

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

Registered number: 2251540

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018



CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

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CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company holds a 999 year pass through interest in One Churchill Place, Canary Wharf, subject to a finance lease. The company also holds a 999 year pass through interest in 33 Canada Square, Canary Wharf.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,000 (2017 - £1,000).

No dividends have been paid or proposed in the year (2017 - £NIL).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were:

A. Peter Anderson II
Sir George Iacobescu CBE
R J J Lyons

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2018 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 27 June 2019 and signed on its behalf.



J R Garwood
Secretary

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements of Canary Wharf Finance Leasing (BP1) Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 14.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Simon Letts (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
London, United Kingdom
27 June 2019

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover		2,000	2,000
Cost of sales		(1,000)	(1,000)
GROSS PROFIT		<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Interest receivable and similar income	6	9,061,137	6,656,299
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(9,061,137)	(6,656,299)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Tax on profit	8	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u><u>1,000</u></u>	<u><u>1,000</u></u>

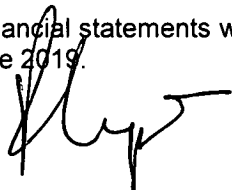
The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 2251540

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment property	9	5,000	5,000
		<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	10	530,103,598	533,053,826
		<u>530,103,598</u>	<u>533,053,826</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(529,793,051)	(532,744,279)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>310,547</u>	<u>309,547</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>315,547</u>	<u>314,547</u>
NET ASSETS		<u><u>315,547</u></u>	<u><u>314,547</u></u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	12	1,000	1,000
Retained earnings		<u>314,547</u>	<u>313,547</u>
		<u><u>315,547</u></u>	<u><u>314,547</u></u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 27 June 2019.



R J J Lyons
Director

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2018	1,000	313,547	314,547
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR			
Profit for the year	-	1,000	1,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	1,000	1,000
AT 31 DECEMBER 2018	1,000	314,547	315,547

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2017	1,000	312,547	313,547
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR			
Profit for the year	-	1,000	1,000
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	-	1,000	1,000
AT 31 DECEMBER 2017	1,000	313,547	314,547

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Canary Wharf Finance Leasing (BP1) Limited is a Company Limited by shares incorporated in the UK under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales at One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year and are summarised below:

2.2 Going concern

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Cash flow statement

The company has taken the exemption from preparing the cash flow statement under Section 1.12(b) as it is a member of a group where the parent of the group prepares publicly available consolidated accounts which are intended to give a true and fair view.

2.4 Revenue

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the Income Statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted, including rent free periods, are recognised as an integral part of the net consideration for the use of the property and are therefore also recognised on the same straight line basis. Direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging new leases are also amortised on the same straight line basis. Contingent rents, being those lease payments that are not fixed at the inception of a lease, for example turnover rents, are recorded in the periods in which they are earned.

2.5 Finance lease agreements: lessor

Assets leased out under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments and any residual interest accruing to the lessor. The total finance income is allocated to accounting periods over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic return on the remaining balance of the receivable for each accounting period.

2.6 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.7 Investment properties

Investment properties, including land and buildings held for development and investment properties under construction, are measured initially at cost including related transaction costs. The finance costs associated with direct expenditure on properties under construction or undergoing refurbishment are capitalised.

Where a property interest is acquired under a lease the investment property and the associated lease liability are initially recognised at the lower of the fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments including any initial premium. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and a reduction in the outstanding obligation for future amounts payable. The total finance charge is allocated to accounting periods over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic charge to the remaining balance of the obligation for each accounting period.

Investment properties are subsequently revalued, at each reporting date, to an amount comprising the fair value of the property interest plus the carrying value of the associated lease liability less any separately identified lease incentive assets. The gain or loss on remeasurement is recognised in the income statement.

2.8 Financial instruments

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 1.12c of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose the summary of financial instruments by the categories specified in paragraph 11.41.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Borrowings

Loans payable are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs, unless the total cost does not represent the value of a financing transaction on an arm's length basis. In this case the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument is used in place of proceeds and the difference between the two amounts is accounted for as a capital contribution.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans payable are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and the redemption value being recognised in the Income Statement over the period of the loan, using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows (including all fees that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability.

Where loans are subject to contractual terms and arrangements that are non-standard they are carried at fair value. The fair value is assessed as the present value of most likely cash flows, subject to the limitations of the underlying terms. Any movements are recognised in the income statement.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Valuation of investment properties

The company uses valuations performed by independent valuers as the fair value of its properties. The valuations are based upon assumptions including future rental income, anticipated void costs and the appropriate discount rate or yield. The valuers also make reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

Valuation of intercompany debt

In assessing the carrying value of the non-standard loans, the company forecasts the present value of the most likely contractual cash flows of the underlying instrument. Estimates and judgments are made in the timing and quantum of the cash flows, the discount rate applied as well as the impact of the underlying terms that can be triggered in the agreements to change the cash flows. These assessments are reviewed and amended annually.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Auditor's remuneration of £800 (2017 - £800) for the audit of the company has been borne by another group undertaking.

5. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2017 - £NIL).

6. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2018 £	2017 £
Finance lease income from fellow subsidiary undertaking	9,061,137	6,656,299
	<u>9,061,137</u>	<u>6,656,299</u>

7. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

	2018 £	2017 £
Loans from group undertakings	9,061,137	6,656,299
	<u>9,061,137</u>	<u>6,656,299</u>

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

8. TAXATION

	2018 £	2017 £
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	-	-

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2017 - 19.25%). The differences are explained below:

	2018 £	2017 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,000	1,000
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.0% (2017 - 19.25%)	190	193
EFFECTS OF:		
Group relief	(190)	(193)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	-	-

On 29 March 2018, Stork Holdings Limited, a direct subsidiary of Stork HoldCo L.P., listed its shares on The International Stock Exchange in Jersey and the group headed by Stork Holdings limited, which includes the company, converted to a REIT. As a consequence of the conversion, all qualifying property rental business is exempt from corporation tax. Only income and expenses relating to non-qualifying activities will continue to be taxable.

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

Enacted in the Finance Act (No.2) 2015 is a reduction in the corporation tax rate to 17.0% on 1 April 2020.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Long term
leasehold
investment
property
£

VALUATION

At 1 January 2018

5,000

AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

5,000

The company holds a 999 year pass through interest in One Churchill Place, Canary Wharf, subject to a finance lease. The company also holds a 999 year pass through interest in 33 Canada Square, Canary Wharf.

At 31 December 2018, the property was valued externally by Savills Commercial Limited, Chartered Surveyors, with recent experience in office properties at Canary Wharf. The fair value was determined in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, using:

- Discounted cash flows based on inputs provided by the company (current rents, terms and conditions of lease agreements) and assumptions and valuation models adopted by the valuers (estimated rental values, terminal values and discount rates).
- Yield methodology based on inputs provided by the company (current rents) and assumptions and valuation models adopted by the valuers (estimated rental values and market capitalisation rates).

The resulting valuations are cross checked against the initial yields and the fair market values per square foot derived from actual market transactions.

No allowance was made for any expenses of realisation nor for any taxation which might arise in the event of disposal.

If the investment properties had been accounted for under the historic cost accounting rules, the properties would have been measured as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Historic cost	5,000	5,000
	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10. DEBTORS

	2018 £	2017 £
DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
Finance lease receivables	530,103,598	533,053,826
	<u>530,103,598</u>	<u>533,053,826</u>
	<u>530,103,598</u>	<u>533,053,826</u>

The future minimum rents receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Within one year	1,000	1,000
In one to five years	4,000	4,000
After more than five years	974,836	975,836
	<u>979,836</u>	<u>980,836</u>

The amount at which finance lease receivables are stated comprises:

	2018 £	2017 £
At 1 January	533,053,826	536,566,647
Finance lease rents received	(12,011,365)	(10,169,120)
Finance lease income	9,061,137	6,656,299
	<u>530,103,598</u>	<u>533,053,826</u>

The minimum contracted finance lease rents fall due as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Over 5 years	530,103,598	533,053,826
	<u>530,103,598</u>	<u>533,053,826</u>

Finance lease rents are calculated by reference to a notional rate of LIBID on the notional amount of principal outstanding under the finance lease.

The rate of interest implicit in the finance lease was 1.03% at 31 December 2018 (2017 - £0.52%).

The finance lease receivables are from a fellow subsidiary undertaking.

Other amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

CANARY WHARF FINANCE LEASING (BP1) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

11. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings	200,262	201,262
Loan owed to parent company	529,592,789	532,543,017
	<u>529,793,051</u>	<u>532,744,279</u>

The loan from a fellow subsidiary undertaking bears interest at 10%, subject to certain caps, and is repayable on demand.

Other amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

12. SHARE CAPITAL

	2018 £	2017 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,000 (2017 - 1,000) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

13. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 the company had given fixed and floating charges over substantially all its assets to secure the commitments of certain other group undertakings.

The company has annual commitments of £1,000, which expire after more than five years, in respect of operating leases on land and buildings.

14. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Investments Limited.

As at 31 December 2018, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings plc. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB.

The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Stork HoldCo LP is registered at 73 Front Street, 5th Floor, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

Stork HoldCo LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other wholly-owned group companies.