UK Power Networks Services (Contracting) Limited

Registered Number 2228168

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the period from 31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016

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UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2016

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UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2016

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Andrew John Hunter

Basil Scarsella Loi Shun Chan

Company secretary Christopher Baker

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

, 2 New Street Square

London EC4A 3BZ

Registered office

Newington House

237 Southwark Bridge Road

London SE1 6NP

STRATEGIC REPORT

The principal activity of UK Power Networks Services (Contracting) Limited (the "Company") is to manage high voltage electrical networks for owners of major infrastructure.

Change of year end

The Company has changed its accounting reference date from 30 December to 31 March to align with that of other Group companies. As a result the reported period is an extended period from 31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016 and is not directly comparable to the prior period (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014).

Review of the business

The profit for the period, before taxation, amounted to £54,339,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £47,874,000) and after taxation, to £46,760,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £38,132,000). Dividends of £12,000,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £12,500,000) were paid in the period.

The Company is part of the UK Power Networks Services group ("the Group") which manages its operations on a business segment basis. The performance of the business segments including this Company is discussed in the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators (KPI's)

The key performance indicators used by the Board of Directors in their monitoring of the Company centre on the areas of safety, operational efficiency and customer service. These include:

	31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016 £000	1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014 £000
Financial performance	2000	
Tangible fixed assets	247,551	258,079
Operating costs	(37,653)	(29,005)
Non financial performance		
Lost time incidents (note 1)		
,		

Note 1 Injuries at work resulting in lost time of one day or more

STRATEGIC REPORT continued

Key performance indicators continued

Financial performance indicators represent the key financial metrics that reflect the financial health of the business. The tangible fixed asset value represents the Company's investment (after depreciation) in the electrical infrastructure managed under long term contracts for major airport and rail customers. Operating costs have increased by £8,648,000 reflecting higher work volumes over a longer accounting period.

The key non-financial performance indicator relates to safety. Working with electricity is potentially a dangerous activity with electrocution and falling from height presenting the most serious risks. A lost time incident is recorded if an employee or contractor suffers an injury at work which results in lost time of one day or more. In order to reinforce the importance which the Group places on safety, a comprehensive safety awareness campaign has been developed for all operational staff. The Company is pleased to report that no lost time incidents occurred in the period under review.

Principal risks and uncertainties

As well as the opportunities the Company has to grow and develop its business, certain risks and uncertainties are faced in achieving its objectives. The Company's principal risks and uncertainties are set out below.

Health and Safety

There is a risk that a fatality or serious injury occurs involving a member of staff, a contractor, a member of the public or a third party. Any such incident could lead to a potential prosecution or a fine and have an adverse impact on the reputation of the Company.

Network Assets

There are significant risks associated with network assets where failure of those assets could result in a loss of service to customers. Customer service and continuity and quality of supply are important customer requirements and poor performance in these areas can result in financial penalties. Any significant incident could cause adverse publicity and impact negatively on the reputation of the Company.

Supply chain

Any interruption to the supply of critical materials or services could have a significant impact on the Company's ability to manage the private electricity networks and impact progress on electrical contracting projects. In addition, volatility in commodity prices can have a significant impact on costs.

There are a variety of mechanisms in place to manage these risks. The UK Power Networks Group has an embedded risk awareness culture to understand and manage significant business risks. The risk management framework sets out policies, procedures and responsibilities designed to assess, mitigate, monitor and report risks. This leads to a higher level of risk management assurance for the board of directors.

UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2016

STRATEGIC REPORT continued

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to financial risk through its financial assets and liabilities. The key financial risk is that the proceeds from financial assets are not sufficient to fund financial obligations as they fall due. Due to the nature of the Company's business and the assets and liabilities contained within the Company's balance sheet the only financial risks the Directors consider relevant to this Company are credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's exposure to credit and liquidity risk is reduced as it is a 100% subsidiary of the UK Power Networks Services Holdings Group of companies. The Company's principal financial assets are cash, trade debtors and amounts owed from Group companies. Credit risk is mitigated by the nature of the debtor balances owed, with these being due from entities of strong financial standing. Liquidity risk is mitigated by the financial support given by UK Power Networks Services Holdings Limited, the immediate parent.

