**ANNUAL REPORT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

**31 DECEMBER 2006** 

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6RH THURSDAY

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Company No 2214890

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The Directors are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

## 1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is to invest in commercial property

## 2 REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The results for the year are shown on page 4 of the annual report. The Directors expect the principal activity of the Company to remain unchanged for the foreseeable future.

#### 3 DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not propose any dividends for the year ended 31 December 2006 (2005 Nil)

#### 4 DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year were as follows

Mr P Sjoberg (appointed 1st January 2006)

Mr D M Baverstam

Mr S Board (appointed 1st January 2006)

Mr T J Thomson (resigned 1st January 2006)

The Directors had no interests in the shares of the Company at any time during the year. The interests of the Directors, who are also directors of the parent company in CLS Holdings plc are disclosed in that Company's financial statements.

Each Director has confirmed that

- · So far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware
- He has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

## 5 STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The Directors are responsible for preparing financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## 6 AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will not seek reappointment as auditors of the Company and a resolution to appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditors will be proposed at the annual general meeting

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

r S Board Director

18 May 2007

REGISTERED OFFICE.

26th Floor Portland House Bressenden Place London SW1E 5BG

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DEANERY STREET LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Ingrove Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors. Report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if in our opinion, the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors, remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors. Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

## Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors. Report is consistent with the financial statements

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

18 May 2007

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

TOR THE TEAR ENDED OF BEGEN DERICES	NOTES	2006 £	2005 £
Turnover	(2)	81,000	81,000
Administrative expenses		(18,513)	(19,382)
Operating profit		62 487	61,618
Interest receivable and similar income		7	7
Interest payable and similar charges	(3)	(66,079)	(67,343)
Exceptional Credit - write back of revaluation surplus		550,000	-
Profit / (Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	(5)	546,415	(5 718)
Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	(6)	(1 539)	(16,860)
Profit / (Loss) for the financial year	(12)	544,876	(22,578)
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES		2006 £	2005 £
Retained Profit / (Deficit) for the financial year		544,876	(22 578)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of property			100,000
Total recognised gains for the year		544,876	77,422

There is no material difference between the Profit / (Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation and the Retained Profit / (Deficit) for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents

All items included in the above profit and loss account are part of continuing operations

# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2006**

	NOTES	2006 £	2005 €
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	(7)	1,900,000	1,450,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Amounts Due from Group Undertakings		53,335	- j
Cash at bank and in hand		853	847
		54,188	847
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	(8)	(538,805)	(480,623)
·			
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(484,617)	(479,776)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,415,383	970,224
CREDITORS: amounts falling due			
after more than one year	(9)	(794,600)	(794 602)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	(10)	(17,145)	(16 860)
NET ASSETS		603,638	158,762
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	(11)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	(12) (12)	(396,362)	100,000 (941 238)
Troncana toss account	(14)	(3.0,502)	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		603,638	158 762

These financial statements on pages 4 to 9 were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 May 2007 and signed on its behalf by

\_ DIRECTOR

VIA December

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements

## 11 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of land and buildings and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 as a cash flow statement has been prepared for the Group. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of CLS Holdings plc and has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 not to detail transactions with fellow Group undertakings as the financial statements of CLS Holdings plc are publicly available. The Company has received assurances from fellow group companies that sufficient funds will be available to meet the company's requirements for at least twelve months from the date of these accounts. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

## 12 Tangible fixed assets

Investment properties are revalued bi-annually. Completed investment properties are stated at their open market value. Investment properties in the course of development are stated at open market value in their existing state. Surpluses or deficits arising on revaluation are reflected in the revaluation reserve. Revaluation deficits in excess of the amount of prior revaluation surpluses are charged to the profit and loss account where these are considered to be permanent. Any such deficits which are subsequently considered to no longer be permanent are written back to the profit and loss account.

## 13 Depreciation

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19 no depreciation is provided on completed freehold investment properties. The requirement of the Companies Act 1985 is to depreciate all properties, but that requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principle set out in SSAP 19. The Directors consider that, as these properties are not held for consumption but for investment, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view, and that it is necessary to adopt SSAP 19 in order to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is one of many factors influencing a property valuation and if depreciation or amortisation might have been charged, it is not possible to identify or quantify this separately

#### 14 Turnover

Turnover comprises the total value of rents receivable under operating leases, including reverse premiums paid by tenants on surrender of leases and property-related services provided during the year, excluding VAT. Where there is a material rent free period and the amount is considered to be recoverable, the income is spread evenly over the period to the date of the first break. Rents received in advance are shown as deferred income in the balance sheet.

