Servomex Group Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 2170458 31 December 2005



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Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be the design, manufacture and distribution of industrial instruments for gas analysis.

Business review

The turnover for the year was £19,900,000 (2004: £16,397,000).

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation for the year was £1,884,000 (2004: £794,000).

Dividends

The directors recommend that no dividend be paid (2004: £nil).

Directors

The directors of the company who served during the year are as follows:

Stephen Harris #

(appointed: 10 October 2005)

Chairman

Linda Bell

Managing Director

Andrew Armitage

(resigned: 6 April 2006)

Wayne Brazier

Tim Fry

(appointed: 4 July 2005; resigned: 24 July 2006)

Simona Gargani

(resigned: 8 December 2005)

James Hobby

Valerie Stevens James Webster # (resigned: 30 May 2005) (resigned: 10 October 2005)

The directors and their families have no beneficial interests in the ordinary share capital of the company.

The directors marked (#) are also directors of the Company's ultimate holding company, Spectris plc. Their interest in the share capital of that company is stated in the annual report and financial statements of Spectris plc for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Directors' interests in shares and share options to acquire shares of Spectris plc are listed in note 4 to the financial statements.

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

The company policy and practice is to pay suppliers in accordance with contractually negotiated terms. Trade creditors at the year end amounted to 59 days of average supplies for the year (2004: 70 days).

Research and development

The company's products are regarded by the directors as advanced technology and as such require constant updating and renewal to remain competitive. It is the policy of the company to devote significant funds each year towards the exploitation of new technology within the industrial instrumentation field. The amount of this expenditure is given in note 3 to the financial statements.

Directors' report (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the Board

L Bell Director Jarvis Brook Crowborough TN6 3DU

11 September 2006



KPMG Audit Plc

1 Forest Gate Brighton Road Crawley RH11 9PT United Kingdom

Independent auditors' report to the members of Servomex Group Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Servomex Group Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 2, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

MMG Add Ph

KPMG Audit Plc Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 11 September 2006

Profit and loss account

For the year ended 31 December 2005

·	Note	2005		2004	
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Turnover	2		19,900		16,397
Change in stocks of finished goods and WIP Raw materials and consumables Staff costs Depresenting and other amounts written off tongible	4,5	(62) (7,025) (6,936)		246 (5,808) (5,766)	
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible fixed assets Other operating charges	8	(633) (3,490)		(624) (3,685)	
			(18,146)		(15,637)
Operating profit			1,754		760
Net interest receivable	6		130		34
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	<i>3 7</i>		1,884 (477)		794 4
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and retained profit for the year	14		1,407		798

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented. All operations of the company are classed as continuing.

The notes on pages 6 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2005

	Note	2005 £'000	2005 £'000	2004 £'000	2004 £'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	8		1,257		1,486
Comment parets					
Current assets Stocks	9	1,816		1,878	
Debtors	10	7,316		4,661	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	7,510 98		4,001 77	
Cash at bank and in hand		90		7.7	
C 25		9,230		6,616	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	7.7	(2.050		(0.001)	
one year	11	(3,956)		(3,001)	
		·····			
Net current assets			5,274		3,615
Total assets less current liabilities			6,531		5,101
			-,		,
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12		(211)		(188)
Net assets			6,320		4,913
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		4,426		4,426
Profit and loss account	13 14				
Profit and foss account	14		1,894		487
	•				
Equity shareholders' funds			6,320		4,913

The notes on pages 6 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Allell

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 11 September 2006 and were signed on its behalf by:

L Bell Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

As 100% of the company's voting rights are controlled within the group by Spectris plc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties). The consolidated financial statements of Spectris plc, within which this company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 19.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold buildings

50 years

Leasehold land

and buildings
Plant and machinery

life of lease

3 to 16 years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Post-retirement benefits

The company participates in two pension schemes run by group companies, one a defined benefit scheme and the other a defined contribution scheme. Details of these schemes are given in the accounts of Spectris plc (see note 18).

The assets of the defined contribution scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged against profits represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the period.