Future developments

The Directors regard the results for the period and the period-end financial position as satisfactory and expect the Company to continue to perform to a satisfactory level in the future.

Going Concern

In considering the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and financial statements, the Directors have regard to the following: the Company's existing long-term contracts are profitable and provide a steady and predictable stream of revenues and cash flows; and the Company has considerable cash reserves and no external debt. The Company has net current liabilities of £7,536,000. Based on their assessment of detailed forecasts, the Directors are confident that the Company will be able to fund these obligations as they fall due within the next twelve months.

The Company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the Company has adequate resources to continue operating for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

B Scarsella

Director

10 August 2016 Newington House

237 Southwark Bridge Road

London

SE1 6NP

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the period from 31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016.

Details of future developments and going concern are included in the Strategic report and form part of this report by cross reference.

Political contributions

No political donations were made in either period.

Directors

The directors who held office during the period and subsequently were as follows:

Andrew John Hunter

Basil Scarsella

Loi Shun Chan

None of the Directors had a service contract with the Company in the current or prior period.

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the period and remain in force at the date of this report.

Disabled employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Group continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Group that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

Employee consultation

The Group places considerable value on the engagement and involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the Group. This is achieved through formal and informal meetings, various media channels and publications. Employee representatives are consulted regularly on a wide range of matters affecting their current and future interests.

Disclosure of information to Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's Auditor is unaware; and
- the Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2016

DIRECTORS' REPORT continued

Reappointment of auditors

The auditors Deloitte LLP are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

B Scarșella

Director

10 August 2016 Newington House

237 Southwark Bridge Road

London

SE1 6NP

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of UK Power Networks Services (Contracting) Limited for the period from 31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 19. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 7), the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its profit for the period from 31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

· we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

James Leigh FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

2 New Street Square

London

EC4A 3BZ

10 August 2016

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD FROM 31 DECEMBER 2014 TO 31 MARCH 2016

December 2014 to 31 2014 to 32 2014 to 33 2014 to 30 March 2016 2014			31	4.1
Note March 2016 2014 2014 2014 2014 2010 E000 E000 Turnover 2 90,574 76,045 Distribution costs (17,188) (10,554) (18,451) Administrative expenses (20,465) (18,451) Operating profit 3 52,921 47,040 Finance charges (net) 0 1,425 918 Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) 1,418 834 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 54,339 47,874 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)	·		December	1 January 2014 to 30
Turnover 2016 £000 2014 £000 Turnover 2 90,574 76,045 Distribution costs (17,188) (10,554) Administrative expenses (20,465) (18,451) Operating profit 3 52,921 47,040 Finance charges (net) 0ther interest receivable and similar income 6 1,425 918 Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) 1,418 834 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 54,339 47,874 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)				
Turnover 2 90,574 76,045 Distribution costs (17,188) (10,554) Administrative expenses (20,465) (18,451) Operating profit 3 52,921 47,040 Finance charges (net) 0 1,425 918 Interest receivable and similar income 6 (7) (84) Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 54,339 47,874 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)				2014
Distribution costs (17,188) (10,554) Administrative expenses (20,465) (18,451) Operating profit 3 52,921 47,040 Finance charges (net) 0 1,425 918 Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) Type of the original of the charge of the		Note	£000	£000
Administrative expenses (20,465) (18,451) Operating profit 3 52,921 47,040 Finance charges (net) Cher interest receivable and similar income 6 1,425 918 Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 54,339 47,874 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)	Turnover	2	90,574	76,045
Operating profit 3 52,921 47,040 Finance charges (net) 0ther interest receivable and similar income 6 1,425 918 Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) 1,418 834 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 54,339 47,874 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)	Distribution costs		(17,188)	(10,554)
Finance charges (net) Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges 6 1,425 918 (84) 1,418 834 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 7 (7,579) (9,742)	Administrative expenses		(20,465)	(18,451)
Other interest receivable and similar income 6 1,425 918 Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) 1,418 834 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 54,339 47,874 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)	Operating profit	3	52,921	47,040
Interest payable and similar charges 6 (7) (84) 1,418 834 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 7 (7,579) (9,742)	Finance charges (net)			
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)	Other interest receivable and similar income	6	1,425	918
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation 54,339 47,874 Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (9,742)	Interest payable and similar charges	6	(7)	(84)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 (7,579) (9,742)			1,418	834
7 S. C. 41 S	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		54,339	47,874
Profit for the financial period 15 46,760 38,132	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(7,579)	(9,742)
	Profit for the financial period	15	46,760	38,132

