued)

#### **Directors**

The Directors who held office during the year and to the date of this report, were as follows

R G Horton
J W Burton
P S Rigby
A C Walker
M Kerswell (resigned 31 March 2011)
G R Wright (appointed 31 March 2010)
R Jacobs (appointed 27 May 2010)

#### **Directors' indemnities**

The Informa group has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its Directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report

#### **Auditors**

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware,
   and
- the Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at a forthcoming General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by

Twornard

J L Woollard Secretary 21 APRIL 2011

Mortimer House 37 – 41 Mortimer Street London W1T 3JH

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Taylor & Francis Group Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Taylor & Francis Group Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on matters prescribed in the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' report

la Waller

lan Waller (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London, United Kingdom

27 April

2011

## Profit and loss account Year ended 31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Administrative expenses		578	(7,084)
Operating profit/(loss)	3	578	(7,084)
Profit on disposal of current asset investment Interest receivable and similar income	4	18,966	30,453 11,571
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(2,053)	(27,977)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		17,491	6,963
Tax credit/(charge) on profit on ordinary activities	6	1,137	(626)
Profit for the financial year	11	18,628	6,337

All results are derived from continuing operations

## Statement of total recognised gains and losses Year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Profit for the financial year Currency translation differences	11 11	18,628 (2,601)	6,337 3,117
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	<del>-</del>	16,027	9,454

## Balance sheet At 31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Fixed assets			
Investments	7	83,577	1,225,948
Current assets			
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	8	1,139,079	83
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(159,433)	(178,835)
Net current assets / (liabilities)		979,646	(178,752)
Net assets		1,063,223	1,047,196
Capital and reserves		<del></del>	
Called up share capital	10	7,977	7,977
Share premium account	11	557,104	557,104
Hedging reserve	11	516	3,117
Profit and loss account	11	497,626	478,998
Total shareholders' funds	12	1,063,223	1,047,196

The financial statements of Taylor & Francis Group Limited (registered number 2280993) were approved by the board of Directors and authorised for issue on 21 2011

They were signed on its behalf by

G R Wright Director

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2010

### 1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom generally accepted accounting practices)

As permitted by section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements as it is a subsidiary undertaking of Informa plc, a Company registered in Jersey which prepares consolidated financial statements including the results of Taylor & Francis Group Limited and its subsidiary undertakings. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that its parent undertaking, Informa plc, includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the Company's voting rights are controlled within the group headed by Informa plc, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Informa plc, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 14.

## Going concern

The Company is a 100% subsidiary of Informa plc In reaching their decision to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis, the Directors have considered the impact of the current economic climate on both the company and also the Group of which it is a member

Having given due consideration to the above factors and the anticipated future performance of the Company, the Directors have been able to form a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts

## Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated as cost less provision for any impairment in value

#### Hedging

The Company's holding activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedging transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Company documents whether the hedging instrument that is used in a hedging relationship is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values of the hedged item. Changes in the fair value of instruments that are designated and effective as hedges of are recognised directly in equity and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies, other than those in designated hedge relationships, are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. At the balance sheet date monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at that date. These translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

#### Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as most likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

### 2. Directors' remuneration

The Directors are employed and remunerated by other companies in the Informa plc group and do not receive any remuneration specifically for their services as Directors of the Company

#### 3. Operating profit/(loss)

	\$'000	\$'000
Write down of amounts owed by group undertakings	-	(7,084)
Group recharge adjustment	640	_
Charges from another group undertaking	(62)	-
	578	(7,084)

The average number of employees, excluding Directors, was nil (2009 nil)

The fees payable to the Company's auditors' for the audit of the financial statements of \$2,000 (2009 \$2,000) was borne by another group company

2010

2000

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

## 4. Interest receivable and similar income

	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Interest from group undertakings Foreign exchange gains Other	18,779 183 4	11,565 - 6
	18,966	11,571
5. Interest payable and similar charges		
	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Interest to group undertakings Other	2,050	27,971 6
	2,053	27,977
6. Tax (credit)/charge on profit on ordinary activities		
	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
UK Corporation tax		
Current tax on profit for the year	-	_
Exchange loss on tax creditor Adjustments in respect of prior year	(1,137)	397
	(1,137)	397
Foreign tax		
Current tax on profit for the year Exchange loss on foreign tax	-	234 (5)
	<u> </u>	229
Tax (credit)/charge on profit on ordinary activities	(1,137)	626

