

Ballymore Properties Limited (incorporated in the United Kingdom)

Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2006

Registered number: 02260505

07/03/2007 COMPANIES HOUSE



Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors and other information

Directors

S. Mulryan (Chairman)

B. Fagan R. Hardy D. Badger P. Bacon

T. Farrow (appointed 29 March 2006)

Secretary

B. Fagan

Registered office

St. Johns House 5 South Parade Summertown Oxford OX2 7JL

Registered number

02260505

Bankers

Allied Irish Bank (GB) North Finchley Branch 1136 High Road London N20 ORA

Anglo Irish Bank Corp 10 Old Jewry London EC2 8DN

Tatra Bank

Hodzovo Namestie 3 Bratislava 81349 Slovakia

Auditor

KPMG

Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2

Solicitors

Howard Kennedy Harcourt House 19 Cavendish Square London W1A 2AW



Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2006.

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activities of the company throughout the year were property development and investment. There has been no significant change in those activities during the year.

Results, review of the business and dividend

A summary of the results of the trading for the year is given on page 9 of the financial statements. The profit for the year was £6,179,000 (2005: £17,544,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Future developments

The directors expect the general level of activity to continue for the foreseeable future.

Directors, secretary and their interests

The directors and secretary who held office during the year are listed on page 1. Mr. T. Farrow was appointed as a director on 29 March 2006.

The directors serving at year end, who held beneficial interests in the issued share capital of group companies were as follows:

		Ordinary s	shares
Name of director		31 March 2006	31 March 2005
		€1 each	€1 each
S. Mulryan	Ballymore Properties (incorporated in Ireland)	12,935	12,935

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political contributions during the year. The company made charitable contributions of £468,790 (2005: £193,469) during the year.

Fixed assets

In the opinion of the directors, there is no material difference between the market value of the land and buildings of the company included in fixed assets and the book values of these assets at 31 March 2006.



Directors' report (continued)

Post balance sheet events

There have been no material events since the balance sheet date.

Auditor

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act, 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditor of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board

Brian Fagan Director 19 June 2006



Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for preparing a directors' report that complies with the Companies Act, 1985.

On behalf of the board

Brian Fagan Director

19 June 2006



KPMG Chartered Accountants

1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 Ireland

Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore Properties Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Ballymore Properties Limited for the year ended 31 March 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of total recognised gains and losses, balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act, 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 4, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Ballymore Properties Limited (continued)

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 1985.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 27 June 2006



Statement of accounting policies

for the year ended 31 March 2006

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles under the historical cost convention, as modified to include the revaluation of investment properties, and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under S228 (2) of the Companies Act 1985, not to prepare consolidated financial statements. The parent company is Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales which prepares consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of VAT, represents the net invoiced value of development and residential sales contracts completed together with contracting income, rental income and property management fees on an accruals basis. Turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company, which is continuing, and is earned entirely within the United Kingdom.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Investment properties

Investment properties are stated on the basis of open market value as defined by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. Investment properties are valued annually. Surpluses and deficits on valuation are taken directly to the revaluation reserve except for permanent deficits or their reversal which, on an individual property basis, are taken to the profit and loss account.

Profits and losses on the sale of investment properties included in the profit and loss account are calculated as the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying value.

No depreciation or amortisation is provided against investment properties which may be a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act concerning depreciation of fixed assets. These properties are not however held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that systematic annual depreciation would be inappropriate. The accounting policy adopted is therefore necessary, in the directors' opinion, for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

Other tangible fixed assets

Other tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

The charge for depreciation is calculated using the straight line method at rates estimated to charge to the profit and loss account the cost of each asset less its residual value over its estimated useful life. The following rates have been applied:

Freehold buildings
Office furniture and equipment
Motor vehicles
Computer equipment

- 2% per annum
- 15% per annum
- 25% per annum
- 50% per annum



Statement of accounting policies (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2006

Leased assets

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Financial fixed assets

Investments in subsidiary and associated undertakings are shown at cost less provisions for impairment in value.