All results are derived from continuing operations in both the current and preceding period.

UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2016

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE PERIOD FROM 31 DECEMBER 2014 TO 31 MARCH 2016

Profit for the financial period	Note	31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016 £000 46,760	1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014 £000 38,132
Actuarial (loss)/gain on pension schemes	17	(1,089)	3,396
Deferred tax relating to actuarial loss/(gain) on pension schemes	17	196	(679)
Deferred tax rate change relating to historical actuarial losses	17	(62)	-
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the period		45,805	40,849

The deferred tax rate change represents the reduction in main stream corporation tax from 20% to 18%.

UK POWER NETWORKS SERVICES (CONTRACTING) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2016

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2016

	Note	31 March 2016	30 December 2014 £000
Fixed assets	Note	£000	2000
Tangible assets	. 8	247,551	258,079
Current assets	,	•	•
Stocks	9	268	1,636
Debtors falling due within one year	10	104,092	41,805
Debtors falling due after more than one year	10	17,144	18,240
Cash at bank and in hand		36,722	39,746
		158,226	101,427
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(165,762)	(149,719)
Net current liabilities		(7,536)	(48,292)
Total assets less current liabilities		240,015	209,787
Provisions for liabilities	12	(24,917)	(28,398)
Net assets excluding pension liability		215,098	181,389
Net pension liability	17	(2,374)	(2,470)
Net assets including pension liability		212,724	178,919
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	10,100	10,100
Profit and loss account	15	202,624	168,819
Shareholders' funds		212,724	178,919
Called up share capital Profit and loss account		202,624	168,819

The financial statements of UK Power Networks Services (Contracting) Limited, registered number 2228168, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 10 August 2016. They were signed on its behalf by:

B Scarsella Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Accounting policies

The principle accounting policies are set out below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding period.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The Company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1 'Cash flow statements (revised 1996)' as it is a member of a group, headed by UK Power Networks Holdings Limited whose consolidated accounts include a cash flow statement and are publicly available.

Going concern

As discussed in the Strategic Report the Directors have, at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and provision for impairment. The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

MƏŞEL CIQSS	Asset	class
-------------	-------	-------

Fixtures and equipment Vehicles Network assets

Depreciation method and rate

5 years 5 to 10 years 30 to 50 years

Assets in the course of construction are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date, with the following exceptions:

- provision is made for gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement
 assets only where, at the balance sheet date, there is a commitment to dispose of the replacement
 assets with no likely subsequent rollover or available capital losses;
- provision is made for gains on re-valued fixed assets only where there is a commitment to dispose
 of the re-valued assets and the attributable gain can neither be rolled over nor eliminated by
 capital losses; and
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing difference can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition. For work in progress this is the cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable overheads based on a normal level of activity.

Net realisable value is based on estimated contract value less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Provisions are made for obsolete, slow moving or defective items where appropriate.

Long-term contracts

Profit is recognised on long-term contracts, if the final outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty, by including in the profit and loss account turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses. Turnover is calculated as that proportion of the total contract value which costs incurred to date bear to total expected costs for that contract.

