REGISTERED NUMBER: 02159815 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

for

Saper Glass Industries Limited

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Saper Glass Industries Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

DIRECTORS: G M McCarthy

P J McCarthy M G J Deeks Mrs S A McCarthy

SECRETARY: Mrs S A McCarthy

REGISTERED OFFICE: Thames House

Longreach Road

Barking Essex IG11 0JR

REGISTERED NUMBER: 02159815 (England and Wales)

Balance Sheet 30 June 2021

		30.6.21		30.6.20	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		450,681		449,014
Investments	5		903,293		869,293
			1,353,974		1,318,307
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		103,994		98,833	
Debtors	6	1,685,039		1,802,297	
Cash at bank and in hand	·	519,785		518,839	
		2,308,818		2,419,969	
CREDITORS		2,000,010		2,,,,,,,	
Amounts falling due within one year	7	1,611,463		1,625,219	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	·		697,355		794,750
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
LIABILITIES			2,051,329		2,113,057
			2,001,029		2,115,057
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	8		856,149		1,045,268
NET ASSETS	Ü		1,195,180		1,067,789
THE TROOPERS			1,1>0,100		1,007,709
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			10		10
Other reserves			876,292		842,292
Retained earnings			318,878		225,487
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,195,180		1,067,789
VALIDATE I CITED			1,175,100		1,007,707

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 June 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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Balance Sheet - continued 30 June 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 29 March 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

P J McCarthy - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Saper Glass Industries Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements contain information about Saper Glass Industries Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 399(2A) of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents revenue due from construction contracts which is accounted for as noted under Construction contracts below.

Rental income is included in the accounts in the period in which it falls due.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery - 15% on reducing balance Fixtures and fittings - 15% on reducing balance Motor vehicles - 15% on reducing balance

INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

STOCKS

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Cash and cash equivalents

These comprise cash at bank and any short term highly liquid bank deposits with an original maturity of three month or less.

Debtors

Debtors do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in the Profit and Loss account when there is evidence that the asset is impaired.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

TAXATION

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

HIRE PURCHASE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception of the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest element. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line over the lease term.

Where they have entered into sale and leaseback transactions that results in a finance lease the sale and repurchase of the asset are not recognised in the accounts. Any difference between the sales price and the carrying amount received is amortised over the term of the lease. The related financing is accounted for as for finance leases above..

PENSION COSTS AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at he reporting end date. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract turnover, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred and contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred where it is probable that they will be recoverable.

The "percentage of completion method" is used to determine the appropriate amount to recognise in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by the proportion of contract costs incurred for the work performed to date compared to the estimated total contract costs. Costs incurred in the year in connection with future activity on a contract are excluded from contract costs in determining the stage of completion. These costs are presented as stocks, prepayments or other assets depending on their nature, and provided it is probable they will be recovered.

EQUITY INVESTMENTS

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 59 (2020 - 58).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc
TOOT	£
COST	
At 1 July 2020	1,487,724
Additions	81,128
At 30 June 2021	1,568,852
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 July 2020	1,038,710
Charge for year	<u>79,461</u>
At 30 June 2021	1,118,171
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 June 2021	450,681
At 30 June 2020	449,014

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

		Plant and machinery etc £
	COST At 1 July 2020 Additions Transfer to ownership At 30 June 2021 DEPRECIATION At 1 July 2020 Charge for year Transfer to ownership	296,630 13,750 (119,750) 190,630 147,267 14,071 (111,390)
	At 30 June 2021 NET BOOK VALUE At 30 June 2021 At 30 June 2020	49,948 140,682 149,363
5.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS	Shares in group undertakings £
	COST OR VALUATION At 1 July 2020 Revaluations At 30 June 2021 NET BOOK VALUE At 30 June 2021 At 30 June 2020	869,293 34,000 903,293 903,293 869,293
	Cost or valuation at 30 June 2021 is represented by: Valuation in 2021 Cost	Shares in group undertakings £ 903,292

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

The shares held in the subsidiary, which are in an unlisted investment, have been valued at he year end by the directors value at fair value in accordance with the company's accounting policy.

No deferred taxation has been provided on the fair value movement as any retained profits in the subsidiary would be paid to the company by way of dividend which would not incur a tax charge for the company.

6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.6.21	30.6.20
		£	${f t}$
	Trade debtors	770,292	473,624
	Other debtors	914,747	1,328,673
		1,685,039	1,802,297
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30.6.21	30.6.20
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	454,669	251,913
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 9)	45,423	45,575
	Trade creditors	770,473	892,704
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	140,118	192,688
	Taxation and social security	172,323	229,137
	Other creditors	28,457	13,202
		1,611,463	1,625,219
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		30.6.21	30.6.20
		£	£
	Bank loans	799,318	984,719
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 9)	56,831	60,549
		856,149	1,045,268
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal		<u>196,089</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

9. LEASING AGREEMENTS

10.

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

	Hire purchase contracts	
	30.6.21	30.6.20
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	45,423	45,575
Between one and five years	<u>56,831</u>	60,549
	102,254	106,124
	Non-cancellable	operating leases
	30.6.21	30.6.20
	£	£
Within one year	255,700	255,700
Between one and five years	60,247	315,947
	<u>315,947</u>	<u>571,647</u>
SECURED DEBTS		
The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
	30.6.21	30.6.20
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	269,269	236,632
Bank loans	984,718	1,000,000
Hire purchase contracts	102,254	106,124

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

The hire purchase contracts are secured against the assets concerned.

11. OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The company has a cross guarantee with Saper Longreach Limited, its subsidiary, to secure each others liabilities. At the year end, Saper Longreach Limited owed its bankers £1,159,329 (2020: £1,222,713).

1,356,241

1,342,756

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.