Quoted investments

Investments are stated at the lower of cost and market value.

Taxation

Taxation is provided on taxable profits arising at current rates.

Deferred taxation is accounted for, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date except as otherwise required by FRS 19 'Deferred Tax'. Provision is made at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered more likely than not they will be recovered.

Interest payable

Interest payable, which has not been capitalised, is charged to the profit and loss account in the financial year in which it is incurred.

Stocks

Development properties

Development properties are properties acquired for future development and properties on which only initial development has commenced. These are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is defined as the current selling price of the completed developments less all further costs to completion as estimated by the directors.

Properties held for resale

Properties held for resale, on which no further development is required, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is defined as the current selling price less all further costs to completion as estimated by the directors.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transactions or at a contracted rate. The resulting monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rate on the balance sheet date or the contracted rate and any exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.



Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2006

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
Turnover - continuing operations	1	63,180	83,154
Cost of sales		(44,814)	(45,530)
Gross profit Administrative expenses Other operating income		18,366 (9,596) 237	37,624 (15,624) 68
Operating profit – continuing operations Exceptional item		9,007	22,068 (694)
Profit on ordinary activities before interest Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	2 3	9,007 1,174 (2,564)	21,374 1,898 (963)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	<i>4</i> 5	7,617 (1,438)	22,309 (4,765)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	17	6,179	17,544



Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2006

	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
Profit for the financial year Unrealised profit on revaluation of investment properties	6,179	17,544 16
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	6,179	17,560



Balance sheet as at 31 March 2006

	Note	31 March 2006 £'000	31 March 2005 £'000
Fixed assets Tangible assets Financial assets	8 9	35,664 10	27,261 10
		35,674	27,271
Current assets Stocks Debtors Investments Cash at bank and in hand	10 11 12	1,331 160,699 532 12,120	513 138,639 334 4,175
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	174,682 (118,424)	143,661 (99,894)
Net current assets		56,258	43,767
Total assets less current liabilities		91,932	71,038
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(19,440)	(4,725)
Net assets		72,492	66,313
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account Revaluation reserve	16 17 18	100 60,515 11,877	100 54,336 11,877
Shareholders' funds - equity	19	72,492	66,313

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 19 June 2006 and were signed on its behalf by:

B. Fagan Director



Notes

forming part of the financial statements

1	Turnover	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
	Turnover is analysed as follows:-		
	Sale of properties and construction income Rental income, service charges and management fees	60,793 2,387	81,104 2,050
		63,180	83,154
	All turnover is generated in the United Kingdom.	=	
2	Interest receivable and similar income	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
	Bank deposit interest	1,174	1,898
3	Interest payable and similar charges	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
	On loans wholly repayable other than by instalments within five years	2,564	963
4	Statutory and other information	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation Directors' remuneration (note 7) Exchange losses/(gains)	179 420 717	140 1,672 (49)
	Auditor's remuneration - audit fees - non audit fees	65 270	60 249



Notes (continued)

5	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	Year ended 31 March 2006 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2005 £'000	
	Corporation tax at 30% (2005:30%)	1,438	4,765	
		1,438	4,765	
	The current tax charge for the year is lower than the stan explained below:			are
		2006	2005	
	22.0	£'000	£'000	
	Current tax reconciliation Profit on ordinary activities before tax	7,617	22,309	
	Current tax @ 30%	2,285	6,693	
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible Capital allowances Group relief	177 (9) (1,015)	180 (25) (2,083)	
	Total current tax charge	1,438	4,765	

6 Staff numbers and costs

The average weekly number of employees employed within the company including executive directors, during the year was 96 (2005: 99).