In assessing contractual performance, the amounts recorded are dependent upon negotiations with customers, which are often complex and unlikely to be resolved in the short term. Accordingly, management have made their best estimate of the likely future outcomes based upon the information currently available to them.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if payments are not made on such a basis.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pensions

The Company has obligations under two funded defined benefit pension arrangements as part of the UK Power Networks group, and the Company accounts for these schemes in accordance with FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits', ("FRS 17"). The amounts charged to the profit and loss account are the current service costs and gains and losses on settlements and curtailments. Past service costs are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account if the benefits have vested. If the benefits have not vested immediately the costs are recognised over the period until vesting occurs. The interest cost and the expected return on the assets are shown as a net amount of other finance costs or credits adjacent to interest. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

The defined benefit scheme is funded, with the assets of the scheme held separately from those of the Group, in a separate trustee administered fund. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond or equivalent currency and term to the scheme liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The resulting defined benefit asset or liability, net of the related deferred tax, is presented separately after other net assets on the face of the balance sheet.

2 Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, arises entirely in the United Kingdom and is attributable to the continuing activity of the management of various electricity distribution systems.

3 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	31	
	December	1 January
·	2014 to 31	2014 to 30
	March	December
·	, 2016	2014
•	000£	£000
Operating leases - Other	233	210
Operating leases - Land and Buildings	298	248
Depreciation of owned assets (note 8)	12,555	9,854
Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	368	288
Staff Costs (note 4)	9,347	6,820

Amounts payable to Deloitte LLP were £22,200 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £21,700) in respect of audit services and £nil (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £nil) in respect of non audit services. Auditor's remuneration was borne in both periods by another Group company.

4 Particulars of employees

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

31	
December	1 January
2014 to 31	2014 to 30
March	December
2016	. 2014
£000£	£000
Wages and salaries 7,500	5,450
Social security costs 824	651
Other pension schemes 956	704
Severance costs 67	15
9,347	6,820

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period, analysed by category was as follows:

	31	
	December	1 January
	2014 to 31	2014 to 30
•	March	December
	2016	2014
	Number	Number
Average monthly number of employees	106	107
, wording the many training or on projects		

5 Directors' remuneration

The Directors are not employed by the Company and did not receive any remuneration for services to the Company during the current or preceding period.

6 Finance charges (net)

Interest receivable and similar income	31 December 2014 to 31 March 2016 £000	1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014 £000
Interest on loans from Group undertakings	1,245	865
Other interest receivable	4	53 ·
Net interest income on pension schemes	176	-
	1,425	918
Interest payable and similar charges		
Net interest cost on pension scheme	•	(84)
Interest on loans from group undertakings	(1)	-
Other interest payable	(6)	-
	(7)	(84)
Total Finance Charges (net)	1,418	834

7 Taxation

Tax on profit on ordinary activities	•	
	31	
	December	1 January
ţ	2014 to 31	2014 to 30
	March	December
	2016	2014
	£000	£000
Current tax		
Corporation tax charge	10,646	9,693
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	182	(211)
UK Corporation tax	10,828	9,482
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(260)	74
Deferred tax adjustment relating to previous periods	(166)	186
Effect of changes in tax rates	(2,823)	-
Total deferred tax	(3,249)	260
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7,579	9,742

Factors affecting current tax charge for the period

The tax on profit on ordinary activities for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are reconciled below:

	31	
	December	1 January
	2014 to 31	2014 to 30
	March	December
	2016	2014
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	54,339	47,874
Corporation tax at standard rate of 20.2% (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: 21.5%)	10,976	10,293
Capital allowances less than depreciation	551	155
Short term timing differences	(259)	(236)
Non-taxable income less expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(622)	(519)
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	182	(211)
Total current tax	10,828	9,482

7 Taxation (continued)

Tax rate changes

The UK corporation tax rate changed from 23% to 21% effective from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015. This resulted in an average corporation tax rate for the period of 20.2% (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: 21.5%).

