Company Registration No. 02184763 (England and Wales)	
LINWOOD MANAGEMENT CO. LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017	
FOR THE TEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017	

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Ms S C C Heasman (Appointed 31 August 2017)

Ms J Holmshaw (Appointed 5 May 2018)

Secretary HML Company Secretarial Services Limited

Company number 02184763

Registered office 94 Park Lane

Croydon Surrey CR0 1JB

Accountants RDP Newmans LLP

Lynwood House 373-375 Station Road Harrow, Middlesex

HA1 2AW

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1
Balance sheet	2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 4

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr B Boski (Resigned 30 June 2017)
Ms E Gordon (Resigned 16 May 2018)
Ms L E Lee-Jones (Resigned 17 May 2018)
Mr P D B Lyra (Resigned 27 November 2017)
Ms S C C Heasman (Appointed 31 August 2017)

Mr P C Hill (Appointed 22 August 2017 and resigned 4 December 2017)

Ms J Holmshaw (Appointed 5 May 2018)

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

On behalf of the board

Ms J Holmshaw **Director** 20 June 2018

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

			_
		2017	2016
	Notes	£	£
Debtors	2	686	681
Net assets		686	681
		_	_
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	686	681
		=	

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 June 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Ms J Holmshaw

Director

Company Registration No. 02184763

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Linwood Management Co. Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 94 Park Lane, Croydon, Surrey, CR0 1JB.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

	Amounts falling due within one year:	2017 £	2016 £
	Other debtors	686	681
		=	_
3	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	686 Ordinary shares of £1 each	686	681
		686	681
			_

Reconciliation of movements during the year:

	Ordinary Number
At 1 January 2017 Issue of fully paid shares	681 5
At 31 December 2017	686

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.