	2006	2005
Administration Construction	42 54	39 60
	96	99
		 _ _
The aggregate payroll costs of employees were:	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs	5,153 599	4,928 540
	5,752	5,468



Notes (continued)

7	Directors' remuneration and transactions		
	Directors' remuneration	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Total emoluments	420	1,672
	Emoluments of the highest paid director	420	1,421
			

8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets	Freehold investment properties £'000	Freehold buildings £'000	Office furniture, equipment, and motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation At beginning of year Additions Disposals	25,059 8,447	2,261	880 135 (16)	28,200 8,582 (16)
At end of year	33,506	2,261	999	36,766
Cost Valuation	33,506	2,261	999	3,260 33,506
At end of year	33,506	2,261	999	36,766
Depreciation At beginning of year Charge Disposals	- - - -	264 45	675 134 (16)	939 179 (16)
At end of year	-	309	793	1,102
Net book value At 31 March 2006	33,506	1,952	206	35,664
At 31 March 2005	25,059	1,997	205	27,261

The investment properties which cost £21,629,525 (2005: £13,182,541) were valued at £33,506,186 on 31 March 2006 on an open market basis by Ray Hardy, BSc MRICS, a director of the company.

No provision has been made for deferred tax gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value. The maximum amount which could become payable in these circumstances is £3,010,754 (2005: £Nil). At present it is not envisaged that any tax will become payable in the foreseeable future.



Notes (continued)

9 Financial assets

	2006 £	2005 £
Investments in subsidiary undertakings At beginning of year	9,611	10,612
Acquisition of subsidiary undertakings Disposal of subsidiary undertakings	(3)	(1,001)
At end of year Investment in Clearstorm Limited	9,609 490	9,611 490
	10,099	10,101

Unquoted investments includes 490 ordinary shares, equivalent to 49% of Clearstorm Limited, a property development company incorporated in the United Kingdom having its registered office at St Johns House, 5 South Parade, Summertown, Oxford. OX2 7JL. On the basis of the agreement with the majority shareholder and Clearstorm Limited, the investment has been accounted for as a joint arrangement.

Subsidiary undertaking

Name	Proportion held by company	Activity
Ballymore Commercial Limited	100%	Property investment company
Ballymore Projects Limited	100%	Property development company
Ballymore Properties (Plumbers Row Limited	100%	Property development company
Domaine Developments Limited	100%	Property development and investment company
Landor (Dundee Wharf) Limited	90%	Property development and investment company
Landor Residential Limited	90%	Property development company
Ballymore Ontario Limited	90%	Property development and investment company
RT Group Developments (Snow Hill) Limited	100%	Property development company
SCI Boldcount	100%	Property investment company
St. John's Square Co. Limited	100%	Property investment company
Monomind Limited	100%	Property investment company
Kilopoint Limited	100%	Property investment company
Vitely Limited	75%	Property investment company



Notes (continued)

9 Financial fixed assets (continued)

Subsidiary undertaking	Proportion held by		
Name	company	Activity	
Headaid Limited	100%	Property investment company.	
Ballymore Properties (Lanark Square) Limited	100%	Property investment company	
Bristol Exeter House Limited	100%	Property development and investment company	
Metromaze Limited	100%	Investment company	
Boldcount Limited	100%	Investment holding company	
Ballymore (Express Wharf) Limited	100%	Non-trading company	
Ballymore (Arrowhead) Limited	100%	Non-trading company	
Glossover Limited	100%	Non-trading company	
Landor 2 Limited	90%	Non-trading company	
Domaine Projects Limited	100%	Non-trading company	
Domaine Properties Limited	100%	Non-trading company	
Ballymore Wood Wharf Holdings Limited	100%	Investment holding company	
Ballymore (Wood Wharf) Limited	100%	Investment holding company	
Vitely Limited	75%	Property investment company	

The registered office of SCI Boldcount is 2 Avenue de Provence, O6002 Eze, France.

All other companies are incorporated in the United Kingdom having their registered offices at St. Johns House, 5 South Parade, Summertown, Oxford and operate in the United Kingdom.

All shareholdings in subsidiary and other undertakings consist of ordinary shares. In the opinion of the directors the investments are worth at least the amount stated in the balance sheet.

10	Stocks	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Development properties Properties held for resale	1,036 295	218 295
		1,331	513
			=

There are no material differences between the replacement cost of stock and the balance sheet amounts.