Deferred tax reduced from 20% to 18% following the enactment in 2015 of further rate changes to 19% from 1 April 2017 and 18% from 1 April 2020. The effect of revaluing the opening deferred tax balance at 18% reduced the tax charge in the current period by £2,823,000.

A lower tax rate of 17% effective from 1 April 2020 was announced in the 2016 Budget. However this rate change had not been substantively enacted in Law at the balance sheet date and therefore is not relevant to these financial statements.

8 Tangible fixed assets

		•	Non	
·			network	
		Fixtures	land and	
		and fittings	buildings	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost				
At 31 December 2014	358,011	12,744	247	371,002
Additions	2,301	29	65	2,395
Disposals	(956)	-	(247)	(1,203)
At 31 March 2016	359,356	12,773	65	372,194
Depreciation				
At 31 December 2014	99,935	12,741	247	112,923
Charge for the period	12,545	6	4	12,555
Eliminated on disposals	(588)	-	(247)	(835)
At 31 March 2016	111,892	12,747	4	124,643
Net book value				
At 31 March 2016	247,464	· 26	61	247,551
At 30 December 2014	258,076	3	-	258,079
·				

Included within Network assets at 31 March 2016 are assets in the course of construction of £7,372,000 (30 December 2014: £14,047,000). Approximately £10,131,000 of the prior period assets under construction were completed during the period (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £9,646,000).

9 Stocks

	•	30
	31 March	December
	2016	2014
	£000	£000
Work in progress	268	1,636

The replacement cost of stock held by the Company at 31 March 2016 and 30 December 2014 was not materially different to the amount at which they were stated in the financial statements.

10 Debtors

		30
	31 March	December
	2016	2014
	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year		*
Trade debtors	280	1,186
Amounts owed by group undertakings	103,713	40,562
Other debtors	6	14
Prepayments and accrued income	93	43
	104,092	41,805
Amounts falling due after one year		
Prepayments and accrued income	17,144	18,240
	121,236	60,045

Amounts owed by Group undertakings falling due within one year include £24,000,000 loaned to UK Power Networks Services Holdings Ltd, £18,100,000 loaned to UK Power Networks (Transport) Ltd and £61,500,000 loaned to UK Power Networks Holdings Ltd at an interest rate of 0.9% per annum.

11 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		30
	31 March	December
	2016	2014
	£000	£000
Trade creditors	. 111	635
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	136,284	136,430
Corporation tax	6,205	3,974
Other taxes and social security	2,508	728
Other creditors	11	337
Accruals and deferred income	20,643	7,615
•	165,762	149,719

Amounts owed to Group undertakings include an interest free loan from UK Power Networks Services (South East) Limited of £135.0m (30 December 2014: £135.0m) which is repayable on demand.

12 Provisions

	Deferred		
	tax	Other	Total
	£000	£000	£000
At 31 December 2014	28,393	5	28,398
Credited to the profit and loss account	(3,481)	-	(3,481)
At 31 March 2016	24,912	5	24,917

Analysis of deferred tax

		30
	31 March	December
	2016	2014
	£000	£000
Difference between accumulated depreciation and capital allowances	(25,110)	(28,483)
Other timing differences	198	90
	(24,912)	(28,393)

13 Share capital

Number	31 March 2016 £000	30 Dec Number	ember 2014 £000
10,100,000	10,100	10,100,000	10,100
			30
		31 March	December
		2016	2014
		£000	£000
- £1.188 (1 Ja ry share	nuary 2014 to 30	12,000	12,500
	10,100,000	Number £000 10,100,000 10,100 - £1.188 (1 January 2014 to 30	Number £000 Number 10,100,000 10,100 10,100,000 31 March 2016 £000 - £1.188 (1 January 2014 to 30

