Registered number: 02182560

LONDON TOWN HOTELS (OPERATIONS) LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009



D2 22/07/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

34

COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTOR

Koolesh D Shah

COMPANY SECRETARY

Koolesh D Shah

COMPANY NUMBER

02182560

REGISTERED OFFICE

162 Cromwell Road

London SW5 0TT

AUDITOR

Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP

St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square

London EC4Y 8EH

CONTENTS

	Page
Director's report	1 - 3
Independent auditor's report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	6
Note of historical cost profits and losses	6
Balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement	8
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	9 - 19

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of hoteliers

BUSINESS REVIEW

The results for the period and financial position of the company are as shown on pages 5 and 7 to these financial statements

RESULTS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £21,326 (2008 - loss £157,762)

DIRECTOR

The director who served during the year was

Koolesh D Shah

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the period ended 31 December 2009 The company paid a dividend of £4,016,000 in February 2010

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company's principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, trade creditors, trade debtors, loans and hire purchase agreements. The main purpose of these instruments is to raise funds for the company's operations.

Due to the nature of financial instruments used by the company, there is no exposure to price risk. The company's approach to managing other risks applicable to financial instruments concerned is shown below.

In respect of loans, these comprise of group company loans and loans from financial institutions. The interest rate on loans from financial institutions is variable. The company manages the liquidity risk by ensuring there are sufficient funds to meet its payments. The loans from group companies are interest free and have no fixed repayment dates. The director is aware of the company's required finance and has determined that these will only be repaid, in whole or in part, when finance is available.

In respect of hire purchase agreements, these are from financial institutions with fixed or variable interest rates and fixed monthly repayment. The company manages the liquidity risk by ensuring there are sufficient funds to meet these payments.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to customers and the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits

Trade creditors liquidity risk is managed by ensuring there are sufficient funds available to meet the amounts due

PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The director at the time when this Director's report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing its report and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

AUDITOR

The auditor, Horwath Clark Whitehill LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Colty Shah

The company continues to actively seek new hotel opportunities in order to enhance future growth and profitability of the group

This report was approved by the board on

5 JYLY 2010

and signed on its behalf

Koolesh D Shah

Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO LONDON TOWN HOTELS (OPERATIONS) LIMITED UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 5 to 19, together with the financial statements of London Town Hotels (Operations) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 445 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 445(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 5 to 19 have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section

Nigd Bostock

Nigel Bostock (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of HORWATH CLARK WHITEHILL LLP

Statutory Auditor

St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8EH

Date 5 July 2010

ABBREVIATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
TURNOVER	1	2,832,186	3,578,013
GROSS PROFIT Administrative expenses		1,621,358 (1,599,641)	1,953,062 (2,133,194)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) Interest receivable	2	21,717	(180,132) 19,587
Interest payable	5	(391)	(9,763)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		21,326	(170,308)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6		12,546
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	15	21,326	(157,762)

All amounts relate to continuing operations

	2009 £	2008 £
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	21,326	(157,762)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of tangible fixed assets	1,557,500	-
Transfer from revaluation reserve	(68,750)	(68,750)
Transfer to profit and loss account	68,750	68,750
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	1,578,826	(157,762)
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2		
	2009	2008
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2	2009	2008 £
**************************************	2009	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2 REPORTED PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE	2009 2009 £	£
REPORTED PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Difference between a historical cost depreciation charge and the actual	2009 2009 £ 21,326	£ (170,308)

LONDON TOWN HOTELS (OPERATIONS) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02182560

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Note	£	200 9 £	£	2008 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible fixed assets	7		2,338,750		<i>526,296</i>
Fixed asset investments	8		1,000		1,000
			2,339,750		527,296
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	9	5,000		5,542	
Debtors amounts falling due after more than					
one year	10	7,723,910		7,890,128	
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	10	328,377		301,776	
Investments	11	-		1,035	
Cash at bank and in hand		63,643		379,842	
		8,120,930		8,578,323	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(328,520)		(506,919)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		·	7,792,410		8,071,404
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITI	ES		10,132,160		8,598,700
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after			(450.045)		/504 CO4
more than one year	13		(459,315) 		(504,681)
NET ASSETS			9,672,845		8,094,019
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		502,000		502,000
Revaluation reserve	15		1,970,000		48 1, 2 50
Profit and loss account	15		7,200,845		7,110,769
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	16		9,672,845		8,094,019

