30 September 1995



# LLOYDS LEASING MEADOWHALL DEVELOPMENT LIMITED 203 Blackfriars Road London SE1 8NH

### **DIRECTORS**

A E Moore CBE - Chairman J A Davies D H A Harrison P B Miles (alternate: A R Foad)

### **SECRETARY**

M R Hatcher

### **AUDITORS**

Price Waterhouse

### REGISTERED OFFICE

71 Lombard Street London EC3P 3BS

## REGISTERED NUMBER

2269493

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is property investment.

At the end of the year the cost of leased assets owned amounted to £77,161,000.

### **RESULTS**

The profit after taxation for the year ended 30 September 1995 amounted to £700,000 as set out in the profit and loss account on page 5.

An interim dividend of £700,000 will be paid in December 1995.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The names of the directors of the company are shown on page 1.

During the year, the following directors were appointed or resigned:

	Appointed	Resigned
J T Davies J A Davies W R Fullelove	l November 1994	31 October 1994 30 November 1994
P B Miles	l December 1994	30 November 1994

On I November 1994, Mr Moore was elected chairman of the company, in succession to Mr J T Davies. Mr Miles ceased to be an alternate director to Mr Fullelove on 30 November 1994 and Mr A R Foad was appointed an alternate director to Mr Miles on 9 December 1994.

All the directors are also directors of Lloyds Leasing Limited and reference to their interests in the capital of Lloyds Bank Plc, the ultimate parent company, and its subsidiaries is made in the report and accounts of Lloyds Leasing Limited.

On behalf of the board

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M R Hatcher Secretary

6 December 1995

# AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF LLOYDS LEASING MEADOWHALL DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 4.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
  continue in business.

The directors have responsibility for ensuring the company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 September 1995 and of the profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Southwark Towers 32 London Bridge Street London SE1 9SY

6 December 1995

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in compliance with the Companies Act 1985 and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The company is exempted from producing a cash flow statement since a consolidated cash flow statement prepared in accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 1 is included in the accounts of its ultimate parent undertaking.

### (a) Income recognition - finance leases

Rentals receivable, after adjusting for the amortisation of the cost of leased assets either positive or negative, are credited to the profit and loss account over the primary period of each lease in proportion to the net cash invested in each period, taking into account the effects of taxation.

#### (b) Provisions for bad and doubtful debts

Provisions for bad and doubtful debts are based on a year-end appraisal of rentals receivable less income allocated to future periods.

### (c) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at the appropriate rates of taxation where there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

### (d) Companies Act 1985 (see also note 4)

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation and taxation include where appropriate grossing adjustments ("equalisation") in respect of non-taxable income and non-allowable expenditure. This departure from the profit and loss formats set out in the Companies Act 1985 has been adopted in compliance with the principles established in Statement of standard accounting practice no 21.

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 September 1995

	Note	1995 £000	1994 £000
TURNOVER	1	7,830	7,857
AMORTISATION OF LEASED ASSETS		2,998	3,154
		10,828	11,011
INTEREST EXPENSE	2	9,779	9,620
OPERATING EXPENSES		1,049	1,391
Management fee payable to parent undertaking		5	6
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		1,044	1,385
TAXATION	4	344	458
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		700	927

There are no further gains or losses attributable to the shareholder other than those disclosed above.

# RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES for the year ended 30 September 1995

	1995 £000	1994 £000
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AFTER TAXATION	700	927
DIVIDEND	700	920
NET INCREASE IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES	-	7
CAPITAL AND RESERVES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	153	146
CAPITAL AND RESERVES AT END OF YEAR	153	153

# BALANCE SHEET at 30 September 1995

are of September 1995	Note		995		994
ASSETS	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
CURRENT ASSETS					
DEBTORS					
Finance lease receivables after more than one year Amounts owed by group undertakings Deferred taxation asset	5 6 7		94,271 640		92,152 739 2
			94,911		92,893
LIABILITIES					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8 9		100 53		100 53
			153		153
CREDITORS					
Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors	10	94,527		92,324	
Deferred taxation	7	231		416 -	
			94,758	<del></del>	92,740
			94,911		92,893
			<del></del>		

A E Moore - Chairman

P B Miles - Chief Manager

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### 1 TURNOVER

Turnover represents gross rentals receivable in the year.

### 2 INTEREST EXPENSE

	1995 £000	1994 £000
Interest payable to group undertakings on bank loans and overdrafts	9,779	9,620

## 3 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

An aggregate amount of £3,000 was deemed to have been paid by the ultimate parent company for the services of two of the directors in respect of the management of the affairs of the company (1994:£3,000 to one director). There were no other directors' emoluments paid in respect of services to the company.

### 4 TAXATION

•	1995 £000	1994 £000
Group relief receivable Equalisation Deferred taxation	(768) 879 233	(767) 1,227 (2)
		<del></del>
	344	458
	<del></del>	

The taxation charge on the profit for the year has been based on a United Kingdom corporation tax rate of 33% (1994: 33%).

### 5 FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

	1995 £000	1994 £000
Future rentals	244,764	252,594
Less: Income allocated to future periods	(150,493)	(160,442)
Finance lease receivables due after more than one year	94,271	92,152
	<del>- 15</del>	

Finance lease receivables represent the cost of leased assets together with accumulated amortisation credited to profit and loss account of £17,110,000 (1994: £14,991,000).

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

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### 6 AMOUNTS OWED BY GROUP UNDERTAKINGS

	1995 £000	1994 £000
Current account Group relief receivable	-	731
Croup rener receivable	640	8
	640	739
DEFERRED TAXATION		-
		£000
At 1 October 1994 Charge for the year		(2) 233
At 30 September 1995		231

1000

The balances at 30 September 1995 and 1 October 1994 represent full provision in respect of the potential liability of the company to taxation on the excess of capital allowances over related amortisation of leased assets.

No account is taken of a potential liability of £2,118,000 (1994: £1,979,000), which may crystallise at a future date in respect of capital allowances claimed on certain buildings which have been leased by the company, since, in the event that it were to crystallise, it would be borne by the lessee.

#### 8 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	1995 £000	1994 £000
Authorised, allotted and issued fully paid: ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

The company regarded by the directors as the ultimate parent company is Lloyds Bank Plc, which is also the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings for which group accounts are drawn up and of which the company is a member. Lloyds Leasing Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest such group of undertakings. Lloyds Bank Plc and Lloyds Leasing Limited are registered in England and Wales and copies of the group accounts of both may be obtained from the company secretary's office, Lloyds Bank Plc, 71 Lombard Street, London EC3P 3BS.

### 9 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	£000
At 1 October 1994	53
Retained profit for the year	-
At 30 September 1995	53

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## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

### 10 AMOUNTS OWED TO GROUP UNDERTAKINGS

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	1995	1994
	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Bank overdraft	826	
Bank borrowings	92,948	_
Interest payable	53	4
Interim dividend	700	920
	<del></del>	<del></del>
	94,527	924
Amounts falling due after five years:		
M1.1		
Bank borrowings	-	91,400
	*	<u> </u>
		<del>_</del>
	94,527	92,324

### 11 COMMITMENTS TO GROUP UNDERTAKING

The company in the course of its business enters into interest rate swap contracts. The underlying principal amount of these contracts and the replacement cost obtained by marking to market are:

	1995 £000	1994 £000
Underlying principal amount Replacement cost	92,948 11,022	-

### 12 DATE OF APPROVAL

The directors approved the accounts on 6 December 1995.