15 Reserves

At 1 January 2014	Share Capital £000 10,100	Profit and loss account £000 140,470	Total Share holder's funds £000 150,570
Profit for the period	-	38,132	38,132
Dividends	-	(12,500)	(12,500)
Actuarial gain on pension schemes	-	3,396	3,396
Deferred tax relating to actuarial gain on pension schemes_	-	(679)	(679)
At 30 December 2014	10,100	168,819	178,919
Profit for the period	-	46,760	46,760
Dividends	-	(12,000)	(12,000)
Actuarial loss on pension schemes	-	(1,089)	(1,089)
Deferred tax relating to actuarial loss on pension schemes	-	196	196
Deferred tax rate change relating to historical actuarial losses	-	(62)	(62)
At 31 March 2016	10,100	202,624	212,724
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

16 Financial Commitments

Amounts contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements amounted to £28,100,000 (30 December 2014: £16,646,000).

At 31 March 2016 the Company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	Land and buildings 31 March 2016 £000	Other 31 March 2016 £000	Land and Buildings 30 December 2014 £000	Other 30 December 2014 £000
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	71	2	28	31
In two to five years	45	176	177	109
In over five years	59	20	49	43
	175	198	254	183

17 Pension schemes

Defined benefit pension schemes

The Group operates two funded defined benefit pension schemes:

- The UK Power Networks Group of the ESPS (the UKPN Group scheme); and
- The UK Power Networks Pension Scheme (UKPNPS).

Both schemes are closed to new entrants.

Defined contribution pension scheme

A defined contribution retirement benefit scheme, the UK Power Networks Personal Pension Plan, was launched in 2011 for new employees. Joiners can opt for a contribution rate of between 3% to 5% of their salary with the employer making double this contribution. The Company's contributions to this scheme during the period amounted to £181,000 (1 January 2014 to 31 December 2014: £108,000).

Allocation and valuation of defined benefit scheme assets and liabilities

Scheme assets and liabilities are assigned to participating entities of the Group using an allocation methodology based on employment records and attribution portions agreed with the industry regulator Ofgem. And Hewitt provided an actuarial valuation of scheme assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. The Group monitors funding levels annually and the funding schedule is reviewed between the Group and the scheme trustees every three years based on actuarial valuations. A funding schedule was agreed with the trustees in June 2014 based on the last triennial valuation at 31 March 2013. The Group considers these new contribution rates to be sufficient to eliminate the current deficit over the next ten years. The next triennial valuation as at 31 March 2016 was in progress at the time of approval of these financial statements.

17 Pension schemes (continued)

The principal financial assumptions (% per annum) used to calculate scheme liabilities under FRS 17 were:

•	At	At
	31 Mar	30 Dec
	2016	2014
•	%	%
Discount rate		
- UKPN Group	3.4	3.6
- UKPNPS	3.5	3.7
Rate of increase in RPI		
- UKPN Group	2.9	3.0
- UKPNPS	3.0	3.0
Rate of increase in CPI		
- UKPN Group	1.9	2.0
- UKPNPS	2.0	2.0
Rate of increase in salaries		
- UKPN Group	3.4	3.5
- UKPNPS	3.5	3.5
Rate of pension increases in payment		
- Pensions in excess of GMP (UKPN Group)	2.9	3.0
- Post 88 GMP (UKPN Group)	1.7	1.8
- RPI up to 5% per annum (UKPNPS)	2.9	2.8
- RPI up to 2.5% per annum (UKPNPS)	2.1	2.0
- Post 88 GMP (UKPNPS)	1.8	1.7
Rate of pension increases in deferment		
- UKPN Group	2.9	3.0
- CPI up to 5% per annum (UKPNPS)	2.0	2.0
- CPI up to 2.5% per annum (UKPNPS)	2.0	2.0

17 Pension schemes (continued)

The table below shows the mortality rate assumptions used to calculate the FRS 17 pension liabilities.