The assets of the defined benefit scheme are held separately from those of the company. The company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and therefore, as required by Financial Reporting Standard 17 'Retirement benefits', accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of raw materials, consumables and goods purchased for resale, a first in first out basis is used. For work in progress and finished goods the cost is taken as production cost, which includes an appropriate proportion of attributable overheads.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by Financial Reporting Standard 19.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers.

2. Analysis of turnover

By activity	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Analysers Transducers	15,763 4,137	12,992 3,405
Total sales	19,900	16,397

The directors consider that it would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company to disclose turnover by geographical region.

3. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
After charging:		
Auditors' remuneration:		
Audit	27	17
Exchange losses	59	93
Hire of other assets - operating leases		
Land and buildings	130	130
Other	86	128
Research and development expenditure	1,797	1,679
After crediting:		
Exchange gains	(121)	(55)
	:	
4. Remuneration of directors		
	2005	2004
	£'000	£'000
Directors' emoluments	661	498

Remuneration of UK based directors not employed by the company in respect of their services to Servomex Group Limited is shown in the financial statements of Spectris plc together with details of employer pension contributions.

The aggregate of emoluments and amounts receivable under long term incentive schemes of the highest paid director was £185,000 (2004: £147,000) and company pension contributions of £10,000 (2004: £9,000) were made to a money purchase scheme.

	Number of 2005	directors 2004
Retirement benefits are accruing to the following number of directors under: Defined benefit schemes	2	3
The number of directors who exercised share options was	2	1

4. Remuneration of directors (continued)

Shares and share options

The interests of those directors who at year end were also directors of Spectris plc are disclosed in the financial statements of Spectris plc. The interests of the other directors in the shares and options to acquire shares of Spectris plc are as follows:

		Spectris plc Share Options								
	Shareholding in Spectris plc	At 1.1.05 or appointment	Granted	Rights Issue	Exercised	Lapsed	At 31.12.05 or resignation	Exercise price	Date excercisable	Expiry Date
A Armitage	0	3,796					3,796	776.6660p	May-01	May-06
<u> </u>		3,077				_	3,077	513.1832p	Mar-03	Mar-10
		5,000					5,000	525.0000p	Oct-03	Oct-10
	 	5,000			[}	5,000	357.5000p	Oct-04	Oct-11
L Bell	2,697	15,000					15,000	357.5000p	Oct-04	Oct-11
L Den		1,393					1,393	408.0000p	Dec-07	Jun-08
		1,103			1,103		0	342.5000p	Dec-05	Jun-06
W Brazier	0	0					0			<u> </u>
T Fry	0	0					0			
S Gargani	0	0					0			
J Hobby	125	1,130					1,130	525.0000p	Oct-03	Oct-10
V Stevens	0	6,778	-		6,778		0	385.0190p	Sep-01	Sep-08
v Stevens		3,076					3,076	513.1832p	Mar-03	Mar-10
		5,000					5,000	525.0000p	Oct-03	Oct-10
		5,000		 	 		5,000	357.5000p	Oct-04	Oct-11

5. Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

•	Numbe 2005	r of employees 2004
Production and distribution Other	79 107	74 97
	186	171
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	5,832 570 534	4,846 501 419
	6,936	5,766
6. Net interest receivable		
	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Net interest receivable from group companies	130	34

7. Taxation

Analysis of charge in period	2005		2004	
	£'000	£,000	£,000	£'000
UK corporation tax				
Current tax on income for the year	554		270	
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(30)		(16)	
				
Total current tax		524		254
Deferred tax (see note 10)				
Origination/reversal of timing differences	(70)		(91)	
Adjustment in respect of previous years	23	•	(167)	
Total deferred tax		(47)		(258)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		477		(4)
•				

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is lower (2004: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%, 2004: 30%). The differences are explained below.

