

Company registration number: **02171978**

**Hills Holdings Limited**  
**Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the**  
**year ended**  
**31 March 2020**

# Hills Holdings Limited

## Report of the Accountant to the directors of Hills Holdings Limited

Year ended 31 March 2020

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with my terms of engagement and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Acts that relate to preparing the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

I have prepared these financial statements based on the accounting records, information and explanations provided by you. I do not express any opinion on the financial statements.

On the statement of financial position you have acknowledged your duties under the prevailing Companies Acts to ensure that the company keeps adequate accounting records and prepares financial statements that give a "true and fair view".

You have determined that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for this accounting year. Therefore, the financial statements are unaudited.

The financial statements are provided exclusively to the directors for the limited purpose mentioned above, and may not be used or relied upon for any other purpose or by any other person, and we shall not be liable for any other usage or reliance.

BEECHLANDS ACC SERVICES

Berkeley Coach House

Woods Hill

Bath

Wilts

BA2 7FS

United Kingdom

# Hills Holdings Limited

## Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	326,071	369,761
Investments	6	35,178	35,178
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		361,249	404,939
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		20,591	29,368
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(285,729)	(292,317)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net current liabilities		(265,138)	(262,949)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets less current liabilities		96,111	141,990
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	-	(3,095)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net assets		96,111	138,895
		<hr/>	<hr/>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		5,000	5,000
Revaluation reserve		320,836	320,836
Profit and loss account		(229,725)	(186,941)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Shareholders funds		96,111	138,895
		<hr/>	<hr/>

For the year ending 31 March 2020, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with

respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 24 March 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

M Hill

Director

Company registration number: 02171978

# Hills Holdings Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### Year ended 31 March 2020

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Berkeley Coach House, Woods Hill, Limpley Stoke, Bath, Wiltshire, BA2 7FS, .

#### 2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

##### BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

##### GOING CONCERN

The company's operations generated a profit after tax and increase in net current assets and are expected to continue to do so. On this basis, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue as an operational business for the foreseeable future. The financial statements have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis. In 2020 the company is confronted with the consequences of the novel strain of the Coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. Although the consequences of the COVID-19 are uncertain in the long term, the company does not expect any material adverse effect on its financial condition or liquidity.

##### TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

## CURRENT TAX

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

## TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

## FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Other fixed asset investments which are listed are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

All other Investments held as fixed assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

## IMPAIRMENT

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

## FINANCE LEASES AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price and are subsequently measured as follows: Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost and commitments to receive a loan and to make a loan to another entity are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

All other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally the transaction price and are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

All equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

## 4 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was Nil (2019: Nil).

## 5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc.	Total
	£	£	£
<b>COST</b>			
At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	425,000	250,272	675,272
<b>DEPRECIATION</b>			
At 1 April 2019	196,000	109,511	305,511
Charge	8,500	35,190	43,690
At 31 March 2020	204,500	144,701	349,201
<b>CARRYING AMOUNT</b>			
At 31 March 2020	220,500	105,571	326,071
At 31 March 2019	229,000	140,761	369,761

## 6 INVESTMENTS

	Other investments other than loans
	£
<b>COST</b>	
At 1 April 2019	35,178
At 31 March 2020	35,178
<b>IMPAIRMENT</b>	
At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	-
<b>CARRYING AMOUNT</b>	
At 31 March 2020	35,178
At 31 March 2019	35,178



## 7 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	268,604	259,838
Taxation and social security	5,980	3,305
Other creditors	11,145	29,174
	<u>285,729</u>	<u>292,317</u>

## 8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other creditors	-	3,095

## 9 EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 11 March 2020, the World Health Organisation declared the novel strain of Coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. The extent of COVID-19's effects on the company's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration, spread and intensity of the pandemic. As a result of the uncertainty and difficulty to predict, adverse impact to the company's business may occur. Such potential impact is unknown at this time.

## 10 CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company is controlled by Mr Martin Hill who is the majority shareholder.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.