### 15 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of timing differences arising from differences in the treatment for accounts and tax purposes of transactions or events recognised in the financial statements except that

- Provision is not made in respect of property revaluation gains and losses, and
- Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that suitable taxable profits are considered sufficiently certain to arise which could be set against these assets when they reverse

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

## 16 Loan Cost

Issue costs relating to new loans are capitalised and amortised to follow the profile of the loan principle. Unamortised amounts at the balance sheet date are deferred against the loan liability.

2	TURNOVER	2006 €	2005 €
	Rental income within the United Kingdom	81,000	81,000
3	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2006 €	2005 €
	On bank loan Amortisation of refinance and arrangement fees On loans from group undertaking	47,960 273 17 847	49,062 - 18,281
		66,079	67,343

## 4 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS & EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The emoluments of the Directors of the Company who are Directors of CLS Holdings plc are disclosed in that company s financial statements in respect of their services to the Group as a whole. The Company had no employees during the year (2005 none)

5	<b>PROFIT ON</b>	ORDINARY	ACTIVITIES	BEFORE	TAXATION
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		2006 £	2005 £
	This is stated after charging		
	Auditors' remuneration	1,175	1 173
6	TAX ON PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2006 €	2005 €
	UK corporation tax at 30% (2005 30%)	-	_
	Deferred tax charge/(credit) Origination and reversal of timing differences	285	(16,860)
	Payment for losses surrendered under Group Relief arrangement	1,254	-
		1,539	(16,860)
	The current tax charge for the period is lower in 2006 and 2005 than the standard rate of U (30%) as explained below	K corporation tax	
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by the standard of UK corporation tax 30% (2005–30%)	163 925 -	(1 715)
	Effect of.		
	Differences due to expenses non-deductible and items not included in profit for tax purposes	(165,000)	-
	Losses surrendered to group/consortium relief and differences		
	between capital allowances and depreciation	1 076	1,715
	Current tax charge in profit and loss account	-	146

No provision for corporation tax has been made for the year due to the availability of losses. Losses are available from one or more of the following sources, losses arising in the year or losses brought forward. Losses arising in the year have been surrendered free of charge. The company expects to be able to shelter future taxable profits in a similar manner.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

## 7 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	2006	2005
	£	£
Valuation at 1 January	1,450,000	1 350 000
Surplus on revaluation	450,000	100,000
Valuation at 31 December	1.900 000	1,450,000

At 31 December properties were revalued to an estimate of their open market values taking into account their condition and tenancies existing at that date. Property valuations were carried out by independent valuers, Allsop & Co Chartered Surveyors. The historical cost of the investment properties included at valuation was £2,142,313.

8	CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	2006 €	2005 £
	Bank loans Amounts due to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income	517,847 20,957	(273) 460,161 20,735
		538,805	480,623
9	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	=====================================	2005 £
	Bank loans	794,600	794,602
	An analysis of the maturity of the debt is as follows	2006	2005
	in one year or less, or on demand	-	(273)
	In more than one year but not more than two years	(727)	(500)
	In more than two years but not more than five years	795,328	795,102
		794,600	794,329
		<del></del> =	

Interest is charged on the bank loan at the rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 1 25% and is secured by a legal charge over the property to which it relates

# 10 PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

Deferred taxation is provided as follows

provided to total and the state of the state	2006 Provision £	Amount unrecognised £	2005 Provision £	Amount unrecognised £
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Future benefit of tax losses Unrelieved losses	17,145 - -	(5,412) -	16,860 - -	- -
	17,145	(5,412) -	16,860	
At 1 January as previously reported Amount charged to profit and loss At 31 December	16 860 285 17,145		16,860 16,860	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

11	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	2006	2005
		£	£
	Authorised allotted, called up and fully paid		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	1 000,000

## 12 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	Share Capital £	Revaluation Reserve £	Profit & Loss Account £	2006 Total £	2005 Total £
Balance at 1 January Profit / (Loss) for the financial year (Deficit) / Surplus on revaluation Shares issued in year	1,000,000 - - - -	100,000 - (100,000) -	(941,238) 544,876 - -	158,762 544,876 (100,000)	81,340 (22 578) 100,000
Balance at 31 December	1,000 000	<u>-</u>	(396,362)	603,638	158,762

## 13 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the Directors opinion, no contingent liabilities exist

## 14 PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Directors consider that the immediate ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is CLS Holdings plc which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of the parent's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary. CLS Holdings plc, 26th Floor Portland House, Bressenden Place, London, SW1E 5BG.

## 15 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 21 March 2007 the Chancellor proposed a reduction in the Corporation tax rate in the UK from 30 per cent effective from 1 April 2008. In accordance with UK GAAP provisions, the existing rate of 30 per cent is still used as a basis for the calculation of the deferred tax stated. An estimate of the financial effect of this change cannot be made due to the uncertain timing of the reversal or crystalisation of the deferred tax provisions.