	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,884	794
Current tax at 30% (2004: 30%)	565	238
Current tax at 35 % (2004. 30 %)	202	200
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	8	16
Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances	22	3
Other timing differences	48	88
Tax incentives	. (89)	(75)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(30)	(16)
Trad constant to the section of the		254
Total current tax charge (see above)	524 ———	254

8. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings	Leasehold land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost			5 505	
At beginning of year	88	725	5,582	6,395
Additions	- -	*	405 (73)	405 (73)
Disposals		<u></u>		————
At end of year	88	725	5,914	6,727
Depreciation			<u>_</u>	
At beginning of year	(71)	(657)	(4,181)	(4,909)
Charge for year	(8)	(55)	(570)	(633)
Disposals	-	•	72	72
At end of year	(79)	(712)	(4,679)	(5,470)
Net book value				
At 31 December 2005	9	13	1,235	1,257
At 31 December 2004	17	68	1,401	1,486
9. Stocks				
			2005	2004
			£'000	£'000
Raw materials and consumables			5 9	40
Work in progress			58 1,522	49 1,638
Finished goods and goods for resale			236	191
			1,816	1,878
i misiou goods and goods for resait				_

10. Debtors

		2005	2004
		£'000	£'000
Trade debtors		1,182	1,443
Amounts owed by group undertakings		5,194	2,601
Taxation and social security		331	66
Other debtors		22	6
Prepayments and accrued income		182	187
Deferred tax (due in more than one year)		405	358
		7,316	4,661
The elements of deferred taxation are as follows:			
		2005	2004
		£'000	£'000
Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation a	nd capital	210	101
allowances Other timing differences		218 187	191 167
Other timing differences			
Deferred tax asset (refer above)		405	358
11: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2005	2004
		£'000	£'000
Trade creditors		2,172	1,713
Amounts owed to group undertakings		62	281
Taxation and social security Other creditors		706 80	410 67
Accruals and deferred income		936	530
			2.001
		3,956	3,001
12. Provisions for liabilities and charges			
	Product	Other	
	Warranty £'000	Provisions £'000	Total £'000
At beginning of year	88	100	188
Charge to the profit and loss for the year	23	-	23

At end of year

211

100

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Notes (continued)

13. Called up share capital

	2005	2004
	£'000	£'000
Authorised		2 000
Equity: Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
	·	
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
Equity: Ordinary shares of £1 each	4,426	4,426
14. Reserves		

14. Reserves

	Profit
	and loss
	account
	£'000
At beginning of year	407
Detained anoth for the coop	487
Retained profit for the year	1,407
At end of year	1,894
•	2,05

15. Reconciliation of movement in equity shareholders' funds

	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Profit for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	1,407 4,913	798 4,115
Closing shareholders' funds	6,320	4,913
		

16. Contingent liabilities

The company has outstanding bank guarantees at 31 December 2005 to the value of £295,796 (2004: £114,546).

With other members of the Spectris group, the company has guaranteed facilities made available to Spectris plc in respect of which the following amounts were outstanding at 31 December 2005:

• Royal Bank of Scotland

£4,619,000 (2004: £4,893,000)

17. Commitments

a) Capital commitments at the end of the financial year for which no provision has been made, are as follows:

			2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Contracted			187	338
			====	=
b) Annual commitments on operating leases are:				
	2005		2004	
	Land and	Other	Land and	Other
	buildings		buildings	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	-	16	-	18
In the second to fifth years inclusive	130	29	130	33

18. Pension commitments

The company participates in a multi-employer pension scheme (the Servomex Pension and Assurance Scheme) providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. Because the company is unable to identify its share of the Scheme's assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by Financial Reporting Standard 17 'Retirement Benefits' the Scheme is accounted for by the company as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

The Servomex Pension and Assurance Scheme is closed to new employees. Contributions payable by the company amounted to £467,000 for the year ended 31 December 2005 (2004: £353,000). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial period.

The assets and liabilities of the Servomex Pension and Assurance scheme were transferred to the Spectris Pension Plan on 31 December 2005.

Spectris plc also operates a defined contribution pension plan, membership of which is available to the qualifying UK employees of group companies. Contributions payable by the company to the plan amounted to £67,000 for the year ended 31 December 2005 (2004: £66,000). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial period.

Further details are given in the accounts of Spectris plc.

19. Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Spectris plc incorporated in the UK.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Spectris plc. The directors consider that Spectris plc is the ultimate parent company. Copies of the accounts of that company can be obtained from Spectris plc, Station Road, Egham, Surrey, TW20 9NP.