Registered number: 02182560

## LONDON TOWN HOTELS (OPERATIONS) LIMITED

# DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013



#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**DIRECTOR** 

Koolesh D Shah

**COMPANY SECRETARY** 

Koolesh D Shah

**REGISTERED NUMBER** 

02182560

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

8-14 Talbot Square

London W2 1TS

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR** 

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square

London EC4Y 8EH

### **CONTENTS**

	Page
Director's report	1 - 2
Independent auditor's report	3 - 4
Profit and loss account	5
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	6
Note of historical cost profits and losses	6
Balance sheet	7 - 8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 17

#### DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### **DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **DIRECTOR**

The director who served during the year was:

Koolesh D Shah

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

The director at the time when this Director's report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware,
   and
- he has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **AUDITOR**

The auditor, Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

In preparing this report, the director has taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

#### DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

This report was approved by the board on 30 September 2014 and signed on its behalf.

Director

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS, AS A BODY, OF LONDON TOWN HOTELS (OPERATIONS) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of London Town Hotels (Operations) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, set out on pages 5 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's shareholder in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholder those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholder for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Statement of director's responsibilities, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Director's report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Director's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS, AS A BODY, OF LONDON TOWN HOTELS (OPERATIONS) LIMITED

#### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
  regime and to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a
  Strategic report or in preparing the Director's report.

Nigel Bostock (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

**Statutory Auditor** 

St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8EH

30 September 2014

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
TURNOVER	1	3,005,477	3,036,477
Cost of sales		(1,323,591)	(1,197,721)
GROSS PROFIT		1,681,886	1,838,756
Administrative expenses		(2,055,780)	(2,298,271)
Other operating income	2	310,000	23,333
OPERATING LOSS	3	(63,894)	(436,182)
Interest receivable and similar income	4	<u> </u>	23
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(63,894)	(436,159)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5	(31,391)	(3,382)
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	14	(95,285)	(439,541)

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	2013 £	2012 £
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	(95,285)	(439,541)
Transfer from revaluation reserve	(100,189)	(100,189)
Transfer to profit and loss account	100,189	100,189
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	(95,285)	(439,541)
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND L		
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND L FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 26	2013	2012
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2	2013 £	£
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 20 REPORTED LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2013	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2	2013 £	£
REPORTED LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION  Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and the actual	2013 £ (63,894)	£ (436,159)

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

# LONDON TOWN HOTELS (OPERATIONS) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02182560

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Note	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		2,206,697		2,301,114
Investments	7		1,000		1,000
			2,207,697		2,302,114
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	5,000		5,000	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	663,833		540,440	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	302,177		247,099	
Cash at bank		312,939		91,197	
		1,283,949		883,736	
<b>CREDITORS:</b> amounts falling due within one year	10	(615,696)		(521,467)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			668,253		362,269
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITI	ES		2,875,950		2,664,383
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(275,530)		-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax	12		(36,175)		(4,853)
NET ASSETS			2,564,245		2,659,530
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	13		502,000		502,000
Revaluation reserve	14		1,546,308		1,646,497
Profit and loss account	14		515,937		511,033
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			2,564,245		2,659,530

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

# BALANCE SHEET (continued) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 30 September 2014.

Koolesh D Shah

-Director

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of leasehold property and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The company is the parent undertaking of a small group and as such is not required by the Companies Act 2006 to prepare group accounts. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The director has considered the financial position of the company and the financial statements have been prepared assuming that the company will continue as a going concern.

In making this assumption, he has considered the future trading of the company, and the continued support of other group companies.

#### 1.3 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

#### 1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Short Term Leasehold Property

Over term of the lease (16 years)

Plant & machinery Fixtures & fittings

25% reducing balance25% reducing balance

Long Term Leasehold Property

Over term of the lease (142 years)

Short term leasehold property is revalued at intervals no greater than five years. Interim revaluations are carried out when a material change in value has occurred.

An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve.