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of section 445(3) of the Companies Act 2006 were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 5° 1444° 2010

Koolesh D Shah

Director

ABBREVIATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

		2009	2008
	Note	£	£
Net cash flow from operating activities	17	63,072	36,865
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	18	(391)	9,824
Taxation		12,539	(19,126)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	18	(323,643)	-
CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW BEFORE MANAGEMENT OF LIQUID RESOURCES AND FINANCING		(248,423)	27,563
Management of liquid resources	18	1,035	-
Financing	18	(68,811)	(30,237)
DECREASE IN CASH IN THE YEAR		(316,199)	(2,674)

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	2009 £	2008 £
Decrease in cash in the year	(316,199)	(2,674)
Cash inflow from increase in liquid resources	(1,035)	-
Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing	68,811	30,237
MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS IN THE YEAR	(248,423)	27,563
Net funds at 1 January 2009	312,065	284,502
NET FUNDS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009	63,642	312,065

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1 1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of leasehold property and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The financial statements contain information about London Town Hotels (Operations) Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements. The results of the company have been included in the consolidated financial statements for London Town Group of Companies Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The director has reviewed the company's budgeted trading for the forthcoming 12 months in conjunction with the availability of working capital and is satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the company's financial statements on a going concern basis

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services, exclusive of Value Added Tax

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Short Term Leasehold Property - -% Over term of the lease (16 years)

Plant & machinery - 25% reducing balance

Long Term Leasehold Property - -% Over term of the lease (142 years)

Short term leasehold property is revalued at intervals no greater than five years. Interim revaluations are carried out when a material change in value has occurred

An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve

1.4 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment where necessary

1.5 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1 6 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

17 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

1.8 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

Deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on property held at valuation in the financial statements unless the company has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

2. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

The operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging

	2009	2008
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
- owned by the company	72,787	71,172
- held under finance leases	-	12,594
Auditors' remuneration	22,208	31,402
Operating lease rentals		
- plant and machinery	-	11,429
- land and buildings	762,267	917,751
•		

3	STAFF COSTS		
	Staff costs, including director's remuneration, were as follows		
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	656,249 68,420	779,002 65,969
		724,669	844,971
	The average monthly number of employees, including the director, of	during the year was as f	follows
		2009	2008
		No.	No
	Number of administrative staff Number of hotel operating staff	8 44	6 56
		52	62
4.	DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION		
		2009	2008
		3	£
	Emoluments	56,778	96,139
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE		
		2009 £	2008 £
	On hank lange and avardrafts	391	3,017
	On bank loans and overdrafts On finance leases and hire purchase contracts	-	6,746
		391	9,763
6	TAXATION		
		2009 £	2008 £
	UK corporation tax charge/(credit) on profit/loss for the year	-	(12,546)
	or superation an enal gentle county on promotion for the year		

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

6. TAXATION (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2008 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28.5%) The differences are explained below

	2009 £	2008 £
Profit/loss on ordinary activities before tax	21,326	(170,308)
Profit/loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28 0% (2008 - 28 5%)	5,971	(48,538)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	19,211	20,269
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(17,054)	4,280
Utilisation of tax losses	(8,128)	-
Current year losses carried forward	-	11,443
Current tax charge/(credit) for the year (see note above)	-	(12,546)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Short term leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Long term leasehold property £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2009	1,100,000	16,000	107,000	•	1,223,000
Additions	-	-	•	366,975	366,975
Disposals	-	-	(107,000)	•	(107,000)
Revaluation	870,000	-	-	-	870,000
At 31 December 2009	1,970,000	16,000		366,975	2,352,975
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2009	618,750	10,188	67,766	-	696,704
Charge for the year	68,750	1,453	-	2,584	72,787
On disposals	-	-	(67,766)	-	(67,766)
Revaluation	(687,500)	-	-	-	(687,500)
At 31 December 2009		11,641	-	2,584	14,225
Net book value					
At 31 December 2009	1,970,000	4,359		364,391	2,338,750
At 31 December 2008	481,250	5,812	39,234		526,296