UKPN Group Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for current male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036		At	At
UKPN Group Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 27		31 Mar	30 Dec
Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 25 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036	·		
Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 25 26 27 27		Years	Years
Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 60 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 23 24 27 27	UKPN Group		
Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 30 31 32 32 UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 25 26 27 27	Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 60	28	27
Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036 UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner aged 65 23 24 27 27	Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 60	30	29
UKPNPS Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 25 26 27 27	Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036	30	30
Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 23 24 27 27	Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 60 retiring in 2036	32	32
Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65 Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 25 26 27	UKPNPS		
Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 25 26 27	Life expectancy for current male pensioner aged 65	23	23
27 27	Life expectancy for current female pensioner aged 65	25	25
Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036 27 27	Life expectancy for future male pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036	25	24
	Life expectancy for future female pensioner from age 65 retiring in 2036	27	27

The assumptions set out in the preceding tables are governed by FRS 17 and do not reflect the assumptions used by the independent actuary in the triennial valuations which determine the Company's contribution rates for future periods.

The amount recognised in the balance sheet in respect of the Company's obligation to the defined benefit schemes is as follows:

	UKPN Grp	UKPNPS	Total	Total
	31 Mar	31 Mar	31 Mar	30 Dec
•	2016	2016	2016	2014
•	£000	£000	£000	£000
Fair value of scheme assets	17,795	9,029	26,824	25,123
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(19,205)	(10,514)	(29,719)	(28,211)
Deficit in scheme	(1,410)	(1,485)	(2,895)	(3,088)
Related deferred tax asset	254	267	521	618
Liability recognised in the balance sheet	(1,156)	(1,218)	(2,374)	(2,470)

17 Pension schemes (continued)

The analysis of the amounts (charged)/credited to the profit and loss account in respect of the defined benefit schemes is as follows:

•	UKPN Grp	UKPNPS	Total	Total
	31 Dec	31 Dec	31 Dec	1 Jan
	2014 to	2014 to	2014 to	2014 to
	31 Mar	31 Mar	31 Mar	30 Dec
	2016	2016	2016	2014
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Current service cost	(293)	(539)	(832)	(642)
Curtailments		57	57	-
Interest cost	(876)	(387)	(1,263)	(2,251)
Expected return on scheme assets	936	503	1,439	2,167
Net effect of settlements	-	-	-	46
	(233)	(366)	(599)	(680)

Of the charge for the period, £775,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £596,000) has been included in staff costs and a credit of £176,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: charge of £84,000) included within net finance charges. The estimated amount of contributions expected to be paid to the schemes in the next 12 months is £1,016,000.

Movements in the present value of defined benefit obligations in the period were as follows:

	UKPN Grp £000	UKPNPS £000	Total £000	Total £000
At 31 December 2014 / 1 January 2014	(19,965)	(8,246)	(28,211)	(50,894)
Current service cost	(293)	(539)	(832)	(642)
Curtailments	-	57	57	
Interest cost	(876)	(387)	(1,263)	(2,251)
Actuarial gain/(loss)	838	(1,167)	(329)	24,278
Benefits paid/(received)	1,091	(232)	859	1,767
Settlements	-	-	-	(469)
At 31 March 2016 / 30 December 2014	(19,205)	(10,514)	(29,719)	(28,211)

The actuarial loss includes a net transfer out of scheme liabilities amounting to £844,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £27,617,000 transfer out) as a result of a review of the allocation of the scheme liabilities across the Group based on staff transfers between participating companies.

17 Pension schemes (continued)

Movements in the fair value of scheme assets were as follows:

	UKPN Grp £000	UKPNPS £000	Total £000	Total £000
At 31 December 2014 / 1 January 2014	17,961	7,162	25,123	43,316
Expected return on scheme assets	936 [′]	503	1,439	2,167
Actuarial (loss)/gain	(973)	213	(760)	(20,882)
Contributions by employer	352	470	822	943
Deficit payments	610	449	1,059	831
Benefits (paid)/received	(1,091)	232	(859)	(1,767)
Settlement	-	-	-	515
At 31 March 2016 / 30 December 2014	17,795	9,029	26,824	25,123

The actuarial loss includes a net transfer out of scheme assets amounting to £833,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014: £24,703,000 transfer out) as a result of a review of the allocation of the scheme assets across the Group based on staff transfers between participating companies.