Notes (continued)

11	Debtors	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Due within one year: Trade debtors Other debtors Amounts due by group undertakings Amounts owed by related parties Prepayments and accrued income	2,828 1,293 154,091 1,587 900	1,248 428 135,523 1,415 25
		160,699	138,639
	Amounts owed by related parties: Clearstorm Limited	1,587	1,415
12	Investments	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Listed investments	532	334
	At 31 March 2006 the market value of the listed investments was a	£532,302 (2005	5: £334,003).
13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 15) Trade creditors Accruals and deferred income Other creditors Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries Taxation and social welfare	1,520 13,727 97,788 5,389	9,000 2,209 21,391 165 62,679 4,450
		118,424	99,894
14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 15)	19,440	4,725



Notes (continued)

15 Bank borrowings

		Within one year £'000	Between two and five years £'000	Over five years £'000	Total £'000
	Repayable other than by instalments				
	Bank loans and overdrafts		19,440	•	19,440
	The bank loans and overdrafts are secur company undertakings and cross guaran	ed by fixed and stees by certain g	floating changes o group undertakings	ver the asse	ts of the
16	Called up share capital		200 £'00		2005 £'000
	Authorised: 100,000 (2005: 100,000) ordinary share	s of £1 each	10	00	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: 100,000 (2005: 100,000) ordinary share	s of £1 each	10		100
17	Reconciliation of profit and loss accou	ınt	200	06 £	2005 £
	Profit and loss account at beginning of y Profit for the year	/ear	54,33 6,1°	36 79	36,792 17,544
	Profit and loss account at end of year		60,5	15	54,336
18	Revaluation reserve		200 £'00		2005 £'000
	At beginning of year Revaluation surplus		11,87	77 -	11,861 16
	At end of year		11,83	 17 :	11,877



Notes (continued)

19 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

£'000	£'000
66,313 6,179	48,753 17,560
72,492	66,313
	6,179

20 Commitments and contingencies

There are ongoing commitments under operating leases for the hire of plant and equipment. Such commitments rarely exceed one month.

In the normal course of business, Ballymore Properties Limited has issued performance undertakings in respect of the activities of its subsidiaries.

The company, together with its subsidiaries has guaranteed the indebtedness of group companies to certain financial institutions. The indebtedness is secured by charges on the assets of the various group companies. The amounts outstanding in respect of guarantee facilities at 31 March 2006 was £216m (2005: £172m).

21 Related parties and control

The company is a subsidiary of Ballymore Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. That company's parent is Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The company's ultimate parent company is Ballymore Properties, a company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The company was controlled throughout the period by Mr. S. Mulryan.

The largest group in which the results of the company and its subsidiary undertakings are consolidated is that headed by Ballymore Properties.

The smallest group in which the results of the company and its subsidiary undertakings are consolidated is that headed by Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited. The consolidated financial statements of Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited are available from the company's registered office which is St Johns House, 5 South Parade, Summertown, Oxford, OX2 7JL.

The company has availed of the exemption available in FRS 8 – Related Party Disclosures, from disclosing transactions with Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited and its subsidiary companies.



Notes (continued)

21 Related parties and control (continued)

Significant transactions with other group companies are as follows:

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Goods and services supplied to other group companies on normal trading terms Goods and services purchased from other group companies on	9,269	4,790
normal trading terms	67,099	-

The company provided services to Clearstorm Limited for a consideration of £7,828,000 (2005: £1,586,000).

Details of other related party transactions are disclosed throughout the financial statements as they arise.

There was a balance of £7,873,590 (2005: £4,937,186) owed by the company to Vitely Limited, a 75% owned company. The company charged Vitely Limited £268,310 for management services provided during the year. Vitely Limited charged interest to the company of £1,479,735 on the balance payable by the company.

22 Cash flow statement

A separate cash flow statement has not been prepared under Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 - Cash Flow Statements, as a consolidated cash flow statement has been prepared and included in the consolidated financial statements of Ballymore Properties Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries.

23 Post balance sheet events

There are no significant post balance sheet events which would materially affect the financial statements.

24 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on 19 June 2006.