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows

	2009 £	2008 £
Motor vehicles	-	37,781

Short term leasehold properties have been valued at open market value by the Director at December 2009 at £1,970,000 with reference to a valuation completed in May 2010 by GVA Grimley, an independent firm of professional chartered surveyors who are members of RICS

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2009 is as follows

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2009 is as follows	
	Short term leasehold £
At cost	-
At valuation:	
At open market value	1,970,000
	1,970,000

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

If the short term leasehold property had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows

	2009 £	2008 £
Cost Accumulated depreciation	- -	-
Net book value	<u> </u>	-

8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Shares in group undertakings £

Cost

At 1 January 2009 and 31 December 2009

1,000

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company

Name	Class of shares	Holding
LTH Estates Limited	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100%

LTH Estates Limited is a company registered in England and Wales

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2009 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows

	Name	Aggregate of share capital and reserves	Profit/(loss)
	LTH Estates Limited	1,689,093	(106,265)
9.	STOCKS		
		2009	2008
		3	£
	Stocks	5,000 	5,542

10.	DEBTORS		
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Due after more than one year		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	7,473,910 250,000	7,640,128 250,000
		7,723,910	7,890,128
		2009 £	2008 £
	Due within one year		
	Trade debtors	158,021	115,748
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	30,142 140,214	42,681 143,347
		328,377	301,776
11.	CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS	2009	2008
		3	£
	Other investments	-	1,035
12.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2009	2008
		£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	-	23,446
	Trade creditors	153,123	344,809
	Social security and other taxes	59,019	74,321
	Other creditors	56,213	51,543
	Accruals and deferred income	60,165	12,800
		328,520	506,919

13.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Amounts owed to group undertakings	- 459,315	45,366 459,315
		459,315	504,681
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, include	d above, are payable	as follows
		2009 £	2008 £
	Between one and five years	-	45,366
14.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	501,000 Ordinary shares shares of £1 each 1,000 Management shares shares of £1 each	501,000 1,000	501,000 1,000
		502,000	502,000
15	RESERVES		
		Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year	481,250	7,110,769 21,326
	Surplus on revaluation of leasehold property Transfer between Revaluation reserve and P/L account	1,557,500 (68,750)	68,750
	At 31 December 2009	1,970,000	7,200,845

16	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Opening shareholders' funds	8,094,019	8,251,781
	Profit/(loss) for the year Surplus on revaluation of leasehold property	21,326 1,557,500	(157,762)
	Closing shareholders' funds	9,672,845	8,094,019
17.	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Operating profit/(loss)	21,717	(180,132)
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	72,787 (4,098)	83,766 -
	Decrease in stocks	542	-
	Decrease in debtors Decrease in creditors	127,079 (154,955)	316,583 (183,352)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	63,072	36,865
18.	ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN CASH FL	OW STATEMENT	
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance		40.503
	Interest received	- (391)	19,587 (3,017)
	Interest paid Hire purchase interest	-	(6,746)
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	(391)	9,824
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Capital expenditure and financial investment		
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets	(366,975) 43,332	-
	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	(323,643)	

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

18. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

	2009 £	2008 £
Management of liquid resources		
Sale of short term listed investments	1,035	-
	<u> </u>	
	2009	2008
	3	£
Financing		
Repayment of finance leases	(68,811)	(30,237)

19. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	1 January 2009 £	Cash flow	Other non-cash changes £	31 December 2009 £
Cash at bank and in hand	379,842	(316,199)	-	63,643
Liquid resources:				
Current asset investments	1,035	(1,035)	-	-
Debt:				
Debts due within one year	(23,446)	23,445	-	(1)
Debts falling due after more than one year	(45,366)	45,366	-	<u>-</u>
Net funds	312,065	(248,423)	-	63,642

20. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2009 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2009	2008	2009	2008 £
	£	£	£	Ł
Expiry date:				
Within 1 year	-	100,000	•	-
After more than 5 years	700,775	700,775	-	

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

21 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is London Town Group of Companies Limited, a company registered in England The accounts can be obtained from the registered office at 8/14 Talbot Square, London W2 1TS

In the director's opinion the company's ultimate parent company is Auro Trading and Investments Establishment, an Anstalt registered in Liechtenstein The ultimate controlling party is Auro Trust, a trust outside the UK