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

## 6. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

## Factors affecting the tax charge/(credit) for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is lower (2009 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below

	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	17,491	6,963
Current tax at 28% (2009 28%)	4,897	1,950
Group relief (claimed)/surrendered for nil consideration	(4,913)	4,594
Non taxable income	(1)	(8,527)
Foreign tax charge	-	234
Exchange loss/(gain) on tax creditor	-	397
Exchange loss on foreign tax	-	(5)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	17	1,983
Adjustments in respect of prior year	(1,137)	-
	(1,137)	626

## Factors that may affect future tax charges

The future tax charge of the Company may be affected by group losses available for surrender as group relief

## 7 Investments

	Investments \$'000	Loans to group undertakings \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1 January 2010	87,048	1,138,900	1,225,948
Exchange movements	(3,471)	-	(3,471)
Repayment of loans	<u>-</u>	(1,138,900)	(1,138,900)
At 31 December 2010	83,577	-	83,577

The loans to group undertakings were fully repaid in the year and new short term loans were issued to group undertakings (see note 8)

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

## 7. Investments (continued)

The Company's principal subsidiary undertakings are as follows

Company	Country of registration/incorporation	Principal activity	Ordinary shares held
Afterhurst Limited 1	England & Wales	Distribution of books	100%
Routledge Publishing Holdings Limited	England & Wales	Holding Company	100%
Informa Healthcare AB1	Sweden	Provision of publishing services	100%
Taylor & Francis Books Limited <sup>1</sup>	England & Wales	Publishing of books	100%
Taylor & Francis Limited	England & Wales	Holding Company	100%
Taylor & Francis Publishing Services Limited	England & Wales	Provision of publishing services	100%

In the opinion of the Directors the investments in and amounts due from the Company's subsidiary undertakings are worth at least the amounts at which they are stated in the balance sheet. Details of other non-trading subsidiaries are available from the Company's registered office.

### 8. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

2010	2009
\$'000	\$'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings 1,139,079	83

Of the amounts owed by group undertakings 1,139,000,000 (2009 nl) bears interest at 2 75% and \$79,000 (2009 83,000) is non-interest bearing

### 9. Creditors amounts falling due within one year

	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax	156,507 2,926	174,375 4,460
	159,433	178,835

Of the amounts owed to group undertakings \$136,266,000 (2009 \$152,415,000) bears interest at LIBOR plus 1% and \$20,241,000 (2009 \$21,960,000) is non-interest bearing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These companies are indirect subsidiaries of Taylor & Francis Group Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2010

## 10. Called up share capital

11.

			2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Authorised share capital			\$ 000	Ψ 000
231,062,400 ordinary shares of \$0 05 each			11,553	11,553
Called up, allotted and fully paid share capital 159,546,050 ordinary shares of \$0 05 each			7,977	7,977
Reserves				
	Share premium \$'000	Hedging reserve \$'000	Profit and loss account \$'000	Total \$'000
At 1 January 2010 Profit for the financial year Currency translation differences	557,104 - -	3,117 - (2,601)	478,998 18,628	1,039,219 18,628 (2,601)

### 12. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2010 \$'000	2009 \$'000
Profit for the financial year	18,628	6,337
Currency translation differences	(2,601)	3,117
Net increase in shareholders' funds	16,027	9,454
Opening shareholders' funds	1,047,196	1,037,742
Closing shareholders' funds	1,063,223	1,047,196

557,104

516

497,626

1,055,246

## 13. Contingent liabilities

At 31 December 2010

The Company jointly guarantees, with fellow group undertakings, a £1m (2009 £1m) overdraft facility

#### 14. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Informa DAP Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Informa plc, a company incorporated in Jersey under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. This is the smallest and largest group into which the Company is consolidated. Copies of the group financial statements for Informa plc are available at its principal place of business at Informa plc, Gubelstrasse 11, CH-6300, Zug, Switzerland.