The fair value of scheme assets is analysed as follows:

	Fair value of assets			
•	UKPN Grp	UKPNPS	Total	Total
	31 Mar	31 Mar	31 Mar	30 Dec
	2016	2016	2016	2014
	£000	£000	. £000	£000
Liability-driven investments	6,964	3,091	10,055	7,209
Equities	2,921	3,873	6,794	8,926
Property	226	457	683	736
Corporate bonds	1,663	770	2,433	7,328
Hedge Funds	5,991	701	6,692	736
Cash	30	137	167	188
	17,795	9,029	26,824	25,123

The Group employs a building block approach in determining the long term rate of return on pension plan assets. Historical markets are studied and assets with higher volatility are assumed to generate higher returns consistent with widely accepted capital market principles. The overall expected rate of return on assets is derived by aggregating the expected return for each asset class over the actual asset allocation for each scheme as at 31 March 2016.

The actual return on scheme assets in the period was a gain of £1,512,000 (1 January 2014 to 30 December 2014:£5,988,000).

17 Pension schemes (continued)

The history of experience gains and losses is as follows:

	2016	2014	2013	2012	2011
	31 Mar	30 Dec	31 Dec	31 Dec	31 Dec
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Fair value of scheme assets	26,824	25,123	43,316	40,046	40,213
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(29,719)	(28,211)	(50,894)	(47,759)	(49,291)
Deficit in the scheme	(2,895)	(3,088)	(7,578)	(7,713)	(9,078)
Experience adjustments on scheme liabilities:		· ·			
Amount (£m)	(172)	182	(716)	(691)	(266)
Percentage of scheme liabilities (%)	(0.6)	0.6	(1.4)	(1.5)	(0.5)
Experience adjustments on scheme assets:					
Amount (£m)	73	3,807	2,014	(1,708)	(401)
Percentage of scheme assets (%)	0.3	15.2	4.6	(4.3)	(1.0)
• ,					

The cumulative amount of actuarial gains and losses recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses since the adoption of FRS 17 is as follows:

•	UKPN Grp £000	UKPNPS £000	Total £000	Total £000
At 31 December 2014 / 1 January 2014	(2,859)	(1,254)	(4,113)	(6,830)
Actuarial (loss)/gain	(135)	(954)	(1,089)	3,396
Deferred taxation attributable to actuarial				
loss/(gain)	24	172	196	(679)
Deferred tax rate change	(40)	(22)	(62)	
At 31 March 2016 / 30 December 2014	(3,010)	(2,058)	(5,068)	(4,113)

18 Related party transactions

In accordance with FRS 8 'Related party disclosures', the Company is exempt from disclosing transactions with entities that are part of the Group or Investees of the Group qualifying as related parties, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a parent, which prepares consolidated accounts which are publicly available.

19 Control

UK Power Networks Services Holdings Limited holds a 100% interest in UK Power Networks Services (Contracting) Limited and is considered to be the immediate parent company. UK Power Networks Services Holdings Limited heads the smallest group for which consolidated accounts are prepared which include the results of the Company. UK Power Networks Holdings Limited heads the largest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared which include the results of the Company. Copies of both sets of consolidated financial statements are available from the Company Secretary at Energy House, Carrier Business Park, Hazelwick Avenue, Three Bridges, Crawley, West Sussex, RH10 1EX.

UK Power Networks Holdings Limited is owned by a consortium consisting of:

Power Assets Holdings Limited
Li Ka Shing Foundation Limited
Cheung Kong Infrastructure Holdings Limited

Incorporated in Hong Kong Incorporated in Hong Kong Incorporated in Bermuda

It is the opinion of the Directors that the parent company, UK Power Networks Holdings Limited has no single controlling party as that company is controlled jointly by the consortium.