#### 1.6 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.7 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

#### 1.8 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

#### 1.9 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### 2. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2013	2012
	£	£
Administration charge receivable	310,000	-
Net rents receivable	-	23,333
	310,000	23,333
	· = ==================================	

2012

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

2	ODERATING LOSS		
3.	OPERATING LOSS		
	The operating loss is stated after charging:		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
	- owned by the company	225,351	213,574
	Auditor's remuneration	23,543	25,250
	Operating lease rental:		
	- land and buildings	655,000	655,000
	During the year, no director received any emoluments (2012 - £NIL).		
4.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Other interest receivable	_	23
	Other interest receivable	_	25

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

TAXATION		
	2013 £	2012 £
Analysis of tax charge in the year		
Current tax		
UK corporation tax charge on loss for the year	69	4,882
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	18,107	(1,500)
Effect of increased tax rate on opening liability	(1,721)	-
Prior year adjustment	14,936	<u> </u>
Total deferred tax (see note 12)	31,322	(1,500)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	31,391	3,382

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

### 6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Long Term Leasehold Property £	Short Term Leasehold Property £	Plant & machinery £	Fixtures & fittings
366,975 -	2,077,614 -	217,319 8,900	172,859 122,034
366,975	2,077,614	226,219	294,893
10,336	380,975	82,921	59,421
2,584	129,851	34,048	58,868
12,920	510,826	116,969	118,289
354,055	1,566,788	109,250	176,604
356,639	1,696,639	134,398	113,438
	Leasehold Property £ 366,975 - 366,975 - 10,336 2,584 - 12,920	Leasehold Property £  366,975 2,077,614  - 366,975 2,077,614  10,336 380,975 2,584 129,851  12,920 510,826  354,055 1,566,788	Leasehold Property £         Leasehold Property £         Plant & machinery £           366,975         2,077,614         217,319           -         -         8,900           366,975         2,077,614         226,219           10,336         380,975         82,921           2,584         129,851         34,048           12,920         510,826         116,969           354,055         1,566,788         109,250

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

### 6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Total £
2,834,767 130,934
2,965,701
533,653
225,351
759,004
2,206,697
2,301,114

If the leasehold property had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

	2013 £	2012 £
Cost Accumulated depreciation	841,564 (93,508)	841,564 (72,976)
Net book value	748,056	768,588

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

#### 7. **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS**

Shares in group undertaking £
1,000
1,000
1.000

Cost or valuation

At 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2013

Net book value

At 31 December 2013

At 31 December 2012

1,000

#### Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding
LTH Estates Limited	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100%

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2013 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	Name	Aggregate of share capital and reserves	Profit/(loss) £
	LTH Estates Limited	3,475,385	75,231
8.	STOCKS		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale	5,000	5,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

9.	DEBTORS		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Due after more than one year		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	663,833	540,440
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	133,128	100,274
	Other debtors	894	- 440.005
	Prepayments and accrued income	168,155	146,825
		302,177	247,099
10.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year  Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors Directors' current accounts Accruals	2013 £ 123,996 252,060 - 81,381 53,567 - 104,692	2012 £ 951 276,313 4,671 105,828 51,237 270 82,197
		615,696	521,467
11.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	275,530	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

12.	DEFERRED TAXATION				
		2013 £	2012 £		
	At beginning of year	4,853	6,353		
	Charge for/(released during) year (P&L)	31,322	(1,500)		
	At end of year	36,175	4,853		
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:				
		2013 £	2012 £		
	Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward	36,175 -	(1,500) (3,353)		
		36,175	(4,853)		
13.	SHARE CAPITAL				
		2013	2012		
		£	£		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		500 000		
	502,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	502,000	502,000		
14.	RESERVES				
	, and the second	Revaluation reserve £	Profit and loss account £		
	At 1 January 2013	1,646,497	511,033		
	Loss for the financial year Transfer between Revaluation reserve and P/L account	(100,189)	(95,285) 100,189		
	At 31 December 2013	1,546,308	515,937		
15.	OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS				
	At 31 December 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:				
		2013 £	2012 £		
	Expiry date:	-	2		
	Between 2 and 5 years	•	-		
	After more than 5 years	655,000	665,000		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

#### 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from reporting related party transactions with other group undertakings in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No. 8.

#### 17. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is London Town Group of Companies Limited, a company registered in England. The accounts can be obtained from the registered office at 8/14 Talbot Square, London W2 1TS.

In the director's opinion the ultimate controlling party is Auro Trust, a trust outside the UK.